

Republic of Iraq  
Presidency of Council of Ministers  
National Investment Commission



# Iraq Investment Map 2015



[www.investpromo.gov.iq](http://www.investpromo.gov.iq)  
[info@investpromo.gov.iq](mailto:info@investpromo.gov.iq)

**Republic of Iraq  
Presidency of Council of Ministers  
National Investment Commission**



# **Investment Map of Iraq**

## **2015**



## **Dear investor:**

Investment opportunities found in Iraq today vary in terms of type, size, scope, sector, and purpose. the door is wide open for all investors who wish to hold investment projects in Iraq; projects that would meet the growing needs of the Iraqi population in different sectors.

Iraq is a country that brims with potential, it is characterized by its strategic location, at the center of world trade routes giving it a significant feature along with being a rich country where you can find great potentials and untapped natural resources which would certainly contribute in creating the decent living standards for people. Such features and characteristics creates favorable opportunities that will attract investors, suppliers, transporters, developers, producers, manufactures, and financiers, who will find a lot of means which are conducive to holding new projects, developing markets and boosting business relationships of mutual benefit.

In this map, we provide a detailed overview about Iraq, and an outline about each governorate including certain information on each sector. In addition, you will find a list of investment opportunities that was classified as per the available investment opportunities in each economic sector in each governorate. This updated map includes a number of investment opportunities that were presented by the concerned Ministries.

As we have published this document to serve your needs and requirements, we will certainly be pleased to receive any comments and suggestions you may raise, and we are gladly willing to cooperate with you to find constructive ways to attract investors who have the intention and willingness to participate in the process of economic renaissance in Iraq.

**With all due respect..**

**Dr. Sami Al-A'raji**  
**Chairman of the National Investment Commission**



**I hereby invite you to look at Iraq as one of the most important places where untapped investment opportunities are available in various fields and where Each sector has a crucial need for investment. Think about the great potentials and the markets of the neighboring countries. Moreover, think about our real desire to receive and welcome you in Iraq , we are more than ready to cooperate with you In order to overcome any obstacle we may face.**

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## Prelude

This document was prepared by the National Investment Commission (NIC) in the Republic of Iraq for the purpose of providing a detailed presentation about the available investment opportunities in Iraq at the level of Provinces and Governmental Ministries.

This document in addition to Investment Guide to Iraq, will help to provide details about investment, investment atmosphere in Iraq and main travelling information. For help or more information, do not hesitate to contact us on:

E-mail:	<a href="mailto:info@investpromo.gov.iq">info@investpromo.gov.iq</a>
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Or through

The NIC website:	<a href="http://www.investpromo.gov.iq">www.investpromo.gov.iq</a>
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## Are You Interested in Investing in Iraq?

For general information about investment opportunities in Iraq or about how to get an investment license, please visit the National Investment Commission's website on the internet at the following link:

[www.investpromo.gov.iq](http://www.investpromo.gov.iq)

For more information or to arrange for a visit to Iraq, please contact the National Investment Commission on one of the following e-mails:

Department	e-mail
National Investment Commission	<a href="mailto:info@investpromo.gov.iq">info@investpromo.gov.iq</a>
One-Stop Shop Department	<a href="mailto:oss@investpromo.gov.iq">oss@investpromo.gov.iq</a>
Economic Department	<a href="mailto:economic@investpromo.gov.iq">economic@investpromo.gov.iq</a>
Legal and Administrative Department	<a href="mailto:Legal.deptl@investpromo.gov.iq">Legal.deptl@investpromo.gov.iq</a>
Public Relations, Promotion and Media Department	<a href="mailto:p.r.nic@investpromo.gov.iq">p.r.nic@investpromo.gov.iq</a> <a href="mailto:promotion@investpromo.gov.iq">promotion@investpromo.gov.iq</a> <a href="mailto:media@investpromo.gov.iq">media@investpromo.gov.iq</a>
Province Coordination Section	<a href="mailto:cwp@investpromo.gov.iq">cwp@investpromo.gov.iq</a>
Technical Section	<a href="mailto:projects@investpromo.gov.iq">projects@investpromo.gov.iq</a>

Investment Commission of Kurdistan region	<a href="http://www.kurdistaninvestment.org">http://www.kurdistaninvestment.org</a>
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### Websites of Provincial Investment Commissions:

Commission	Website
Baghdad Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.baghdadic.gov.iq">http://www.baghdadic.gov.iq</a>
Diyala Investment Commission	<a href="http://invesdiyala.com">http://invesdiyala.com</a>
Saladin Investment Commission	<a href="http://investsalaaddin.org">http://investsalaaddin.org</a>
Kirkuk Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.investkirkuk.com">http://www.investkirkuk.com</a>
Nineveh Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.mosulinvestment.org">http://www.mosulinvestment.org</a>
Anbar Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.anbarinvest.net">http://www.anbarinvest.net</a>
Wasit Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.wasitic.gov.iq">http://www.wasitic.gov.iq</a>
Holy Karbala Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.krinves.com">http://www.krinves.com</a>
Babylon Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.bic.gob.iq">http://www.bic.gob.iq</a>
Holy Najaf Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.investnajaf.net">http://www.investnajaf.net</a>
Thi-Qar Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.thiqarinvest.gov.iq">http://www.thiqarinvest.gov.iq</a>
Maysan Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.misic.com">http://www.misic.com</a>
Muthanna Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.misic.org">http://www.misic.org</a>
Diwaniya Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.investdiw.gov.iq">http://www.investdiw.gov.iq</a>
Basra Investment Commission	<a href="http://www.investbasrah.com">http://www.investbasrah.com</a>

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## Why Invest in Iraq?

Iraq is characterized by having many factors that would attract capitals and investments, due to the availability of natural resources like oil, gas, lands, and human resources, as well as the large size of the Iraqi market and the geographic position which creates opportunities for production, import, and export. All this represents diversified attracting factors that reflect the diversity of investing opportunities in different economic sectors.

In the light of the change that the economic philosophy of Iraq has witnessed, the goals and the reasons included in the Investment Law (no. 13 for the year 2006, amended) have contributed to attracting foreign investment, due to the privileges and exemptions to these projects on the basis of the following:

- Acquiring lands and real-estates for the sole purpose of holding housing projects.
- Leasing lands and real-estates in order to establish investment projects with a lease term up to 50 years that can be renewed (depending on the project's size and type).
- Entering and taking out the capital allotted to the project as well as its profits and revenues in accordance with the provisions of the aforementioned law and Iraqi Central Bank regulations.
- Circulating shares and bonds in Iraqi Stock Market and acquiring membership in joint-stock companies.
- Creating investment portfolios in shares and bonds.
- Insuring projects with any Iraqi or foreign insurance company.
- Opening accounts in Iraqi or foreign currency or both in any bank inside or outside Iraq.
- Employing and hiring foreign labor in projects alongside local labor.
- Providing foreign investors and workers the right of residency in Iraq and facilitating the process of entering and leaving the country for them.
- Exempting the investment project from taxes for ten years starting from the commercial operation date, and extending this ten years period into fifteen years when the Iraqi investor's share exceeds 50%.
- Exempting the assets imported for projects from duties for three years starting from the date of granting the license (article 17/ first of the Investment Law no 13 for the year 2006). This article has been amended to provide more resilience in offering exemptions by making the following paragraph read as: (assets imported for the purposes of the investment project are exempted from taxes and custom duties, provided that they are brought into the country during the project's construction stages and before the commercial operation of each of the project's stages commences, according to the basic design of the project and its timeline).
- Granting hotels, tourism institutions, hospitals, health institutions, rehabilitation centers, and educational and scientific institutions additional exemptions from the duties paid on furniture and the material needed for modernization and renewal purposes at least once every four years.



- Covering strategic partnerships with public sector projects by the advantages of the Investment Law.
- Providing financial and administrative autonomy to the Iraqi Provincial Investment Commissions.

**Basic aims of development plans have become achievable, and the investment environment has turned stable because of:**

- Significant improvement in security levels
- Adopting an effective economic, monetary and financial, policy that led to create relative stability in inflation rates, which helped in turn to achieve high annual economic growth rates.
- The trend towards activating the private sector's role and expanding its participation in promoting investment and the economy, and opening doors for cooperation with the outside world.





## A Glance at Iraq's Geography

Iraq has a strategic and effective position in the world as it represents a crossroad for the different routes connecting the world continents and a land bridge leading to naval communication routes. Iraq is important on both international and commercial levels. The capital of Iraq is Baghdad. The country consists of eighteen Provinces, three of them, Al-Sulaimanyah, Erbil, and Duhok, constitute



Kurdistan Region, whereas Basra, Mosul, and Erbil are considered the principal Provinces due to the large areas and large number of population they enjoy. Iraq's main resources are oil, natural gas, sulfur, phosphates, iron, red mercury, kaolin clays, bauxite, limestone, gravel.

Geographically, Iraq can be divided into four main areas: the Western Area, the Southern Area, the Mountain Area, and the Sedimentary Plains Area. The area of the country is about (438,446) km<sup>2</sup>. The population of Iraq is about (36) million, most of them live in urban areas.

Iraq has two main rivers which are Tigris and Euphrates, whose lengths are (1850 km) and (2350 km). Both of these rivers rise in Turkey and converge in Al-Qurna City in Basra Province to form Shatt Al-Arab which in turn flows for another (185 km) before reaching The Arabian Gulf.

Iraq borders Turkey to the north, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Gulf to the south, Iran to the east, Syria and Jordan to the west.



## Land Borders

The total length of Iraqi borders is (3631) km distributed as follows: (1458) km with Iran, (181) km with Jordan, (242) km with Kuwait, (814) km with Saudi Arabia, (605) km with Syria, and (331) km with Turkey. On the other hand, the total length of maritime borders is (58) km\*.

## Lakes

There are many lakes in Iraq, the most prominent of them are:

Dowkan Lake, Al-Habaniya Lake, Al-Razaza Lake, Sawa Lake, Darbendekhan Lake, and Al-Najaf Lake.



## Dams

Dowkan Dam, Darbendekhan Dam, Al-Therthar Dam, Al-Habaniya Dam, Al-Faluja Dam, Al-Hindiya Dam, Mosul Dam, Duhouk Dam, Himreen Dam, Al-Kut Dam, Samaraa Dam, Qazanya Dam, Al-Itheim Dam, and Hadeetha Dam



## Rivers

The Tigris, The Euphrates, Diyala River, Al-Zab Al-Kabeer River, Al-Zab Al-Sagheer River, Shatt Al-Arab River, Al-Idhaim River




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### Iraq Geography

Source: Wikipedia, the free Encyclopedia

<http://ar.wikipedia.org>



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## Surface Classification

Iraq's surface can be classified into four main areas: the Western Plateau, the Mountainous Area, the Sedimentary Plain Area, and the Undulating Area.

### Mountains

Sinjar Mountain, Qaradagh Mountain, Himreen Mountain, Sanam Mountain, Al-Jabal Al-Abyadh, Kara Mountain, Qindeel Mountain, Helgord Mountain, Mateen Mountain, Korek Mountain



### Marshes

Al-Hamar Marsh, Al-Huweiza Marsh, Al-Jibayish Marsh, Al-Qurna Marsh.)



### Islands

Alus Island, Jibba Island, Um Al-Khanazeer Island, Um Al-Russas Island, Hijam Island, Um Al-Babi Island, Al-Sindbad Island.



## A Glance at Iraq's Economy

Iraq's economy has showed a good performance for the year 2012-2013-2014, since it varies in its natural, human, and spatial resources. In addition, it has a healthy economic structure. Given all that, it represents a very suitable environment for investments. The following economic, developmental, and social indications support such argument:

### Oil Sector

- Oil plays a vital role in the development of Iraq's economy as it contributes to GDP about 40% in fixed prices for the year 2013, and 44% in fixed prices for 2014, and about 46% in GDP for 2014 in oil sector and more than 90% of financial revenues.
- Oil sector has achieved a significant rise in production as the conducted researches showed that crude oil production had a noticeable rise during the year 2013- 2014 as it increased from (2,8) million bpd to (3) million bpd.
- Iraq has large potentials and competitive experience in sulfur-related industries. It also produces significant amounts of nitrogen fertilizers and phosphate as well as silica reserves.

**Table (1)**

#### Basic statistics related to oil sector for the year 2014

<b>Fixed Oil Reserves</b>	<b>144 Billion bpd</b>
<b>Fixed Gas Reserves</b>	98 trillion cubic feet (TCF)
<b>free Gas Reserves</b>	31 trillion cubic feet (TCF)
<b>Oil Production 2014</b>	3 million bpd
<b>Targeted Production 2020</b>	8 million bpd
<b>Oil exports 2014</b>	2,5 million bpd

\*source: Iraqi Ministry of Oil according to its letter no.899 on 26/3/2015



- **Foreign Exchange Indications**

The Central Bank and commercial banks have reported a noticeable increase in its foreign assets during 2008-2013, as it jumped from (68.084.967) million Dinars in 2008 to (97.492.510) million Dinars in 2012 to (112,787,829) million Dinars in 2013, whereas liabilities witnessed some fluctuation, amounting to (3,934,507) million Dinars in 2011, while estimated in 2013 with (3,679,416) million Dinars which reflects foreign assets sedate.

The following table shows foreign liabilities and assets for the period (2008-2013) in million Iraqi Dinars.

**Table (2)**

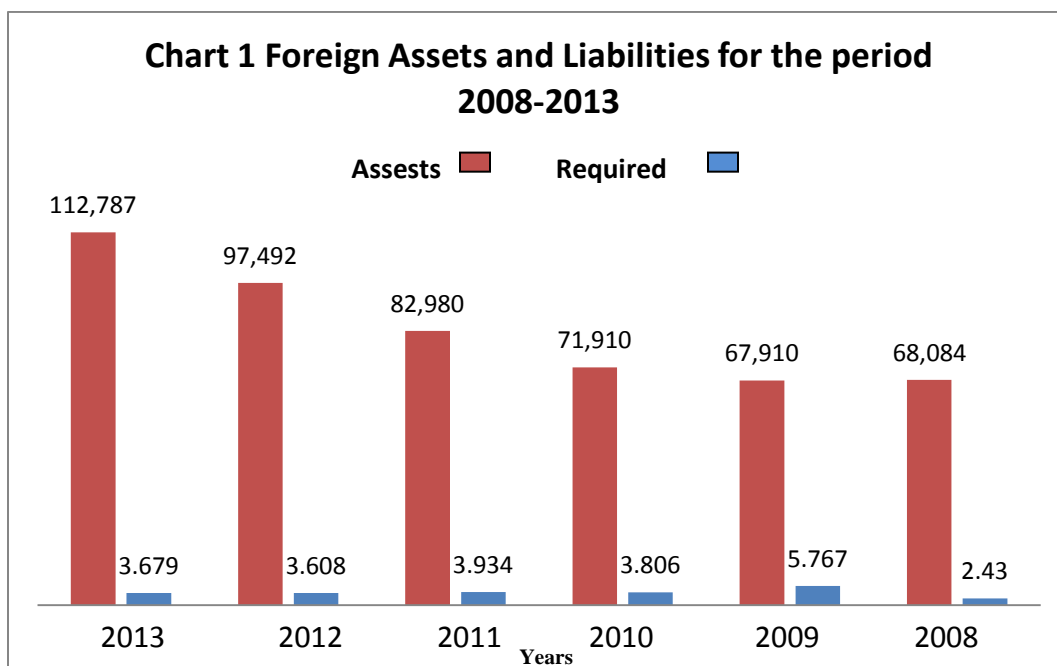
**Foreign Liabilities and Assets for the period (2008-2013)**

\* Iraqi Million Dinar

<b>Year</b>	<b>Total Foreign liabilities</b>	<b>Total Foreign Assets</b>
<b>2008</b>	<b>2.043.946</b>	<b>68.084.967</b>
<b>2009</b>	<b>5.767.829</b>	<b>67.910.770</b>
<b>2010</b>	<b>3.806.679</b>	<b>71.922.626</b>
<b>2011</b>	<b>3.934.507</b>	<b>82.980.261</b>
<b>2012</b>	<b>3.608.750</b>	<b>97.492.510</b>
<b>2013</b>	<b>3,679,416</b>	<b>112,787,829</b>

\*Source: Iraqi Central Bank – Annual Statistic Journal 2013





- **Financial Policy and Financial Deficit**

Public spending, in its two parts: current and investment, has expanded due to the wide range of building and construction projects undertaken by the government to compensate for years of wars and economic sanctions. This expansion was made possible by virtue of the vast increase in oil revenues, which contributed greatly to financing the state's Overall Balance and honoring Iraq's internal and foreign obligations. Many observers, including IMF, have indicated that the budget deficit has been lower than expected, and that the increase in oil revenues may gradually turn this deficit into a surplus, easing the burden on public finance.





Table (3)

## Public Budget for the period 2008-2013

\*Values in Million Dinar

Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Surplus
2008	80.252.182	59.403.375	20.848.807
2009	55.209.353	52.567.025	2.642.328
2010	70.178.223	70.134.201	44.022
2011	108.807.392	78.757.666	30.049.726
2012	119.817.224	105,139,576	14,677,648
2013	113,676,395	106,873,027	6,894,368

\*source: Iraqi Central Bank- Annual Statistic Journal 2014

-actual data for 2014 was not available



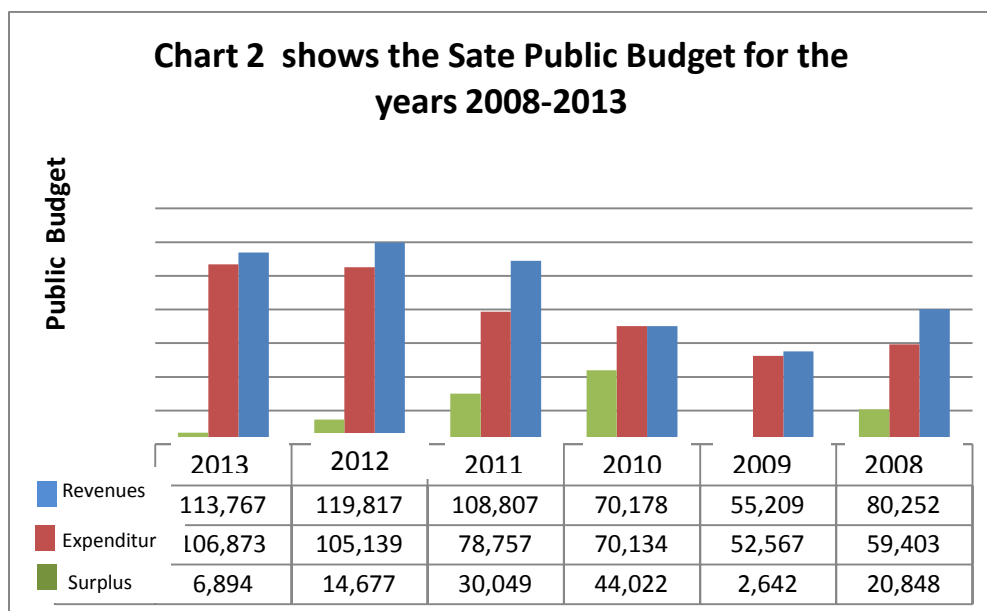


Table (4)

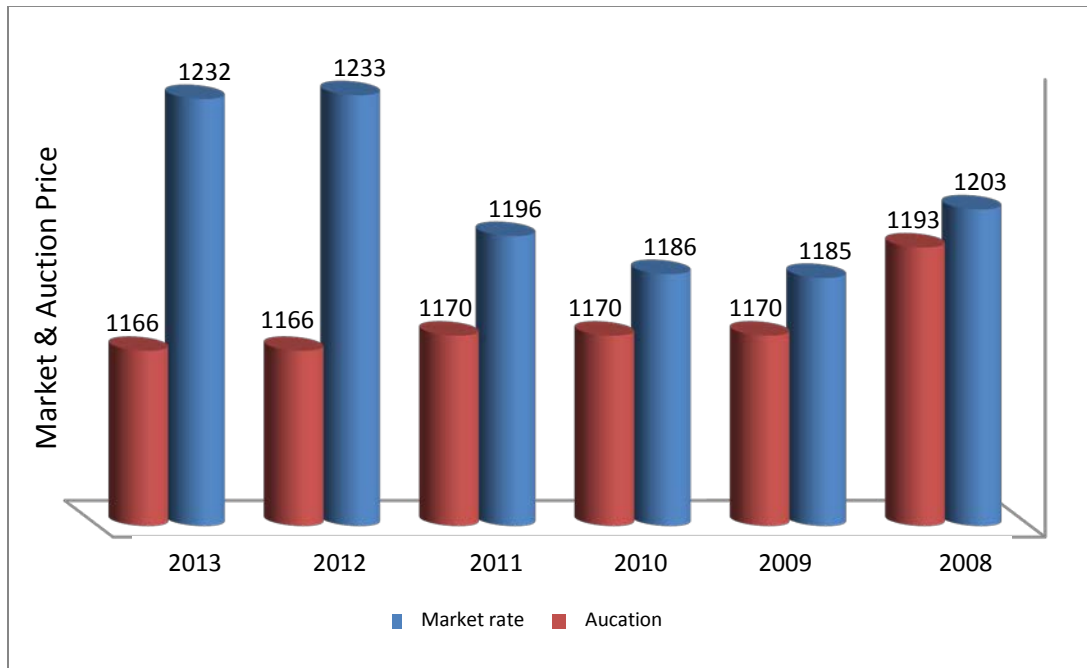
**US Dollar vs. Iraqi Dinar exchange rates averages for the period (2008-2013)**

**\* Values in Iraqi Dinar**

Year	Market rate	Auction rate
2008	1203	1193
2009	1185	1170
2010	1186	1170
2011	1196	1170
2012	1233	1166
2013	1232	1166



Chart 3 Iraqi Dinar vs US Dollar



- **Interest Rates**

Interest rates witnessed massive increase in the period (2005-2009), as it reached at some point 23%. Consequently, investment fields were minimized. In order to reverse this situation, the financial authority reduced this rate to 6% and later to 4%. Such a move will help expansion in the investment field, as it motivates investors to borrow money locally in order to expand their activities in the economic field, which promotes economic development and economic stability.

- **Inflation Rate**

Annual inflation rates passed 30% in 2007, but it decreased to 2.4% in 2010, only to rise again in 2011 and 2012 to 5% and 6% respectively. The rise concentrated in the prices of food, commodities, and rents, which raised consumer prices record. While in 2013 the inflation rate has reached (1.9%) compared to its value in 2012 as this increasement focused on prices of clothes, housing, health and education. In 2014 it reached 2.2% the increase was in transportation, clothes, housing and education.



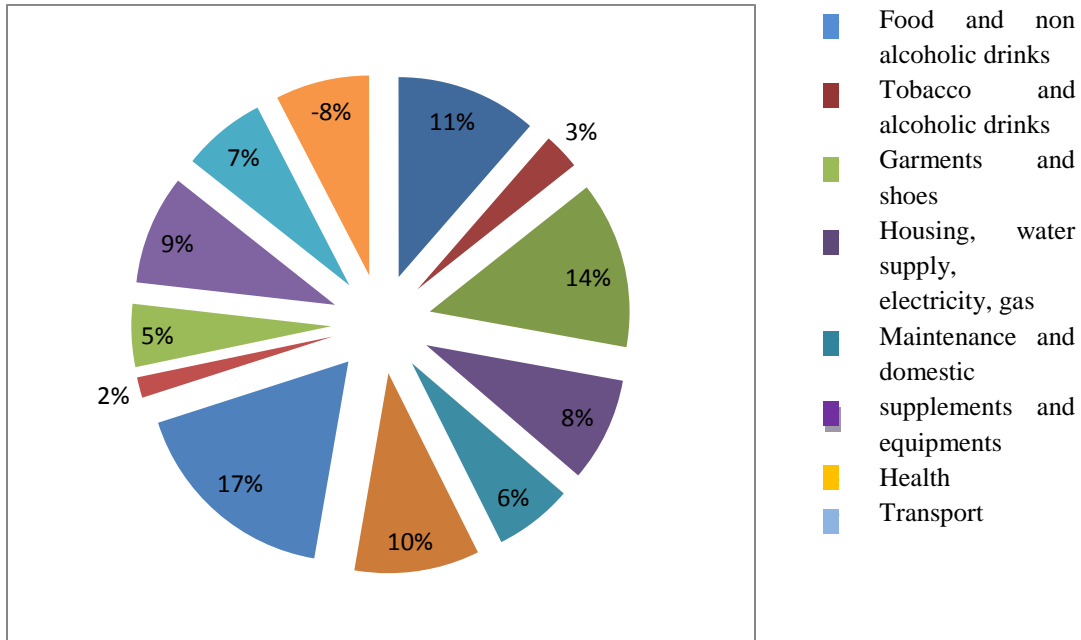
**Table (5)**  
**The Inflation Rate for the period 2013-2014**

\* Values in Iraqi Dinar

No	Total of Main Goods and materials	2013	2014	Change rate %
1	Non-alcoholic Food and Drinks	148	152	2,7
2	Alcoholic drinks and Tobacco	134,7	135,6	0.7
3	Clothes and Shoes	144,8	149,4	3,2
4	Housing, Water,Electricity and Gas	159,3	162,5	2.0
5	Supplies, Household Equipment and Maintenance	121,4	123,2	1,5
6	Health	164,6	168,6	2,4
7	Transportation	106,0	110,3	4.1
8	Communication	76,7	77.0	0.4
9	Entertainment and Culture	104,1	105,3	1.2
10	Education	174,0	176,6	2.1
11	Restaurants	148,1	150,5	1,6
12	Goods and various services	151,5	148,8	- 1,8
General Record number		142,7	145,9	2.2



**chart 4 Propotion of Commidity Groups Goods to Inflation Rate  
for the year 2013-2014**



- **Demographic Trends and Economic prosperity**

According to the latest estimation (done by the Central Organization for Statistics and Information Technology in the Ministry of Planning of 2014) Iraq population is about 36 million, with an annual average growth of 2.6%. Hence, Iraq is considered a large, promising, investment-supporting market, especially when we consider the fact that per capita income has increased significantly to reach 5500\$, creating higher demand for different types of commodities, goods, and services, and this in turn will lead to more growth and diversity in the structure and trends of investment activities in Iraq.

- Major sectors are: oil and gas, , housing and infrastructure, transport, health, industry, agriculture, communication, services, education, and tourism.
- Major agricultural products are: wheat, barley, rice, vegetables, dates, and cotton.





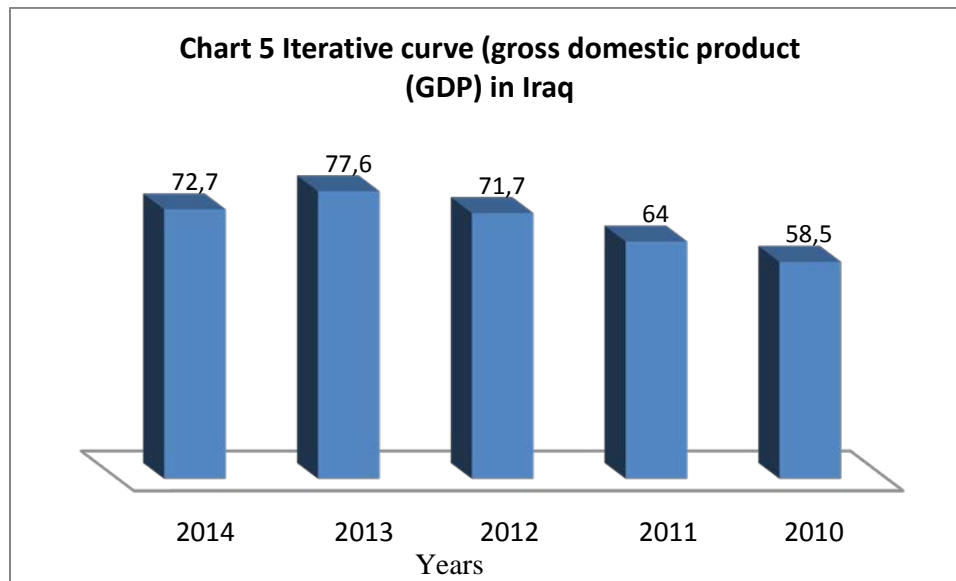
**Table (6)**

**The country's GDP in fixed prices for the year 1988 and according to activities and sectors for the years 2010-2014\***

**\*Values are in billion Dinar**

Code	Activities	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
1	Agriculture, forests and hunting	4.7	4.7	5.14.9	5.0	5.1
2	Mining and queries	24.3	27.3	30.7	31.7	32
1-2	Crude oil	24.1	27.1	30.6	31.6	31.8
2-2	Other types of Mining	0.2	0.2	0.172	0.176	0.220
3	Transformation industry	1.7	1.7	2.1	1.9	2.3
4	Electricity and water	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.9
5	Building and construction	2.8	3.6	4.1	5.8	4.1
6	Transport, communication and storage	1.5	1.5	1.9	4	1.9
7	Whole-sale and Retail trade, hotels and the like	3.9	4.2	5.5	5.8	4.7
8	Money, insurance, and real estate services	7.9	8.4	8.7	8.8	9.4
1-8	Banks and insurance	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.8
2-8	Houses ownership	7.1	7.3	7.3	7.5	7.7
9	Social and personal development services	10.9	11.8	12.5	13.3	11.7
1-9	Public Governmental Services	10.2	11.0	11.3	12.00	10.5
2-9	Personal services	0.7	0.7	1	1.2	1.1
<b>Totals</b>		<b>58.5</b>	<b>64.0</b>	<b>71.7</b>	<b>77.6</b>	<b>72.7</b>

\*According to Ministry of Planning's Data/Economic Report 2014.



## Banking sector

Over the past decades, banks owned by the state in Iraq conquered the whole banking sector activities in contrast to noticeable shrink of the private sector in this field. Non-banking financial institutions were remarked for their weak performance.

To cope with the aforementioned and under the political and economic changes in Iraq after 2003, the government attempted to carry out vast and vary reformations in the various economic/ financial and banking fields. The latter included the reformation of the banking sector, its tools and mechanisms and in accordance with various

views, so as to get rid of the various restrictions and obstacles. This has been through the revision of the codes and bylaws led by the aim of concentrating on competition and opening the local financial market to the international markets, as this openness insures the enhancement and development of the banking system to face the elements and factors of competition and risk, in addition to the technological development and big advancement achieved in the communication and information systems. This development has led to the reduction of the cost of the financial procedures over the borders, the enhancement of processing data and accountancy systems, and reflected, eventually as benefits, whether for the banks or their customers.

The structure of the banking system in Iraq varies between governmental and commercial private banks. Governmental banks in Iraq mounted to (7) specialized banks (Al-Rafidain bank, Rasheed bank, Cooperative agricultural bank, Industrial bank, Estate bank, Trade Bank of Iraqi and Islamic Al Nahrain bank), while the commercial private banks amounted to (46) banks.



## Iraqi Stock Exchange Market



This market is regarded as one of the institutions which support investment and contributes to the achievement of stable and sustainable economic development in Iraq. It contributes to the strengthening of the investment structure and encourages the process of making capitals through assisting companies to build up the required capitals for investment and what support the interests of investors, elevates competition level through a free safe market characterized with transparency. This market has succeeded in gaining the membership of Arab Stock Markets 2006; the European Asian Union of Stock Markets 2005, and it exerts its efforts to gain the membership of the International Union of Stock Markets.

Investment law, Chapter three, Article 11, Advantages and Warrants, stipulates that foreign investor has the right to circulate at the Iraqi Stock Market by shares and bonds listed in it and to form investment portfolios.



**Table no. (7)**  
**Number of companies listed in the Iraqi Stock Market**

Year	Companies' no.
2008	94
2009	91
2010	85
2011	86
2012	84
2013	83

\*Iraqi Securities Commission/Annual report 2014

- Circulation volume has reached approximately (301) b. Iraqi Dinar in 2008, (411) b. Dinar in 2009, (400) b. in 2010, (941) b. in 2011, (894) b. in 2012 and (2,845) b. in 2013 while it was (901) b in 2014 with decrease of 68% compared to 2013.
- Market value of the companies listed at the Iraqi stock Market amounted to approximately (11,451) Iraqi Dinar by the end of 2013, with an increase percentage of 115% compared to 2012 while it was (9546) b with a decrease of 6.16% compared to 2013. .
- Circulation volume has amounted to approximately (2,845) b. Iraqi Dinar in 2013, with an increase percentage of 217% compared to the previous year.
- Number of the circulated stocks amounted to (875) b. in 2013 with an increase percentage of 39% compared to the previous year while it was (746) b with a decrease of 14% compared to 2013.

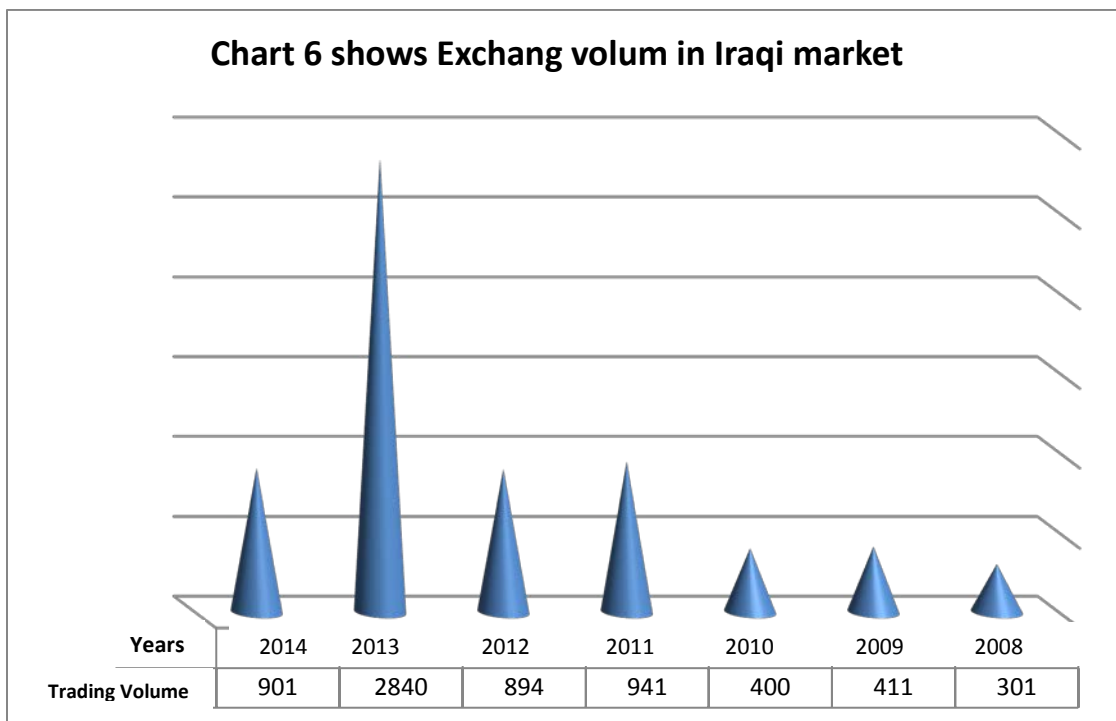
**Table (8)**  
**Trading volume in Iraqi Stock Exchange Market**

\*Values in Billion Dinar

Year	Circulation Volume
2008	301
2009	411
2010	400
2011	941
2012	894
2013	2840







### Population and Manpower

- Inhabitant growth has kept a percentage which achieved stability at almost 2.6% annually, according to the available statistics until 2014.
- Age category of less than 15 years old has decreased from 41% in 2009 to 40% in 2012, while the category of 15- 64 years of age increased from 56% in 2009 to 56.9 in 2012. This means the increase of the pushing power in economy.
- **Youth percentage, 15- 24 years of age (internationally recognized)** has mounted to 20% in 2009, increased to 20.2% in 2013. **This requires developing policies aiming at enhancing learning and job opportunities for the youth.**
- The increase of the population percentage in the urban areas to mount to 69%, while country inhabitants' percentage has been only 31% for 2014.



Table (9)

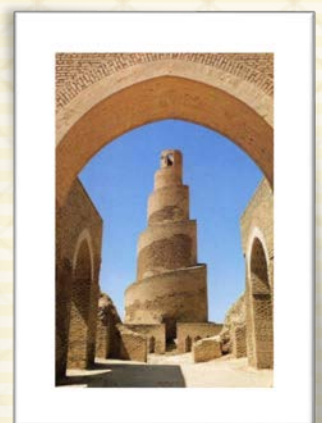
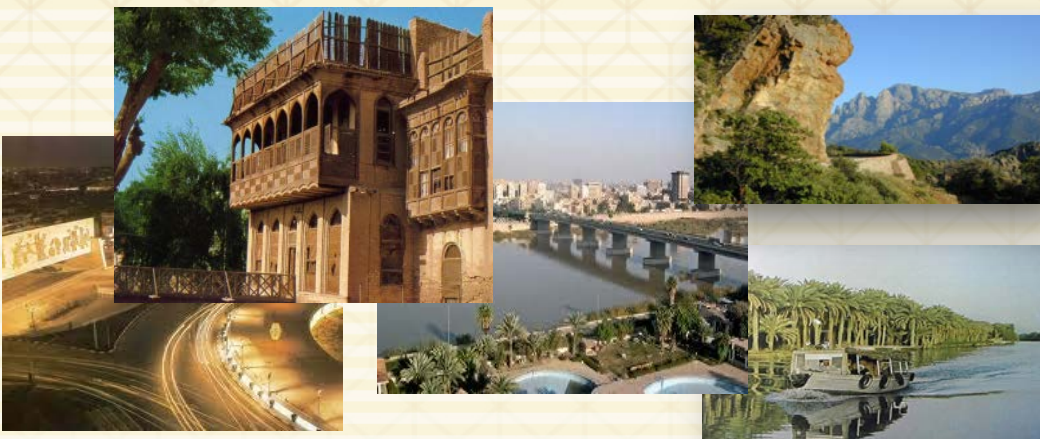
## Number of Iraq's population for the year 2014

Province	Urban			Countryside			Total		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
Nineveh	1026163	1142704	2168867	610853	744627	1355481	1637016	1887332	3524348
Kirkuk	657535	432983	1090518	111824	306512	418336	769359	739495	1508854
Diyala	403084	351642	754726	394080	399687	793767	797163	751329	1548493
Anbar	410739	414428	825167	455107	395332	850438	865846	809760	1675606
Baghdad	3346062	3362791	6708853	539703	416736	956439	3885765	3779527	7665292
Babylon	437391	499824	937215	543031	472938	1015969	980422	972762	1953184
Karbala	415912	357594	773506	184412	193234	377646	600324	550828	1151152
Wassit	383424	381568	764992	276087	262059	538146	659511	643626	1303137
Saladin	353026	326020	679045	419988	410120	830108	773013	736140	1509153
Holy Najaf	501731	494920	996651	202338	190560	392898	704069	685480	1389549
Al-Qadisiyah	382933	315453	698385	259774	262174	521948	642706	577627	1220333
Muthana	190787	152212	342999	212390	215087	427476	403177	367299	770476
Thi-Qar	667162	592859	1260022	361950	357589	719539	1029113	950449	1979561
Maysan	384188	383018	767206	138226	145148	283374	522414	528166	1050580
Basra	1099962	1108391	2208352	275422	260984	536406	1375384	1369375	2744758
Erbil	673943	789389	1463333	217059	69523	286582	891002	858913	1749915
Duhok	539448	363390	902838	205591	111966	317557	745040	475356	1220396
Sulaimaniyah	888753	851743	1740496	148932	150339	299271	1037686	1002082	2039767
Total	12762242	12320929	25083171	5556766	5364615	10921381	18319008	17685544	36004552



## Provincial Profiles

- Province of Baghdad (the Capital)	<a href="mailto:onestopshop@baghdadic.gov.iq">onestopshop@baghdadic.gov.iq</a>
- Province of Diyala	<a href="mailto:diyalainv@gmail.com">diyalainv@gmail.com</a>
- Province of Saladin	<a href="mailto:sinvestc@yahoo.com">sinvestc@yahoo.com</a>
- Province of Kirkuk	<a href="mailto:info@investkirkuk.com">info@investkirkuk.com</a>
- Province of Nineveh	<a href="mailto:nic@mosulinvestment.org">nic@mosulinvestment.org</a>
- Province of Irbil	
- Province of Duhok	
- Province of Sulaymaniyah	
- Province of Anbar	<a href="mailto:anbarinvestment@yahoo.com">anbarinvestment@yahoo.com</a>
- Province of Wasit	<a href="mailto:wasitinvest@yahoo.com">wasitinvest@yahoo.com</a>
- Province of Babylon	<a href="mailto:info@bic.gov.iq">info@bic.gov.iq</a>
- Province of Holy Karbala	<a href="mailto:info@krinves.com">info@krinves.com</a>
- Province of Holy Najaf	<a href="mailto:inv.najaf@gmail.com">inv.najaf@gmail.com</a>
- Province of Muthanna	<a href="mailto:samawa_investdiw@yahoo.com">samawa_investdiw@yahoo.com</a>
- Province of Diwaniyah	<a href="mailto:info@investdiw.gov.iq">info@investdiw.gov.iq</a>
- Province of Thi Qar	<a href="mailto:thiqarinvest@yahoo.com">thiqarinvest@yahoo.com</a>
- Province of Maysan	<a href="mailto:inv.maysan2008@yahoo.com">inv.maysan2008@yahoo.com</a>
- Province of Basra	<a href="mailto:ossb@investbasrah.com">ossb@investbasrah.com</a>





## Province of Baghdad

### Historical Background

Province of Baghdad is the capital of the Republic of Iraq. It is situated on the Tigris River. It is the biggest city in Iraq; the second biggest city in the Arab world after Cairo, and the second biggest city in Western Asia, after Tehran, the capital of the Islamic Republic of Iran. Baghdad is an important point as roads, air, and trains cross at it. It is regarded as the economic, administrative, commercial and educational center and GOI headquarter



Baghdad has been the most important center of the various sciences in the world. It had been the meeting spot of scholars and learners for many centuries. Baghdad has several names, such as, Al-Mudawarra (the Circular), Al-Zawra (the Deviated), and Dar Ul-Salam (House of Peace). Tigris River passes through the city, dividing it into two halves: Karkh (Western part) and Rusafa (Eastern part).

Baghdad has a lot of historical and civilization sites, most important of which is Al-Mustansiriyah School, ancient Islamic mosques, ancient palaces, and the National Museum which embraces the most important Mesopotamian civilization.

- **Area:** Baghdad has the area of 4.555 km<sup>2</sup>.

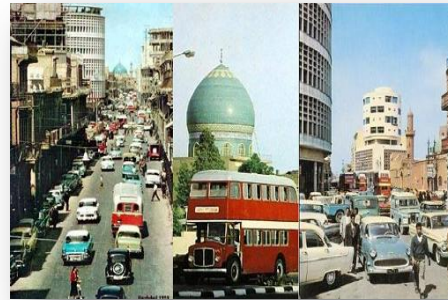
- **Population**

Inhabitants of Baghdad are approximately (7.665.292), seven million and six hundred sixty five thousand, two hundred ninety two persons according to 2014 statistics. Almost 83% of the inhabitants of the capital are concentrated in the City of Baghdad itself, while 17% of them reside in its countryside and outskirts as Baghdad is the biggest city in Iraq and the second in area in Asia. These data shows that the density within the municipal boundaries of the city is extremely high. This high density requires more and more housing complexes and other various economic activities.



- **Main cities**

Rusafa District, Karkh District, Kadhimiyah District, A'adhamiyah District, Al-Sadr District (1), Al-Sadr District (2), Madaien District, Abu Ghraib District, Mahmoudiyah District, Taji District, Tarmiyah District.



- **Bridges in Baghdad:**

Muthanna Bridge, Aa'ima Bridge, 14<sup>th</sup> of Ramadhan Bridge, Iron Bridge, Bab Al-Muadham Bridge, Shuhada Bridge, Ahrar Bridge, Sinak Bridge, Jumhuria Bridge, 14<sup>th</sup> of July Bridge, Jadria Bridge, Hasanain Bridge, Dora Bridge.



- **Main activities**

The most important activities at the Province of Baghdad are concentrated in the following fields:

Oil refining, light industries, financial services, food manufacturing, tobacco, furniture, printing, construction, chemical and plastic material production, and electric devices.





## Economy at a Glance

The capital Baghdad is regarded the center of the main and commercial activities. The main important oil industries are concentrated in it. Among these industries is Eastern Baghdad oil field which includes the biggest fixed reservations, in addition to many innovated and traditional industries among which are leather, textile, cement, and tobacco industries.

Baghdad, as well, is a vital and crucial center of financial and banking exchanges through its financial and banking sector (state and private). The most important specialized universities, schools, specialized institutes, state and private hospitals are located at it, in addition to a wide net of roads, international and local transport lines.

### • Infrastructures

- There is a wide net of main roads and highways which link the capital to its south, north, east, and west. Among the most important of these is the international highway which links Baghdad to the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, in addition to the international way which links Basra to Turkey through Zakho in the north and passes through Baghdad, the capital.
- There are a number of important railway lines which link north Iraq to its south. There is, for instance, (Baghdad- Mosul) and (Baghdad- Basra) railways.
- There is also one of the most important airports (Baghdad International Airport), which is located at the western part of Baghdad, 16 km away from the center of the city. In addition, there is a net of land roads which link Baghdad, the capital, to the international lines, such as, Jordan, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Iran, Turkey, and Syria.

### • Education

Baghdad has four state Universities, Baghdad University (est. 1957), Mustansiriyah University (est. 1963), Technology University (est. 1974), and Nahrain University (est. 1980). There is also the Technical Institutes Foundation (est. 1969) which turned to be (Technical Teaching Commission) in 2001. There are many private Universities and Colleges all over the city, in addition, there are almost 2396 primary school and 300 kindergarten, more than 1336 secondary school, and a number of technical and training institutes.

### • Health:

Baghdad has 47 state hospital and 37 private one in addition to several health centers.



- **Tourist sites**

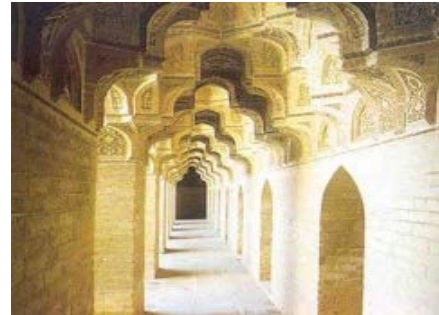
Baghdad has many museums, most important of which are the National Iraqi Museum which exhibit the antique treasures of Mesopotamia Civilization, Baghdadi Museum for Folklore Arts. It has numerous mosques, religious shrines, churches, and cathedrals.

1. **Mustansiriyah School:** This had been the most important university in the Islamic world during the Abbasid era. It had gained a wide reputation in teaching Arabic language; Theology, Astronomy, Mathematics, Medicine, Pharmacology, as well as it had its own university hospital to train its students.



Historically speaking, Mustansiriyah School had been famous for its watch which had been functioning astronomically; in addition to pointing time, it depicted locations of sun and moon at any time.

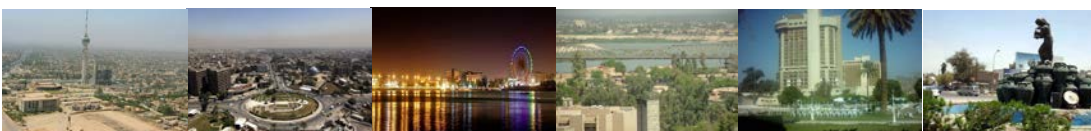
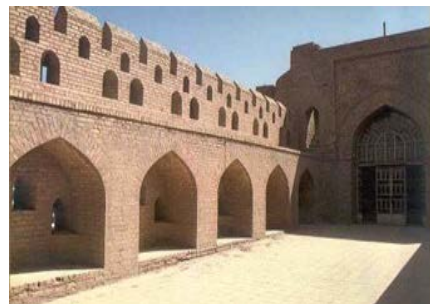
2. **Abbasid Palace:** One of the important buildings in Baghdad traced back to the second Abbasid era. It is situated near Bab Al-Mua'dham, on the River bank. Historians assign its building to the Caliph Al-Nasir Li Deen Illah (575- 623 A. H./ 1179- 1225 A. D.).



3. **Murjaniyah School:** Murjaniyah School which is known today as Murjan Mosque is situated at Shorja quarter, Rasheed street. It was named so after Ameen Al-Deen Murjan who built it in 758 A. H./ 1357 A. D., i. e., almost a hundred year after the Abbasid era. In its early stages, it had been similar to the Mustansiriyah School, as it had classrooms and a dormitory department.



4. **Baghdad fence and its gates:** It is one of the most striking features of Baghdad. Its walls were built circularly; its four gates deviated with 90 degrees for defensive purposes. Administrative and religious buildings were at the city center so as people may reach them easily.



5. **Aqarquf:** This is an important historical city. It is one of the cities which were built according to Sumerian - Babylonian architectural concepts. It is situated on 30 km west northwards of the city center. Its building age traces back to the 15<sup>th</sup> century B. C. according to an order by the King Qurikalzo the first after whom it had been named.



Aqarquf was built on a prolonged scheme on natural limestone. The city took its water from a branch of the River Euphrates (Baiti Inleel), i. e., God Canal, according to the Babylonian naming. People dedicated for this God the city biggest temple. It is the creative God and God of air.

The most immanent thing one can see is the city Ziggurat, as it elevates to 57m above the plain surrounds it while the base was rectangular.

6. **Madaien:** This is one of the important historical cities the ruins of which erect on the eastern bank of the river Tigris, 30 km southwards the center of Baghdad. It was built during the 2<sup>nd</sup> century BC. Its most prominent features are its high arch, a part of a huge palace on the River Tigris. Its building time goes back to the middle of the 3<sup>rd</sup> century A. D. This Arch is the biggest and highest brick built Arch all over the world.



Its building design had been developed from genuine Iraqi style of architecture. Iwan (Hall) idea was developed from the ancient Iraqi buildings. Cities' entrances frontages and some Assyrian palaces provide clear order of the development of the idea of Iwan.



## Province of Diyala

### Historical Background

Ba'quba is the center of the Province of Diyala. All over the Province there are ancient buildings and historical sites which are considered as tourist sites. Most prominent of these sites are Prophet Danial Shrine, Tel Asmer, Tel Abu Uthaina, Tel Shihab, Zindan, the Abbasid Dam on the river Al-Uthaim, ancient Saray of Ba'quba, and the River of Wend). The Province is characterized for its historical hills which are traced back to the 5<sup>th</sup> century B. C.



### Location

Province of Diyala is situated in the northern eastern part of Iraq, between the longitudes (34- 36) and the altitudes (44- 46). The center of the Province is the city of Ba'quba, 56 km north east of Baghdad. It is boarded by the Provinces of Baghdad, Saladin, westwards, Sulaimaniyah to the north, Wasit and the Islamic Republic of Iran to the east. The main paved roads which link Baghdad to Tehran, Baghdad- Kirkuk, Sulaymaniyah and Irbil pass through the Province.

### Area

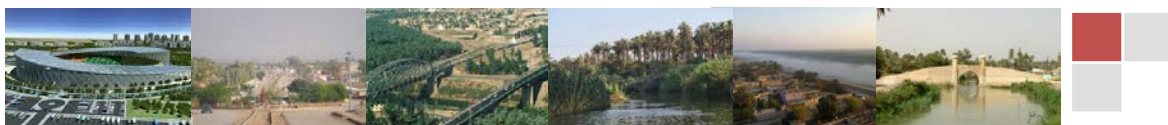
The area of the Province of Diyala is (17.685) km<sup>2</sup> which represents 4% of the total area of Iraq.

### Population

Population of the province is (1.548.493) person.

### Main cities:

- Ba'quba District
- Baladrouz District
- Khalis District
- Mouqdadiyah District
- Khanaqeen District
- Kifri District





### Economy at a Glance

The economic activities at the Province are concentrated in agriculture because of being situated on two main sources of water, Diyala River (a main affluent of Tigris River) and Uthaim River. A large number of the manpower is employed in agriculture. Orange is widely grown in its orchards. Date palm trees are concentrated around Mouqdadiyah and run north towards Kifri. Olive, wheat, barley, and dates planting are common. The Province is also famous for cattle breeding, poultry, honey heaves, and fisheries.

The best part of its land is characterized by being fertile and plain, beautified by the mountains of Himreen and Zagros, the two lakes of Himreen and Uthaim, the orchards of date palms, fruits, farms of vegetables, grains, and dozens of factories.

### Education:

The Province has only one University, University of Diyala and two private collages, Al Yarmook and Mesopotamia collages. There are more than 911 primary school in Diyala; 44 kindergarten, more than 480 secondary school; 10 institutes for Teachers' Qualifying, and many technical institutes.

### Health:

Diyala has 12 hospital and 96 medical center.



## Province of Saladin

### Historical Background

Saladin is one of the Iraqi historical Provinces. Its center is Tikrit. It is essentially linked to the wake of civilization, almost 4,000 years ago. Its history has continued to be present during all the historical ages of ancient Iraq until the pre-Islamic era. The province has been named after Saladin Al-Ayoubi.



The Province is famous for the shrines of the Imams Al-'Askariyain (PBUT) (Imam Ali Al- Hadi and Imam Al- Hasan Al-'Askari 'PBUT') in Samara, Al-Malwiyah minaret, (Abbasid mosque), Ashiq Palace, Abbasid Caliph Palace, mosque of Abi Dulaf, the historical city of Ashour at Shirqat on the River Tigris, and overlooks, northwards, on a wide plain at the end of which is the present city of Shirqat, Tikrit fence, Nun monastery, and a number of the churches on both banks of Tigris at the city of Tikrit, and the Seeniyah Dome, northward the present city of Samara, near Ashiq Palace and the shrine of Saeed Mohamed, Son of Imam Ali Al- Hadi at the city of Balad, one of the important religious sites in the province.

### Location

Province of Saladin is situated northwards Baghdad, the capital, and almost 165 km away from it. It is bordered by the Provinces of Nineveh and Irbil from the north, Kirkuk and Sulaimaniyah to the east, Diyala and Baghdad to the south and Anbar to the west. Saladin has a vital geographical location being the knot of transportation between the northern and southern Provinces.

### Area

The area of the Province of Saladin is 25,807 km<sup>2</sup>.

### Population

Population of the Province is (1,509,153) person.





**Main cities:**

- Tikrit District
- Dour District
- Samara District
- Balad District
- Peigi District
- Tuz District
- Dijail District

**Main activities**

Cattle breeding, agriculture, oil refinery, animal feed, drug industry.

**Infrastructures**

One of the main roads that lead to the north passes through the province of Saladin. In addition, there are roads which link it to Kirkuk to the east, and Haditha and Qaim to the west. Baghdad- Mosul railway passes through the city of Tikrit, too.

**Education:**

The Province has only one University, (University of Tikrit), more than 1199 primary school, 42 kindergarten, more than 527 secondary school, 11 Teachers' Qualifying Institute and many vocational institutes and schools

**Health foundations**

Province of Saladin has 12 hospital and almost 98 medical center.



## Tourism

**City of Samara:** The ruins of the city of Samara run on the eastern bank of the River Tigris for 35 km, from Samara to the south: The Grand Mosque, Malwiyah, and Ashiq Palace. To the north of Malwiyah, there are the house of the Caliph, Equestrian arena, Abu Dulaf Mosque, Mutawakkiliah, and Rasasi River.



## Province of Kirkuk

### Historical Background

Kirkuk is an ancient city. It is 250 km north of Baghdad. It was built, firstly, as a castle on a circular four cornered hill. It includes the areas among Zagros Mountain, the rivers of minor Zab and Tigris, and Himreen Mountain series. History of Kirkuk City goes back to 1.600 years B. C.

Kirkuk is famous for the shrines, mosques and the ruins of some buildings and antiques it has which can be traced back to the beginnings of the third millennium B. C., i. e. the early beginnings of the historical eras, in addition to its geographical and commercial location.



### Location

Province of Kirkuk is situated at an important geographical area within the part which links north Iraq to its middle. It is surrounded by the Provinces of Sulaimaiyah, Irbil, Nineveh, Saladin, and Diyala.

### Area

The area of the Province of Kirkuk is 9.679 km<sup>2</sup>, 2.2% of the total area of Iraq.

### Population

Inhabitants of the Province are (1.508.854).

### Main cities:

- Kirkuk District
- Hawijah District
- Daquq District
- Dibs District



### Main activities

- Crude Oil
- Cement
- Agriculture

### Infrastructures

Province of Kirkuk is characterized by the many main roads which link it to the neighboring provinces. It is located on the main road linking the capital with the north.

The strategic location of the province which links the north to the middle has made the city a crossway for roads and railways linking it to the capital, Baghdad.

### Education:

The Province of Kirkuk has only one University, (University of Kirkuk), more than 1121 primary school, 77 kindergartens, more than 461 secondary school, and many vocational institutes and schools.

### Health

Province of Kirkuk has 9 hospitals and more than 114 medical center.

### Tourism

**Castle of Kirkuk:** This is one of the ancient sites at the Province. Its height is 140m with an oval shape, it has historical churches in addition to palaces from the Ottomans era.



## Province of Nineveh

### Historical Background

City of Nineveh has an ancient history which goes back to the fifth millennium B. C. This city is regarded as one of the most historically important cities in Iraq as it had been the capital of the Assyrian Empire during its widest expansion. In it the first library was established. This Province, with Mosul being its center is the second biggest city in Iraq, after the capital, Baghdad, regarding its area.



### Location

Nineveh Province is situated in the northern western part of Iraq, (402 km) from Baghdad.

### Area

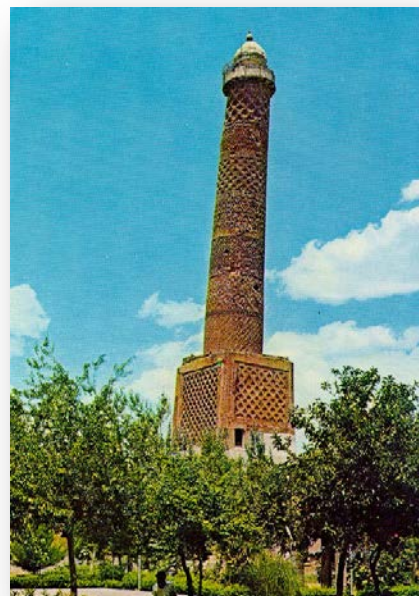
The area of the Province of Nineveh is (36.515 km<sup>2</sup>).

### Population

Inhabitants of the Province are (3.524.348).

### Main cities

- Mosul District
- Hamdaniyah District
- Sinjar District
- Tilkef District
- Ba'aj District
- Tella'fer District
- Sheikhan District
- Hatra District
- Makhmour District



Al-Hadba'a Tower





## Main activities

Agriculture, oil, asphalt, textile, sugar, dairy products, and cement.

## Infrastructures

Mosul represents the crossways center in the north of Iraq. Both the main road from Baghdad to Turkey and the railway line pass through it. It also has an international airport, a number of bridges on the River Tigris which links east to west banks.

## Education:

The Province has only one University, (University of Mosul), more than (1802) primary school, 114 kindergartens, more than (647) secondary school, 10 Teachers' Qualifying Institutes, (43) library and many vocational institutes and schools.

## Health

Nineveh has 17 hospital and 156 health center.

## Tourist sites

There are a lot of tourists sites in Nineveh among which are the Mosque of Prophet Yunus, Mosque of Khidhr, Hadba Minaret, Noumroud, and Bashtabiyah Castle. The city is famous for its tourist woods, Mosul Dam, in addition to many worship places and religious shrines which is related to many Prophets and priests.

**Dam of Mosul:** It is located on the River Tigris, approximately 60 km to the north of Mosul. It had been accomplished in 1986. Its length is approximately 75 km from the Dam site to the Iraqi- Turkish borderline. The area of its lake is almost 220 km<sup>2</sup>. A tourist city was established by it. It contains several tourist facilities and apartments.





## Province of Irbil

### Historical Background

Arbeel or Irbil is the capital of Iraq's Kurdistan. It is the fourth city in Iraq regarding area after Baghdad, Basra, and Mosul. It is 360 km from Baghdad. Mosul city is westwards of Irbil, almost 80 km away from it. It is 112 km away from Sulaimaniyah.



### Area and climate

The area of Irbil is (13.165) km<sup>2</sup>. The province occurs within the steppe area which has transitional climate between that of the Mediterranean and the desert climate. It is characterized for its sever cold and drop of humidity average. Irbil is regarded as one of the historically important cities throughout ages and an important effective cultural and civilization center in Kurdistan of Iraq. Its naming refer back to the Assyrian age when it was given the name of (Arba-Ilo), i. e. the four Gods. This is a metonymy of the important Assyrian temples at Irbil.

### Population

The number of the inhabitants of Irbil is 1.749.915 person

### Main cities

Province of Irbil constitutes of a number of main districts, these are: Irbil District, Rawandouz District, Soran District, Khabat District, Plain of Irbil District, Shaqlawa District.

### Infrastructures

Irbil is the capital of Kurdistan Reign and a commercial center. It has a land strategic line which links it to Iran and the border center of Choman for commercial exchange. The province has three round streets, street 60, street 90, and street 120. It has Irbil International Airport as well.



## Education

The Province has a number of primary and secondary schools among which is the international school of Shwaifat, and many state universities, colleges and institutes in addition to the private ones. The most important state Universities include Hawler medical university, Saladin University, and Kurdistan University. Among the private institutions are Dijlah College University, Jihan College University, the Lebanese-French University for Business Management, and Ishq Medical College.

## Health

The Province has more than 42 hospital covering all the specializations and a number of the State central hospitals, among which are (Irbil University hospital, Azadi hospital, Rezgari hospital, Central Children hospital) and 270 medical center all over the province outskirts and districts.

## Tourist sites

**Castle of Irbil:** It is situated at the center of the city of Irbil at Kurdistan of Iraq. Its history dates back to the Assyrian age, approximately the first millennium B. C. It was built primarily for defensive purposes, as it was regarded immune stronghold for the city of Irbil by then.



## Gilli Ali Beg waterfall

This waterfall occurs between the cities of Khalifan and Soran. Its length is 12 km. It is situated between the mountains of Korek and Nouatheen, 60 km from Shaqlawa summer resort. Gilli Ali Beg waterfall descends from a high point in a high speed. It is 130 km from the city of Irbil and it is one of the beautiful summer resorts in Irbil and in Iraq in general. It is 800 m above sea level.



### Bikhal waterfalls

They are regarded among the most beautiful tourist sites in Iraq. The area is characterized for its humming waterfalls and its beautiful landscapes. These waterfalls are 10 km. from Rawandouz city. Bikhal has been known as summer resort which has wonderful waterfalls and landscapes.

### Shaqlawa resort

The city is famous for its waterfalls and mountainous nature as it is situated on the mountain Sifeen.



## Province of Duhok

### Historical Background

An Iraqi city which falls in Kurdistan of Iraq. Its three sides are bordered by mountains. This grants the city a marvelous looking. A streamlet coming from the Big Duhok Dam penetrates the city turning it to be one of the most beautiful sites. The Province of Duhok is famous for its fascinating landscapes.



The origin of the city dates back to the Stone Age, then it became a part of the Assyrian Empire; then the Babylonians; the Akhminians before it failed in the hands of Alexander the Great and the Romans.

### Location

Province of Duhok is situated in the region of Kurdistan, extremely to the north west of Iraq. This province enjoys a special importance from the historical and geographical stand of view. The ruins and sculptures which were discovered in its hills and caves depict this importance. Moreover it has a distinctive geographical situation as it occurs on the borders between two states, and an international strategic transport way passes through it to link Iraq to Turkey and the external World as well. In addition, oil line which passes from Kirkuk to Turkey penetrates its north western corner. The province of Duhok is characterized by its various land shape, including the high mountains which shape the political borders of Turkey, and wide plains which are rich in their agricultural resources. These shape the southern part of the province.

### Main cities

Province of Duhok is consisted of several important districts including Duhok District, Zakho District, Sheikhan District, Summail District, Berdersh District, and Namidi District.





Inhabitants of the Province is (1.220.396).

Province of Duhok is an important commercial center. Ibrahim Al-Khaleel entrance on the border with Turkey is one of the important points through which 40% of the materials pass. The province has a strategic road links it to Turkey.

The province has more than five private Universities and Colleges most important of which are (College of Agriculture, University of Duhok, and University of Kurdistan), many technical and administrative institutes, 440 primary schools, 215 secondary school and many Teachers' Qualifying Institutes and vocational institutes and schools.

Province of Duhok has 19 hospital inside the province and 157 medical center all over its outskirts and districts.

## Serseng summer resort

This is 126 km from Mosul. It is 1.046 m. above sea level. The maximum temperature there during summer mounts to 34°.

This is (166) km from Mosul through a paved way, 5 km from Imadiah. It is 1150m above sea level. It has many marvelous waterfalls as high as 25 m. The summer resort is characterized by its numerous caves most important of which is Safi cave shaded by nut trees.



### Jarsteen cave

This is a four columned cave at the valley of Duhok. Some historical references and some historians who visited the area confirm that it is one of the most ancient caves in which man had lived.

Historians confirm that Jarsteen cave dates back to the middle ages with its most ancient documents dates back to 12.000 years B. C. There is also the hill of Bastik and of Kammoun which date back to the history of the Kurdish Metanic State, in addition to the hill of Malta, the cave of Hilahta at Shandoukha, southward the province center which dates back to the ages of the Kurdish medians.

Still, there are many other caves and antiques sculptured on stones and many other ancient sites.





## Province of Sulaimaniyah

It is situated in the eastern north of Iraq, on the Iraqi- Iranian borders. It affiliates to the region of Kurdistan. It is 2.895 f. above sea level. Mountainous nature overwhelms the province. This flavour increases as one goes towards the east borders with Iran. It is 140 km eastward of Kirkuk. 60 km north west the city of Sulaimaniyah is the Dam of Dokan on the River of Minor Zab.



### Main cities

Province of Sulaimaniyah is consisted of several important districts including Sulaimaniyah District, Qara Dagħ District, Shara Zour District, Sayed Sadiq District, Halebcha District, Penjoween District, Ranyah District, Dokan District, Derbendikhan District, Klar District, and Chamchamal District.

### Population

Inhabitants of the Province is (2.039.767).

### Infrastructures

Province of Sulaimaniyah is a border province which has a commercial relation with Iran and has Sulaimaniyah International Airport.

### Education

Education in Sulaimaniyah, just like in other places in Iraq, is free starting from primary school till university graduation. Sulaimaniyah has more than 600 primary school; 310 secondary school; more than 15 vocational institutes and the University of Sulaimaniyah which was established in 1968 using Arabic and English languages in teaching. It was transferred to Irbil under the name of Saladin University and the new University of Sulaimaniyah has been inaugurated in 1991 which teaches in Arabic, English and Kurdish as well. In 2007 The American University at Sulaimaniyah, the first University of International teaching has been inaugurated. It teaches in English and includes 6 private Colleges.

### Health

Province of Sulaimaniyah has 50 hospital and 502 medical center all over its outskirts and districts.



## Tourist Sites

### Serchenar summer resort:

Serchenar summer resort is 5 km away from the center of Sulaimaniyah city. It is rich in trees, lot of water, and wide shaded areas. This summer resort has the hotel of Serchenar in addition to many tourist houses, a number of hotels and coffee shops prepared to receive tourists and provide them with services. There are also Luna parks and big entertainment gardens.



### Dokan Lake:

This lake is 71 km from the center of the province of Sulaimaniyah, 141 km from the city of Kirkuk. It has been established near the Dam of Dokan on the Minor Zab. For the ease of tourist, an integrated vast tourist complex, game hall, coffee shops, and a modern market have been established to help people get their food. There are playing areas for adults and children, a pool, and boats marina too.



### Ahmed Awa waterfalls:

These are 75 km to the east of Sulaimaniyah, parallelizing the Iranian borders. This spot is regarded as a border point between Iraq and Iran, as the distance from there to the Iranian borders is only half an hour by car. The area is 2.000m above the sea level. The summer resort is situated amidst high mountain series. It is regarded as one of the most important sites in the city.



## Province of Anbar

### Historical Background

Anbar is regarded as the biggest Iraqi Province with its center Ramadi. It is situated in the western side of Iraq, 100km from the capital, Baghdad. It had been known before 1961 as (Liwa Ul- Dileim).



### Economy at a Glance

Industrial raw materials are available at Anbar Province which can be extracted through mine methods like that of natural gas and oil in (Ukaz) gas field westward Anbar which reserves is estimated to be (50) b. f<sup>3</sup> and (Reesha) gas field, oil experts estimates refers to the availability of oil reservoirs in the Province of Anbar which need more exploring processes so as to estimate the quantities of the reserves and its economic feasibility. Anbar has approximately 53 Trillion cubic feet of natural gas in addition to the natural mineral fortunes, such as gold, phosphate, iron, uranium, sulfur, and silver. There are water resources embodied in the River Euphrates which runs (450 km), from the western north to the eastern south of the Province. In addition, there are four big water surfaces, the lakes of (Habbaniyah, lake of dam of Hadeethah, lake of Thirthar, and Razaza Lake).

There are reservoirs of groundwater suitable for irrigation in the western desert and arable fertile soil.

### Area

The area of the province is approximately 137.723km<sup>2</sup>.

**Population:** The population of the Province is (1.675.606) person

### Main cities:

- Ramadi District
- Faluja District
- Heet District
- Hadeethah District
- Ana District
- Rawa District
- Qaim District
- Rutbah District



### Main activities

- Planting grains
- Cattle breeding
- Dates production
- Fertilizers production
- Cement Manufacturing
- Ceramics Manufacturing
- Glass Manufacturing



### Infrastructures

There is only one railway in the province . It starts from the capital, Baghdad, to end at the mines' area at Ukashat, having the length of (522)km. This railway is used to carry passengers and goods. Anbar has (24) station for passengers and (5) for goods.

- The highway is regarded as the longest of the main roads in the province of Anbar, as it is (596) km. It stretches from Baghdad- Faluja- Ramadi- Turaibeel- Tunuf at the Iraqi- Syrian borders.
- Another way has the length of (219) km linking Qaim – Ukashat- Rutbah district.
- Qaim- Hadeethah road, (156) km
- Nikhaib- Ar'ar outlet (160) km on the borders of Saudi Arabia.

Province of Anbar has borders with three states: Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, Syria, and Saudi Arabia Kingdom.

The Province has (4) outlets:

- Turaibeel outlet with the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.
- Tunuf outlet with Syria.
- Qaim outlet with Syria.
- Ar'ar outlet with Saudi Arabia Kingdom.

### Education:

The Province has two Universities, Anbar University and Faluja University, in addition to technical institutes, a number of private colleges and the College of Al-Imam Al-'Aadham- Branch of Anbar. There are 1201 primary school; 47 kindergarten, 584 secondary school, 4 Teachers' Qualifying Institute and many vocational institutes and schools.





## Health

Province of Anbar has (15) hospital and (161) medical center

## Tourist sites

**Lake of Thirthar:** One of the most beautiful artificial lakes in Iraq. It was formed after Dam of Samara was built for irrigation purposes and to control floods of the Rivers Tigris and Euphrates. The lake can be attained at from Baghdad via Faluja and Ramadi, or via Samara.

**Lake of Habbaniyah:** This is a pan located to the south of the city of Ramadi, used to store 3.3 b.m<sup>3</sup> and to return 2.7 b.m<sup>3</sup> to the River of Euphrates at the season of draught. The lake is controlled by the Dam of Ramadi. The lake is linked southward to a river which connects it to the lake of Thirthar to drain the surplus water from Habbaniyah Lake to the Lake of Razaza whose capacity is 26 b.m<sup>3</sup>. A resort has been established on the banks of this lake.





## Province of Wasit

### Historical Background

It is situated in the middle of Iraq. Building the city started in 78 A. H. and it was finished in 86 A.H. to be the new administrative headquarter of the country. It was named Wasit due to its location in the center of the country or in between Al Koufa and Basra, this province is important for its Historical and ancient sites as it has more than (420) location such as Wasit historical City which is located in the South – east of the province as well as (Tal Mariees) located to the north of Badra District and (Tal Al Welayia) located in Al Ahrar District.



### Location

Province of Wasit situates in the southern part of the middle area, The province center is the city of Kut, 172 km to the south of Baghdad, bordered by the Province of Diyala and Baghdad to the north and Maisan Province (206 km) and Thi Qar (204 km) both to the south, Babylon is ( 274 km) to the west and AL Qadesiah is ( 192 km) to the south west. Eastwards of the Province is the international borderline of Iraq with the Islamic Republic of Iran.

### Area

The area of the Province of Wasit is (17153) km<sup>2</sup>

### Population

The population of the Province is (1303137) person

### Main cities:

- Kut District
- Al Noumaniah District
- Hai District
- Badra District
- Aziziyah District
- Souairah District.



Al-Kut Dam



### Main Activities

- Agricultural
- Livestock
- Crude oil extraction
- Border port (Trade and tourism)



### Economic at a Glance

The Province is famous for its Minerals and natural resources and a huge reservations of oil (such as, the oil fields of Ahdab at Ahrar District and Badrah field) and reservations of natural gas linked to the oil reservations. Raw materials for construction industries, such as cement, gypsum, brick, etc.) are also available in large quantities.

The province is distinguished by its agricultural lands and producing a high quality of the strategically grown plants such as wheat, barley, corn, cotton, sunflower, and many dates, vegetables and fruits production where The River Tigris go through it from north to south in a 327 km length in addition to Al Garaf, Al Deejail and Al Kalall rivers and underground waters.

### Infrastructure:

#### First:- Electricity:

Al Zobaidiah station is considered as a large electrical project in the country, it includes six generating units, four of them is of 330 MW per unit, and two of them are of 1220 MW overall power.



#### Second:- Education:

The Province has only one University, private collages and institutions, 818 primary school; 44 kindergartens and 284 secondary school.

#### Third:- Health

Province of Wasit has 8 public and private hospital and 63 health care center.



#### **Fourth:- Roads and Transportations:**

In Wasit there is a net of main roads that link it with the Capital Baghdad and other provinces such as ( Thi Qar , Maisan and Babylon) in addition to the main road that connects the province with the borderline with The Islamic Republic of Iran through Badra Border Port.

#### **Tourism Locations:**

The province has many ancient and historical sites in addition to the religious sites dispersed in different locations of the province .

##### **Wasit Historical City:**

The city is located to the south east of Wasit and it goes back to 83 H, the gate of the city is one of the noticeable sites till this day which is thought to be the remains of the sand school in Wasit City.



##### **Saeed Ibn Al Jabeir Shrine:**

The shrine is Located in District of Al Hai 40 km to the south of Kut as he was one of Imam Ali ( Poh) friends.



##### **Imam Taj Al Dein Shrine :**

The shrine is located in Taj Al Dein District ( to the north of Wasit province) around 100 km far from the center of the city and it is considered as a source of attraction to many visitors and tourists which empowers the tourism in the country.

##### **Al Motanabi:**

The shrine is located in Al Numaniya District in Wasit in which Al Mutanabi poetical festival is held annually with the present of many known Arab and Iraqi writers and critics.



## Province of Babylon

### Historical Background

Province of Babylon had been known as the Capital of the Babylonians during the rule of Hammurabi where the Babylonians ruled over Mesopotamia. The first dynasty of the Babylonians, ruled by Hammurabi (1792- 1750 B. C.) had ruled the majority of Mesopotamia provinces.

This Province is one of the main areas known for their agricultural production and it is rich in historical sites. Its center is Hilla. The Province has many investment opportunities among which are the religious, archeological and cultural tourism, cattle, and agricultural ones.



### Area

Babylon has the area of (5.258) km<sup>2</sup>.

### Population

The population of the Province is (1953184) person.

### Main cities

- Hilla District
- Hashimiyah District
- Mahaweel District
- Musaieb District

### Main activities

- Industry
- Textile
- Cattle breeding
- Grains
- Dates
- Tourism



Lion of Babylon



Obelisk of Hammurabi





## Economy at a Glance

Agriculture is regarded as the main activity in the Province, 25% of the manpower is employed in agriculture. However, there is also an industrial activity as another field, among which is the State Company for Automobile Manufacturing at Alexandria which produces vehicle bodies and assembles automobiles, in addition to other number of operating companies such as the State Company for Mechanical Industries and Hilla textile factory, Al Forat State Co., Corn flour and dextrin plant, Al Sada Cement Plant and disposable syringes plant.

## Education

The Province has two Universities (Babylon University) and (Al-Khadraa University), technical college and institute and a number of private collages, more than 881, primary school; 46 kindergartens, more than 383 secondary school, 5 Teachers Qualifying Institutes and a number of vocational Institutes.

## Health

Babylon Province has (19) hospital and (111) health center.

## Infrastructures

The Province is situated directly southwards Baghdad; therefore it has many roads which link it to the capital and other areas in Iraq. There is a direct road which links the Province to the Province s of Karbala, Najaf, Diwaniyah, and Wasit. the ( Basra – Baghdad ) highway road passes through the Province .

## Tourism

**Babylon historical site:** This is situated 5 km to the north of the city of Hilla. It had been the most famous city in the ancient and modern worlds and the miracle of the ancient world, particularly after its widest expansion by the Babylonian famous King Nebuchadnezzar (605- 562 B. C.). It became famous to such a degree that it turned to be the title of Mesopotamia civilization as a whole, Babylonia was the name. Its walls and Hanging Gardens were among the Seven World Wonders.



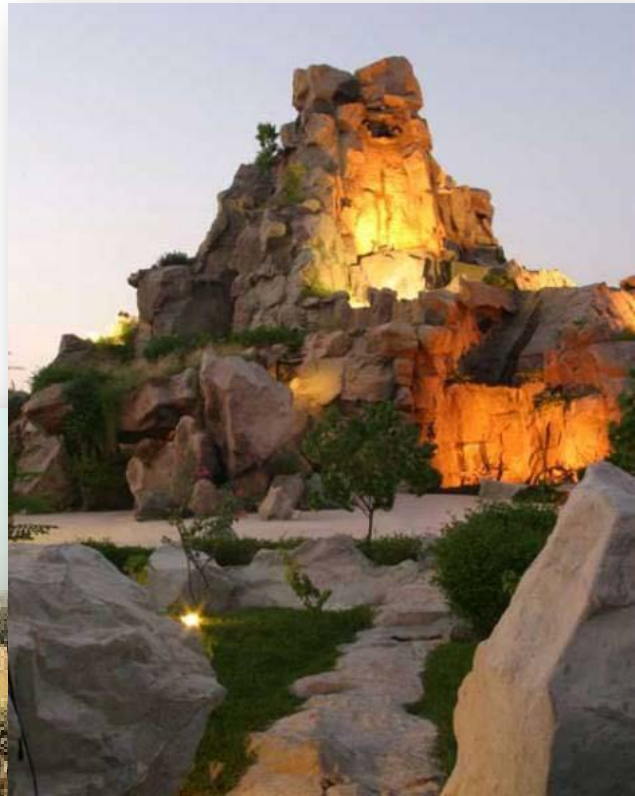


**Burs:**

Burs is situated almost 15 km southwards the city of Hilla. Its scaled tower is a high mark on the Hilla- Kifl road. Its present name (Burs) is derived from its Babylonian ancient name (Bursia), a Sumerian word which means "Sea sword" or "Sea horn" as it had been situated on a stream or a lake.

**Keesh historical site:**

This is situated 13 km away from the city of Hilla, 6 km eastwards of Babylonian historical site. Among its antiques is the ziggurat of "Aneer Kedirma", the ziggurat dedicated for the temple of (Ayil Baba), the God of war.



## Province of Holy Kerbala

### Historical Background

The city history dates back to the Babylonian era. Some historians see that the word Kerbala means (qurb Alilah: near God), a Babylonian origin word. It is said that the word has been chiseled from (Kur Babil: a number of Babylonian villages). The Province has soft pure land surrounded by dense orchards irrigated by the River Euphrates. The most prominent feature of the Holy City of Kerbala is the shrine of Imam Hussein (Poh) and the shrine of his brother, Al-Abbas,(Poh). Within the Province, there is also Al- Akhaidhir stronghold, southward the city, the palace of Sham'oun at Ain Tamr, and Al-tar historical caves.



### Location

Province of Kerbala is situated on the right bank of River Euphrates, surrounded by important agricultural areas on three sides, particularly, the eastern side which occurs between the city and the River Euphrates. The city is 105 km to the western south of Baghdad, bordered from the north by the Province of Anbar; from the south by the Province of Najaf; from the east by the Province of Babylon; and from the west by the desert of Sham and the Saudi Arabia lands. The city occurs on the longitude 44° and the altitude 32°.

### Area

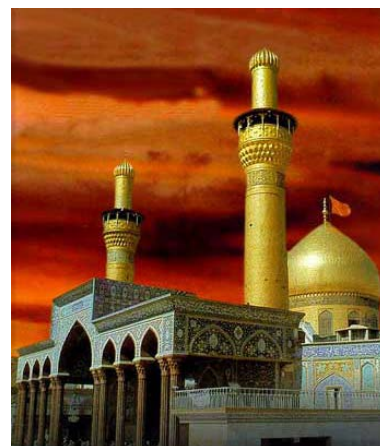
The area of the Province of Karbala is 5.034 km<sup>2</sup>.

### Population

The population of the Province is (1151152) person

### Main cities

- Karbala
- Ain Tamr
- Al- Husseiniyah
- Al-Hurr
- Hindiyah
- Akhaidhir
- Touaireej



### Main activities

- Tourism
- Oil refine
- Dates
- Citrus
- Agriculture
- Canning factories



**Holy Shrine of Imam Hussien**

### Infrastructures

There are two main roads pass through Karbala, the first starts from southern Baghdad, passes through Karbala, and continues to Najaf. The second starts from Babylon and goes westward to Kerbala and continues through the south part of Anbar to the border outlet of 'Ar'ar towards Saudi Arabia Kingdom, Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, and Syria.

### Education:

The Province has two Universities, Karbala University and Ahl al-Bait University, 532 primary school; 43 kindergartens, 233 secondary school, 5 Teachers' Qualifying Institutes and many vocational institutes and schools.

### Health

The Province has (8) hospitals and (51) medical center .

### Tourist sites

#### Karbala

Karbala is one of the ancient Iraqi cities. It enjoys a religious prestige due to shrine of Imam Hussein (Poh) and the shrine of his brother, Al- Abbas (Poh),. Among the most historical sites at the Province are the following:



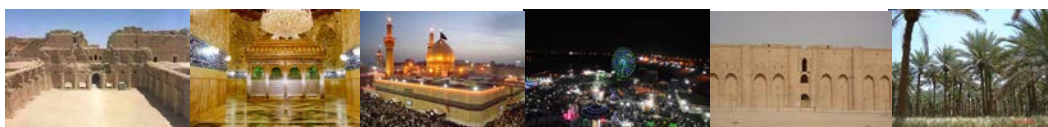


**Akhaidhir stronghold:** This feature is one of the defensive archeological buildings. It is one of the characteristic Islamic military architecture regarding design and geometry, not only in Iraq, but also on the level of the Arab and Islamic World. The stronghold occurs on a desert way links Iraq to the external world.



**Razaza Lake:** This Lake is 18 km from Karbala, on the way leads to Akhaidhir. The Lake is 60 km in length 30 km in width. This wide beautiful lake is an important tourist site visited by people who are eager to practice various kinds of water sports and fishing.

**Ain Tamr:** The city of Ain Tamr "Shithatha" is situated to the western south of Kerbala, (67 km) from Karbala. It is a historical spot as it has ancient civilization ruins. Ain Tamr district is regarded the largest oasis in the western upland, It is famous for its palm tree forests and orchards. It is characterized for its landscapes, beautiful atmosphere during spring and autumn seasons. It is also famous for its mineral water which flow from more than fifty natural springs. A tourist complex composed of 20 tourist apartments, a hotel, and a restaurant, in addition to extended gardens was established in the area.



## Province of Holy Najaf

### Historical Background

Najaf is a historical city. It represents an important cultural, religious, commercial, and agricultural center at the center of Iraq. It is situated on a high mound over vast sand land overlooking from the northern eastern front on the cemetery of Wadi Salam "Valley of Peace"; and from the western front on the sea of Najaf.

The Province of Najaf embraces the tomb of Imam Ali, (Poh). It receives millions of visitors from all over the world.



### Location

Najaf is one of the Provinces which occurs in the middle of south Iraq, at the edge of the western upland, 161 km from Baghdad. The city is 70m above sea level. It is bordered from the north by the Province of Karbala, almost 80 km away.

### Area

The area of the Province of Najaf is (27. 845) km<sup>2</sup>.

**Population:** The population of the Province is (1389549) person

### Main cities:

- Najaf District
- Kufa District
- Manathirah District
- Abo – Sakheer District

### Main activities

- Tourism
- Agriculture
- Cattle breeding
- Commerce





## Infrastructures

- There is a main road stretches from Baghdad southward to the Province of Babylon, and then to the province of Najaf. Another road links province of Najaf to the Province of Karbala.
- The Province has the international airport of Imam Ali (Poh).

## Education:

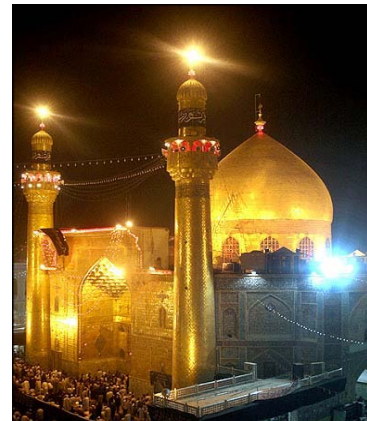
The Province of Najaf has only one University, University of Kufa and (616) primary school; 45 kindergartens (322) secondary school; (4) Teachers' Qualifying institutes and many vocational institutes and schools.

## Health

Province of Najaf has 13 public hospitals and 76 medical center.

## Tourist sites:

1. **Tomb of Imam Ali (Poh):**  
It is one of the most important sites for religious tourism. Its attended by almost 40 million visitors a year.



2. **Khan of Rahba:**  
It occurs on the old Hajj route within a low area, almost 30 km from the village of (Rahba). It was built from rocks and gypsum.



3. **Palace of N'uman Bin Al-Munthir:**

Palace of N'uman Bin Al-Munthir is one of the palaces which date back to the ancient kingdom of Heera and the state of Akhminians Manathirah which enjoyed a major role in the Arab pre-Islamic history. Its monuments remained to cope with the historical events, it often enriched poets' imagination who chanted these monuments and ruins.



## Province of Muthanna

### Historical Background

The appearance of Warka City in the fifth millennium B. C. represents the first shift to the stable style of life and the early beginnings of the appearance of ruling régimes, writing, and laws which organized the social life. Agriculture and availability of water resources played a major role in the Sumerian settlement at these spots and the foundation of a civilization, the monuments of which are still there up to now. The area, including its vast desert, is characterized by agriculture and the many palaces and temples.



### Location

Muthanna province is located in the south part of Iraq, at the edges of the alluvial plain. The majority of its areas height varies between (70- 220m) above the sea level. The River Euphrates and its branches pass through it. It is the second water resource for agricultural crops irrigation. The Province is 270 km from Baghdad to the south. It is the second biggest Province , after Anbar, regarding its area. It has a desert climate, and its center is Samawa District and the province has administrative boundaries with Al-Najaf and Al-Diwaniyha from the North, Basra and Dhi Qar from the east, Saudi Arabia from the west and part from Basra and Kuwait country from the south.

### Area

- The area of the Province of Muthanna is (51.740) km<sup>2</sup>, 12% of the total area of Iraq. The desert occupies 47.000 km<sup>2</sup>, which means 85% of the total area of the Province.

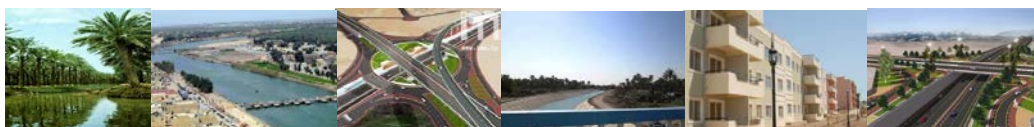
**Population:** The population of the Province is (800000) person.

### Main cities:

- Samawa District (Center)
- Rumaitha District
- Khidhir District
- Salman District
- Warka District



Sawah Lake



### Main activities

- Agriculture
- Industry, especially cement, bricks, concrete structures
- extractive industries
- Oil products and refineries
- Cattle breeding



**Akad Heritage City**

### Economy at a Glance

The Province is characterized by the availability of the natural and human resources for investment, especially in the industrial sector. Muthanna province is rich with raw materials of the low cost in extraction and production, such as, limestone which is used in cement industry, sedimentary compounds of Sodium and Chlorine as salty compounds used in salt production. The Province is also characterized by lots of date palm orchards and its distinctive tourist site being near the Lake of Sawa and some tourist facilities.

### Infrastructures

- The Province has a vital location in the southern part of Iraq on the International road linking the province of Basra to the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.
- (Baghdad- Basra) railway line, and the availability of a maintenance station for locomotives and train carriages.
- Oil refinery with 30.000 bpd capacity
- The strategic pipe line which transfers gas from the province of Basra to Baghdad passing through Muthanna Province.

### Education:

The Province of Muthanna has only one University and (496) primary school; 21 kindergartens (154) secondary school; (2) institutes for Teachers' Qualifying, and 1 vocational institute.

### Health

The Province has (4) hospitals and (57) medical center.



**Tourist sites**

**Lake of Sawa:** a closed salty lake located at the Province of Muthanna, southern Iraq, and few kilometers from the city of Samawa. The Lake is surrounded by a natural limestone wall which quickly repairs itself if broken due to fast hardening character of the limestone material in the water.

Historical tourist city: the location of historical Warkaa



**Euphrates River**





## Province of Diwaniyah

### Historical Background

It is one of the middle Euphrates Provinces that lies within the alluvial plain of Iraq. The name of the city first appeared during the eighteenth century. River Euphrates passes through the Province where it is known as Shatt Al-Diwaniyah. Diwaniyah is characterized by the fertile lands which qualifies it to be the food basket for the people at the area in specific, and for Iraq, in general.



### Location

The Province of Diwaniyah is located at the southern part of Iraq, between the Province s of Muthanna and Najaf. It is characterized by agriculture, such as rice, and other agricultural crops.

### Area

The area of the Province of Diwaniyah is (8.507) km<sup>2</sup>.

**Population:** The population of the Province is (1220333) person.

### Main cities:

- Diwaniyah District (Center)
- Shamiyah District
- Ifak District
- Hamza District
- Ghammas District



### Main activities

- Agriculture (Prominently rice)
- Food stuff industries
- Textile industries
- Rubber industries (Tires)
- Cattle breeding



### Infrastructures

There is a main road starts from Baghdad to Diwaniyah and a multi- track highway passes through the Province. The main Iraqi railway passes through the Province as well.

### Education:

The Province of Diwaniyah has only one University and (710) primary school; 41 kindergartens, (299) secondary school; (4) institutes for Teachers' qualifying, and many vocational institutes and schools.

### Health:

Province of Diwaniyah has (9) hospitals and more than (71) medical center.



## Province of Thi Qar

### Historical Background

Thi Qar is one of the Iraqi southern Provinces. Its center is the city of Nasiriyah. Historical evidence indicates that this name exists from old ages. Some historical sites, such as, the ancient city of Ur, 5.000 years B. C. occurs there. It is the land where the Sumerians and Acadians settled.



### Location

The Province of Thi Qar is located at the heart of the southern part of Iraq. The best part of the area of the Province is situated next to the Rivers of Euphrates and Gharraf. The Province is one of the most ancient lands settled by human being and established the first human civilization and there still lays the ancient archeological monuments of cities such as Ur and Lagash and else.

### Area

The area of the Province of Thi Qar is (13,626) km<sup>2</sup>.

**Population:** The population of the Province is (1,979,561) person.

### Main cities:

- Nasiriyah District(Center)
- Rifa'i District
- Shatra District
- Suq Al-Shouyoukh District
- Al Jabaish District
- Al Garaf District

**Ziggurat Heritage City**



### Main activities

- Agriculture
- (Engineering and textile) industries
- Oil and gas production
- Cattle breeding
- Fishing



### Infrastructures:

Thi Qar Province has an electric-thermal station that produces 600 MW, there is also Al Nasyriah Gas turbine station and an Oil Refinery with a refining capacity of 30,000 bpd, it has a good net of roads and transportation linking it to the neighboring provinces as there are many land roads. These are:

- Baghdad- Basra free main way
- Nasiriyah- Kut way
- Imarah – Ri'fai- Diwaniyah way
- Nasiriyah- Diwaniyah way
- Nasiriyah- Samawa way
- Nasiriyah- Imarah way



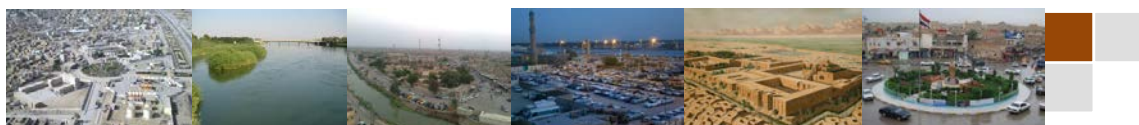
The Province is also penetrated by the railway which links Basra to the capital, Baghdad.

### Education:

The Province of Thi Qar has two state universities, Thi Qar University at the City center and Sumer University at Ri'fai district and there are almost (1273) primary school; 40 kindergartens, (555) secondary school; (7) institutes for Teachers' qualifying, and many vocational institutes and schools.

### Health :

There are 11 hospital and 138 public medical center in Thi Qar.





## Province of Maysan

### Historical Background

It is one of the southern Provinces of Iraq. It is located to the east of the country, on the Iranian borders. Its center is the city of Imarah. It is located on the River Tigris. It had been known, before 1976 as Imarah Province. It is believed that the origin of the name of "Maysan" refers back to the Kingdom of Mayshan, and turned, by time, to be Maysan.



Its distinctive location formed a core for an important city and commercial center and had been adopted by Alexander the Great as a capital for his kingdom. Among its common names "Korat Dijlah", i. e. a number of villages alongside the River Tigris.

### Location

The province is located in the southern eastern part of Iraq, on the banks of the river Tigris. It is almost 400 km away from Baghdad. It represents a commercial center for agricultural crops, fish, and cattle. It is linked to the Provinces of Basra and Wasit by a 200 Km main road; and with the Province of Thi Qar through another road. An oil pipeline passes through the eastern part of the province and extends down to Basra and Fao southward.

**Population:** The population of the Province is (1,050,580) person.

### Area

The area of the Province of Maysan is (16.072) km<sup>2</sup>

### Main cities:

- Imarah District(Center)
- Maymouna District
- Ali Al-Gharbi District
- Qal'at Salih District
- Kahla District
- Mijar District





### Main activities

- Oil
- Agriculture
- Cattle breeding
- Agricultural industries
- Sugar production
- Paper production

### Education:

The Province of Maysan has only one university and (653) primary school; 31 kindergartens, (186) secondary school; (4) institutes for Teachers' Qualifying, and many vocational institutes and schools.

### Health :

In Maysan, there are 6 hospitals and 80 main medical center



## Province of Basra

### Historical Background

Basra is the third Province in Iraq regarding population and considered as the economic capital of Iraq, its only port overlooking the Arab Gulf and its main sea outlet. Basra has several names mentioned by references, after building it, it was named Um Al-Iraq "Mother of Iraq", Khizanat Al-Arab "Treasury of Arabs", Al-Basra Al-Uthma "The Great Basra", Al-Basra Al-Zahira "Prosperous Basra", Thaghr Al-Iraq Al-Basim "The smiling mouth of Iraq", Al-Fayha "The extensive", Qubat Al-Ilm "Dome of Science".



### Location

Basra is situated at the extreme south of Iraq, on the western bank of Shatt Al-Arab, the watercourse which results from Rivers Tigris and Euphrates meeting at Qurna, 110 km northward of Fao. Basra is almost 55 km from the Arab Gulf, 545 km from Baghdad. It has mutual border with Saudi Arabia Kingdom and Kuwait southward, and with the Islamic Republic of Iran Eastward. Local borders of Basra are with the provinces of Thi Qar and Maysan to the north and Muthanna to the west. Basra is the only port of Iraq and its main sea outlet.

From a geographical view, it occurs at the southern eastern corner of Iraq. This location has its impact in putting the province within the huge desert extension in the continents of Asia and Africa which consequently results in its overwhelming dry climate.

Basra, within its geographical location, is linked to the other provinces of Iraq through paved roads which lengths vary according to being near to, or far from it.

### Area

The area of the Province of Basra is (19,070) km<sup>2</sup>.

**Population:** Approximately (2,744,758) person.

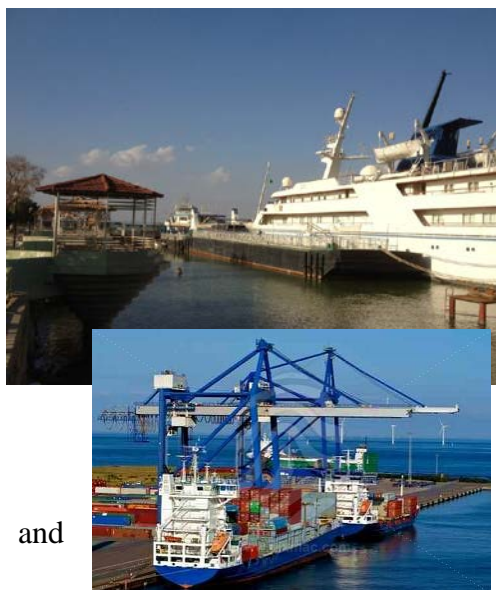


### Main cities:

- Basra District(Center)
- Qurna District
- Zubair District
- Um Qasir District
- Abu Al-Khaseeb District
- Fao District
- AlImdainah District

### Main activities

- Oil and gas
- Sea charging and Railway
- Agriculture
- Food industries
- Heavy industries, such as, iron and steel, fertilizers, and petrochemicals
- Fishing



### Economy at a Glance

Basra is one of the important provinces in Iraq, as it is rich with oil fields such as Rumaila field, Shi'aiba field, western Qurna field, and Majnoun field. Due to its location in the plains of Al Rafidain valley, it is considered as one of the best locations for planting rice, barley, wheat, and millet. It is also famous for cattle breeding. The province occurs on varying terrain land includes plains, upland, and desert and is also considered as a tourists Province for having many religious shrines and historical sites.

### Infrastructures

Province of Basra has all the six Iraqi ports, including the deep port. Thus it is the transportation cross point of the southern part of Iraq. There is also a highway linking the Hashemite kingdom of Jordan to Iraq which starts from the Jordanian borders and ends in Basra. The province is also linked to the State of Kuwait via Safwan border crossing point, a main commercial outlet. In addition to these, there is Basra International Airport too.



### Education:

The Province of Basra has only one university, University of Basra and (1198) primary school; 88 kindergartens, (632) secondary school; (14) institute for Teachers' Qualifying, and many vocational institutes and schools.

### Health

Province of Basra has 19 hospital and (121) medical center.

### Tourist sites:

#### Sindibad Island

This island is a marvelous tourist site which is located at the middle of Shatt Al-Arab, opposite to Shatt Al-Arab Hotel in Maqal. It is linked to both river banks via Sindibad Bridge.

It has wonderful gardens decorated with beautiful fountains. There are facilities for visitor comfort, a tourist coffee shop, and tourist houses for residence, in addition to the floating hotel near the Island, and a vast coffee shop at the southern end of the Island.



**Qurna City:** It is 74 km northward of Basra; Qurna is the legendary place of Adam's tree and paradise of Eden, where Tigris and Euphrates meet to form together Shatt Al-Arab, where we can see a lot of farms and orchards especially date palm orchards.

**Abu Al-Khaseeb:** This city is located on Shatt Al- Arab, 26 km to the south of Basra. It is the city of the late great poet Badr Shakir Al-Sayyab, it is also the center of date palm forests which are unique for their beautiful landscapes.





# Investment Zones in Iraq

The National Investment Commission has started a program to prepare mechanism and a system to establish secured zones for investment according to the text of (Article 9 of the ratified amended Investment Law no. 13/ 2006 through cooperation with the Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD).



The National Investment Commission has formed up a strategy for the investment zones in Iraq through cooperation with the Investment Program in the Middle East and North Africa of the (OECD). A draft of the general principles for the feasibility study related to the experimental investment zone at the province of Babylon has been prepared and a draft of investment protection assessment for the sake of investors in Iraq has also been prepared. The program attracted a number of advisors, lawyers, financial experts and investors to contribute with their opinions and expertise so as to specify the conditions and situations which ensure the great advantage of investment.

**The following Zones are in the phase of concluding requirements in order to be prepared and announced as safe investment zones:**

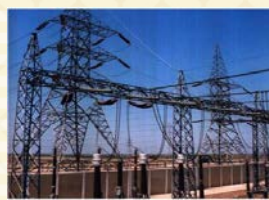
- Basra Investment Zone/ Khor Al-Zubair Zone.
- Babylon Investment Zone/ Hitteen Zone.
- Baghdad Investment Zone/ near the International Airport.
- Anbar Investment Zone.
- Middle Euphrates Investment Zone (between the Holy province of Najaf and the Sacred Province of Kerbala).
- Nineveh Investment Zone.
- Diyala Investment Zone/ Camp of New Iraq.





## Overview of Sectors

- |                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Oil & Gas Sector                | <a href="http://www.Oil.gov.iq">http:// www.Oil.gov.iq</a>   |
| 2. Electricity Sector              | <a href="http://www.Meolc.gov.iq">http://www.Meolc.gov.iq</a>  |
| 3. Communication Sector            | <a href="http://www.Moc.gov.iq">http://www.Moc.gov.iq</a>  |
| 4. Health Sector                   | <a href="http://www.Moh.gov.iq">http://www.Moh.gov.iq</a>  |
| 5. Housing & Infrastructure Sector | <a href="http://www.Imariskan.gov.iq">http://www.Imariskan.gov.iq</a><br><a href="http://www.Moch.gov.iq">http://www.Moch.gov.iq</a>           |
| 6. Transportation Sector           | <a href="http://www.Motrans.gov.iq">http://www.Motrans.gov.iq</a><br><a href="http://www.Motransport.gov.iq">http://www.Motransport.gov.iq</a> |
| 7. Industry & Minerals Sector      | <a href="http://www.Industry.gov.iq">http://www.Industry.gov.iq</a>  |
| 8. Tourism Sector                  | <a href="http://www.tourism.gov.iq">http://www.tourism.gov.iq</a>  |
| 9. Education Sector                | <a href="http://www.Mohesr.gov.iq">http://www.Mohesr.gov.iq</a>  |
| 10. Service Sector                 | <a href="http://www.Mot.gov.iq">http://www.Mot.gov.iq</a>  |
| 11. Youth and Sports Sector        | <a href="http://www.Moys.gov.iq">http://www.Moys.gov.iq</a>  |
| 12. Agriculture Sector             | <a href="http://www.Zeraa.gov.iq">http://www.Zeraa.gov.iq</a>  |



## Oil and Gas Sector

Iraq is blessed with vast reserves of oil and natural gas, and is one of the most promising, still largely undeveloped sources of hydrocarbon resources in the world. After decades of lack of investments due to wars and sanctions. The importance of oil is not only limited to its role in developing Iraq but exceeds that to the role which it can play on the level of the international oil market for the big reserves which can be reinforced in the future because of Iraq's being one of the most responding countries to the increase demand of energy and it is expected for Iraq to be the second largest international resource for the crude oil, this sector contributed to the GDP with the fixed price by %44 during 2014.. Iraq is actively seeking international investment and expertise to help in the development of its oil and gas sectors so negotiation rounds started and led Iraq for a new marsh in investment history. The Ministry of Oil announced new ambitious plan to increase oil production and exports during this decade depending on foreign investment as a main source to achieve this goal. The main way for investors interested in oil and gas sector is in oil bidding rounds announced by the ministry.



It's worth mentioning that the Oil Sector in Iraq has received a lot of attention from the federal government which resulted in developing its investment opportunities in addition to the announcement of the four bidding rounds , as mentioned above, these opportunities has enabled reputable international companies to enter this field. Iraq has signed contracts in 2010 and 2011 with international companies to develop its oil fields within the first and second biddings rounds and to increase the production level to reach (11) million bpd in the next six years and to (12) million bpd upon adding the quantities resulted from other fields by national efforts.

most of these contracts focused on developing major oil fields in south of Iraq, in



addition to that the third bidding round announcement was released to develop three gas fields which are Ukaz in Ramdi Province, Mansouriyah in Diyala Province and Seebah in Basra Province .

On the other side, it is more likely that the oil and gas industry will continue to attract foreign business activities in the near future and that Iraq has a wide range of untapped oil and gas fields which requires a large number of investments to develop these fields.

**Table (9): Oil & Gas Indicators**

Fixed oil reserves	1442042448 billion barrel
Unfixed oil reserves	215 billion barrels
Fixed gas reserves	98 Trillion Cubic Feet (TCF)
Estimated oil potential reserves	31 Trillion Cubic Feet (TCF)
Oil Production 2013	3113 thousand Barrels/per day (bpd)
Targeted production for 2020	8 million bpd
Oil imports for 2013	2518 thousand bpd

Source: Iraqi MoO according to article no: 899 in Mar.26<sup>th</sup>,2015



**Oil :**

There are 144 billion barrels of fixed reserves in Iraq discovered in 71 fields , 27 of which are developed and %75 of the fixed reserves concentrated in many major fields in the south east of the country near the Iraqi border with Kuwait and Iran. An additional %20 is located in the northern part of the country near Kirkuk.

**Gas:**

Iraq is similarly rich in natural gas, with 98 TCF in proven reserves, and an estimated 31 TCF in probable reserves.

**Oil and gas export and distribution pipelines**

Iraq has a wide pipeline infrastructure total of 4350 mile. There are three main pipelines that connect Iraq to Saudi Arabia, Turkey, Syria in addition to the forth one (the Strategic line) that starts from Basra in the south to Kirkuk in the north. This line exports three quarters of daily production from Basra oil port in the south and the rest from the north pipeline from Kirkuk to Jihan port in Turkey.

**Production, Distribution and Export:**

As Iraq is developing its infrastructure at the present time, and heading towards expanding its productive operations in oil field, and to attract investments in production, distribution and export fields for oil sector in order to improve the current situation of oil sector as well as it will help to attract investments in other fields such as export pipelines particularly in Basra Port, and the export pipelines from Kirkuk Province to Jihan Turkish Port.



There is a wide range of needs in the south of Iraq which includes the need to establish a new pipeline to link the resources extracted from oil wells to refineries and to establish storage facilities in addition to expanding the ports. A number of studies were conducted to develop infrastructure which would enable Iraq to gain its position as a source for natural gas and this requires constructing an expanded infrastructure for gas sector in order to enable Iraq to supply the gas pipelines heading to Turkey and therefore it will supply major European markets.



## Investment Opportunities in the Oil and Gas Sector

Ministry of Oil announced an ambitious plan to increase oil production and exports in the following years. Participation and direct investments are principal means for achieving this goal through oil licenses rounds announced by the Ministry.

### A- Refineries Projects:

No	Refinery Name	Refinery capacity	Project's type	Project's cost	Location
1	Kirkuk Refinery	150 thousand	New	4.347	Between Qutan and Village Qoshqaya
2	Al-Nasiriya Refinery	300 thousand	New	9.000	Near Houma Village

### B- Pipes Projects:

No	Pipe's Name	Pipe's capacity	Project type	Project Estimated cost	Location
1	Pipe for exporting crude oil from Haditha to the Syrian port of Banyas, and Aqaba in	1.5 million	New	5-7	Iraq – Syria
2	Pipeline for exporting crude under the Gulf waters till Al Fujaita in UAE	1 million	New	4-5	Iraq - Jordan

Source: Iraqi MoO according to article no: 899 in Mar.26<sup>th</sup>,2015





## 2- Electricity Sector

Electricity sector in Iraq presents a number of attractive investment opportunities to local and foreign investors. The government has ambitious plans aiming at raising the sector's capacity through motivating investors in the fields of building, operating and supplying.



The Ministry of Electricity (MoE) has sought to activate the role of the private sector in several fields like finance, quick construction and the contribution in raising the additional generation capacity to cover the country's need. The demand has grown furiously mainly by the essential consumer of electricity, families, in the recent years. Since the national power grid does not meet the local needs of the Iraqi families, they are forced to pay large amounts of money to be provided with electricity from the private sector.

MOE realizes that the current lack of electricity is the main obstacle for investments in all sectors since it is essential for the diversification of economy in the country, this sector has shared %2.7 of the overall local production in the constant prices for the year 2014.

It is planned for the power grid capacity to be (20,000) MW in 2015



## Investment Opportunities Available in the Electricity Sector

N.	Project's name	Capacity	Province
1	Al-Yusfiya steam Station Project	420 Mega Watt	Baghdad/ Al Yusfiya
2	Al Nasriyah Station Project Al-Yusfiya steam Station expansion Project	1400 Mega Watt	Baghdad/ Al Yusfiya
3	South Baghdad station replacement project	480 Mega Watt	Baghdad
4	Al Rasheed Gas Station expansion Project	250 Mega Watt	Baghdad
5	Al-Khairat steam Station Project	1200 MW	Karbala
6	Turn Al-Khairat Gas Station to a combined system	625 MW	Karbala
7	Turn Al-Rumaila Gas Station to a combined system	730 MW	Basra
8	Turn Shat Al Basra Gas Station to a combined system	625 MW	Basra
9	Al Simawa Combined Project	750 MW	Al Muthana
10	Electricity station project to Cement factories complex	500 MW	Al Muthana
11	Maysan Combined Project	750 MW	Maysan



### 3- Communication Sector

The communication sector (wired and wireless) has witnessed substantial growth in Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) attraction in the recent years especially in the mobile phones and internet technologies which can be highly attributed to the



existence of an independent organizing agency and the renewable opening up to the foreign companies.

One of the most important development points in the communication sector in Iraq was developing the local wired and wireless communication networks. Wireless networks have been capable of changing the land line phones market in Iraq as these are providing both of this old service alongside with the internet service without having to use cables through the populated neighborhoods of the city.

Government of Iraq contracted in 2006 with different companies from the private sector to provide the wired communication networks which provide the services of voice and data transmission. Communication and Media Commission also granted in the same year three national licenses and three regional ones for providing local wireless communication services, national licenses may last for 10 years that can be extended for 5 more years while regional licenses can last for only 8 years.



The national development plan for the years 2010-2014 refers that there are more than 15 million mobile phone users in 2008 which indicates the acceptable costs that can be afforded by many Iraqi families, with the government planning for a %100 coverage in 2014. In addition to that, the market remained open to the foreign companies to increase the national competition and prices comparison, as there are more than 3 main operating companies in the mobile fields in the country.



The communication sector is considered as one of the successful sectors in the period following the year 2003. With better security situation, better laws and fully free market, the climate will be more suitable to attract more local and foreign investments.

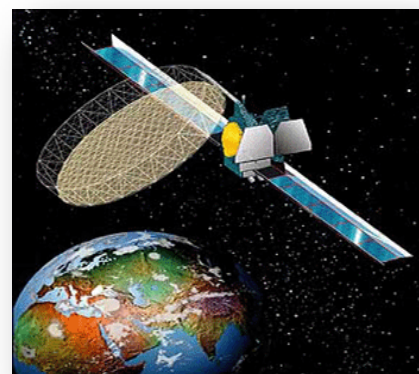
### Investment opportunities in the communication sector

**Mobile Phones:** in addition to the three national mobile phone licenses, the Ministry of Communication intends issuing a fourth license to open the door for all specialized companies in mobile phone services.

**Internet System:** due to recent developments in the field of communication services, Iraq needs to improve its internet infrastructure. Therefore, investors have an opportunity to establish projects that provide internet services.

**Stationary Line Phone and Fibers:** the investment opportunities in this field cover fixing and expanding the existing network, and supplying and establishing new phone stations, as well as large improvements in fiber optic net.

**Local Wireless Stationary Ring:** Investment in this field offers big advantages in Iraq through WLL which provides the ability to supply wireless services without the need to build a large network.





## 4-Health Sector

During the 1970s and 80s of the last decade, the Republic of Iraq was considered as one of the leading nations in healthcare in the Middle East and North Africa. Sanctions imposed on Iraq in the 1990s led to deterioration in the healthcare system.

Today the Iraqi government works on changing the healthcare system to make a better one through investment in teaching, training and infrastructure. The government is committed to return the healthcare system to a better quality than before by increasing the health care budget, which indicates a fundamental change in the government priorities in this vital sector. There are 360 hospital and 1609 healthcare clinic located in the provinces and tens of thousands private medical clinics.

Health indicators is of great importance to growth, standard of living and human capacity building. It is well known that the health status of the people in any country is considered as a main factor in the economical growth of the country. In Iraq, the Ministry of Health is in charge of determining the health level within a large system of hospitals and different medical clinics in addition to the private health sector represented by private hospitals and private medical clinics.

### Health Indicators reflecting the sector's status and development:

- Number of hospitals in Iraq (public and private) till 2013 is 360 hospital and 1609 healthcare center (except KRG).
- Number of doctors in hospitals and medical centers ( in private and public sectors) in 2011 is ( 20480 ) doctor of both genders while it was (19738) doctor in 2010 (except KRG).



## Investment Opportunities in Health Sector

No	Project's Name	Type of Investment Opportunities	Province
1.	General hospital, capacity: (400) beds-15 buildings ( 12 main healthcare centers / (1) typical healthcare center, specialized medical center).	New construction	Baghdad/ Al-Rusafa/ Bismayah New City
2.	Specialized cancer treatment center	New construction	Baghdad, Al Karkh and Al-Rusafa
3.	Arabic Child Hospital in Al-Karkh (50 beds)	New construction	Baghdad/ Al-Karkh
4.	3-4 Drugs and medical appliances factory.	New construction	Baghdad, Al Karkh and Al-Rusafa
5.	1 Sterility and fertility hospital, Capacity: (50 beds)	New construction	Baghdad in Al Karkh and Al-Rusafa
6.	1 Specialized ophthalmology hospital Capacity : ( 50 beds )	New construction	Baghdad , Al Karkh and Al-Rusafa
7.	1 Specialized cardiac surgery hospital capacity : (100 beds)	New construction	Baghdad, Al Karkh and Al-Rusafa
8.	Specialized Plastic surgery hospital (50 beds)	New construction	Baghdad, Al Karkh and Al-Rusafa
9.	2-3 hydrogen peroxide (pure O <sub>2</sub> )Plant	New Construction	Baghdad, Al Karkh and Al-Rusafa
10.	Complete medical city	New construction	Baghdad , Al Karkh and Al-Rusafa
11.	4 General hospitals , capacity: 100 bed each	New construction	Baghdad, Al-Karkh and Al-Rusafa
12.	4 Specialized medical centers, capacity : (50 bed)	New construction	Baghdad , Al-Karkh and Al-Rusafa



13.	Joint venture with international companies to run hospitals and other medical fields	Contracting with specialised companies to open new hospitals in Iraq	Baghdad , Al-Karkh and Al-Rusafa
14.	1 General Hospital Capacity : (+100 bed)	New construction	Babylon
15.	1 Specialized Heart and blood vessels surgery	New construction	Babylon
16.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Babylon
17.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVF (tube baby) center	New construction	Babylon
18.	1 Specialized ophthalmology center	New construction	Babylon
19.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment	New construction	Babylon
20.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Babylon
21.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Babylon
22.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Babylon
23.	1 hydrogen peroxide ( pure O <sub>2</sub> )Plant	New construction	Babylon
24.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Diyala
25.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Diyala
26.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Diyala
27.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Diyala
28.	1Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Diyala
29.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Diyala



30.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Diyala
31.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Diyala
32.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Diyala
33.	1 hydrogen peroxide ( pure O2)Plant	New construction	Diyala
34.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Saladin
35.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Saladin
36.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Saladin
37.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Saladin
38.	1Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Saladin
39.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Saladin
40.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Saladin
41.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Saladin
42.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Saladin
43.	1 hydrogen peroxide ( Pure O2)Plant	New construction	Saladin
44.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Wasit
45.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Wasit
46.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Wasit
47.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Wasit





48.	1 Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Wasit
49.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Wasit
50.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Wasit
51.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Wasit
52.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Wasit
53.	1 hydrogen peroxide (pure O <sub>2</sub> ) Plant	New construction	Wasit
54.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Kirkuk
55.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Kirkuk
56.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Kirkuk
57.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Kirkuk
58.	1 Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Kirkuk
59.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Kirkuk
60.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Kirkuk
61.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Kirkuk
62.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Kirkuk
63.	1 hydrogen peroxide (pure O <sub>2</sub> ) Plant	New construction	Kirkuk
64.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Nineveh
65.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Nineveh



66.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Nineveh
67.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Nineveh
68.	1 Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Nineveh
69.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Nineveh
70.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Nineveh
71.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Nineveh
72.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Nineveh
73.	2-3 hydrogen peroxide pure O <sub>2</sub> ) Plant	New construction	Nineveh
74.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Al-Anbar
75.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Al-Anbar
76.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Al-Anbar
77.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Al-Anbar
78.	1 Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Al-Anbar
79.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Al-Anbar
80.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Al-Anbar
81.	1 hydrogen peroxide (pure O <sub>2</sub> ) Plant	New construction	Al-Anbar
82.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Holy Karbala
83.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Holy Karbala



84.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Holy Karbala
85.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Holy Karbala
86.	1 Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Holy Karbala
87.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Holy Karbala
88.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Holy Karbala
89.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Holy Karbala
90.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Holy Karbala
91.	1 hydrogen peroxide (pureO <sub>2</sub> ) Plant	New construction	Holy Karbala
92.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Holy Najaf
93.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Holy Najaf
94.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Holy Najaf
95.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Holy Najaf
96.	1 Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Holy Najaf
97.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Holy Najaf
98.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Holy Najaf
99.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Holy Najaf
100.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Holy Najaf
101.	1 hydrogen peroxide (pureO <sub>2</sub> ) Plant	New construction	Holy Najaf
102.	2 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Basra



103.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Basra
104.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Basra
105.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Basra
106.	1 Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Basra
107.	2 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Basra
108.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Basra
109.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Basra
110.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Basra
111.	2 hydrogen peroxide(pure O2) Plant	New construction	Basra
112.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Maisan
113.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Maisan
114.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Maisan
115.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Maisan
116.	1 Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Maisan
117.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Maisan
118.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Maisan
119.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Maisan
120.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Maisan





121.	1 hydrogen peroxide (pure O <sub>2</sub> )Plant	New construction	Maisan
122.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Al-Diwaniah
123.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Al-Diwaniah
124.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Al-Diwaniah
125.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Al-Diwaniah
126.	1Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Al-Diwaniah
127.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Al-Diwaniah
128.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Al-Diwaniah
129.	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Al-Diwaniah
130.	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Al-Diwaniah
131.	1 hydrogen peroxide (pure O <sub>2</sub> )Plant	New construction	Al-Diwaniah
132.	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Thi Qar
133.	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Thi Qar
134.	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Thi Qar
135.	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Thi Qar
136.	4Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Thi Qar
137.	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Thi Qar
138.	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Thi Qar



<b>139.</b>	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Thi Qar
<b>140.</b>	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Thi Qar
<b>141.</b>	1 hydrogen peroxide (pure O2) Plant	New construction	Thi Qar
<b>142.</b>	1 General hospital capacity : (+ 100 beds)	New construction	Al Muthana
<b>143.</b>	1 Specialized Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	New construction	Al Muthana
<b>144.</b>	1 Specialized gynecology Center	New construction	Al Muthana
<b>145.</b>	1 Specialized Infertility and IVP (Tube Baby) Center	New construction	Al Muthana
<b>146.</b>	1 Specialized ophthalmology Surgery hospital	New construction	Al Muthana
<b>147.</b>	1 Specialized Cancer Treatment Center	New construction	Al Muthana
<b>148.</b>	1 Specialized in Laparoscopic surgery and laser center	New construction	Al Muthana
<b>149.</b>	1 Specialized Plastic Surgery Center	New construction	Al Muthana
<b>150.</b>	1 Complete Medical City	New construction	Al Muthana
<b>151.</b>	1 hydrogen peroxide (pure O2) Plant	New construction	Al Muthana



## 5- Housing and Infrastructure sector:

Economically speaking, housing is a very vital sector for the important roles it plays in the formation of the fixed capital, generating incomes and creating job opportunities and through the connection with other activities. Many countries which enjoy financial surpluses go to



maximizing the role of this sector, in other words considering it as a producing sector.

The Government of Iraq granted the private sector and the foreign investor the enabled role that may achieve touchable results in the housing production field by providing the lands suitable for housing purposes which will contribute to treating the problem of the residential slums and expanding in manufacturing the construction materials, taking into consideration the average growth of the Iraqi population and the fact of the need of 2 million housing units by 2015.

The contribution of this sector to the GDP in the fixed prices was approximately 85% for the year 2015, while contribution of this sector to the GDP in the fixed prices the years 2014 was 5.7%.



This sector greatly contributes to the increasing demand on the materials used in production in addition to addressing unemployment in Iraq. The National Investment Commission announced the national housing project to build 1 million housing units in all provinces of Iraq and have already started the implementation of the first stage of this huge project through constructing 100 thousand units in Baghdad (Bismaiya New Housing City Project) implemented by Hanawah



South Korean Company for Engineering & Construction, to build. These 100 thousand units is part of Baghdad's total housing quota of 224 thousand units.

The following table shows the housing units needed by each province according to the database available at the Ministry of Planning:

**Number of Housing Units that are to be implemented in each Province**

Province/ Region	Number of units
Anbar	45 thousand units
Babylon	54 thousand units
Baghdad	224 thousand units
Basra	80 thousand units
Diwania	35 thousand units
Diyala	43 thousand units
Holy Kerbala	31 thousand units
Kirkuk	40 thousand units
KRG	140 thousand units
Maysan	31 thousand units
Muthana	22 thousand units
Holy Najaf	37 thousand units
Nineveh	101 thousand units
Saladin	39 thousand units
Thi qar	58 thousand units
Wassit	36 thousand units





NIC is supervising the implementation of the project in all Iraqi provinces through facilitating the process of allocating lands for investors, while a group of Iraqi banks (Rafidain Bank, Rasheed Bank, and TBI) are regulating the financial processes regarding this project.

The National Investment Commission has announced many housing projects as investment opportunities, among which are the following:

- **Al-Rasheed Housing City Project (Al-Rasheed Military Camp formerly) at the Province of Baghdad:** this project includes the construction of a modern city of approximately seventy thousand housing unit with integrated services, the project's infrastructure shall include sport, medical, commercial, and entertainment centers. (the project is not assigned yet to any company)
- **Dhifaf Karbala Housing City Project at the Province of Holy Karbala:** This project includes the construction of a modern city of approximately forty thousand housing unit with integrated services, the project's infrastructure shall include sport, medical, commercial, and entertainment centers. The project was assigned to Bloom Emirate Real Estate Company and Al-Handhal International Group.
- **Al-Mustaqbal Housing City Project at the Province of Baghdad:**  
This project includes the construction of a modern city of an approximately thirty thousand housing unit, the city shall be supplied with the necessary services facilities. The project was assigned to Bloom Emirate Real Estate Company and Al-Handhal International Group).
- **Janatt Baghdad Housing City Project (Al-Dabbash Area formerly) at the Province of Baghdad:** This project includes the establishment of a vertical housing complex of twenty housing unit, the project's infrastructure shall include commercial, and entertainment centers. The project was assigned to Al-Hurra International Company.



## Available Investment Opportunities at Housing Sector

No.	Project name	Location	allocated area	Province
1.	Establishment of Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility).	Al-Tarimiyah District/Abo-Serioel Quarter.	5609 Dunam and 13 Ulks.	Baghdad
2.	Establishment of Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Al-Taji District/Sabie Al-Bour Quarter	47 Dunam and 21 Ulks.	Baghdad
3.	Establishment of Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Al-Mahmoudiyah District/Abo-Shamiea Quarter.	102 Dunam	Baghdad
4.	Establishment of Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Al-Nahrawan District/Al-Wihda Quarter.	47 Dunam	Baghdad
5.	Establishment of a Vertical Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	86/189 Al Qasim District.	41 Dunam	Babylon
6.	Establishment of a Vertical Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	11/ 14/ 38 meem/ Fayadhiyah, Qasim District	22 Dunam	Babylon
7.	Establishment of a Horizontal Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	5/1/1460 Hashmiya	55 Dunam	Babylon
8.	Establishment of a housing complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Al-Jazzera Qaurter.5818/1	55 Dunam	Babylon
9.	Establishment of a housing complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Macrory / Hilla 3/68978	46 Dunam	Babylon
10.	Establishment of a housing complex (According to investor's economic visibility),	1/2129 Hor Al Khan / Eskandaria	30 Dunam	Babylon



11.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	5427.6 meem 8 Khanaqeen Disrtict/ Hajj Qara Quarter.	62 Dunam	<b>Diyala</b>
12.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Mandili 2/ 50 meem 17 Imam Abdul- Rahman Quarter.	147 Dunam	<b>Diyala</b>
13.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	1/1/5 Eastren Part of Ba'aqoba Town.	Various Areas	<b>Diyala</b>
14.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Al-Khalis District 1/ 5661 meem 47 Jidaydat Al-Aghawat Qaurter.	145 Dunam	<b>Diyala</b>
15.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Tikrit Town/ southren part of the city	60 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
16.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Peigi Distritct/ Al- Mahatta Quarter	35 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
17.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Samara' City/ City center	70 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
18.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Toz City/ City center	90 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
19.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Balad City/ City center	40 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
20.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Al Hay 4652/1/11 Jamela	200 Dunam	<b>Wassit</b>
21.	Establishment of a Horizontal Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Al Sewaira/ 10720/3/2 Husainiya	214 Dunam	<b>Wassit</b>
22.	Establishment of a Housing horizontal Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Numaniya – 9409/6/18 Baghela	72 Dunam	<b>Wassit</b>



23.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Qahtaniya 1348/1	-1100	Nineveh
24.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Al Baaj 1/386 Q 51 Sinjar Island		Nineveh
25.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	part of plot 1/28/57 Qahtaniya	484 Dunam	Nineveh
26.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Part of the plot 375/ 1/ meem 51 Mahalabiyah District	135 Dunam	Nineveh
27.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Rabiaa 5/2093/66 Sida	6 Dunam	Nineveh
28.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	727/ 4 meem 65 Tal 'Afar Town/Nothern area	132 Donam	Nineveh
29.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	19/ 1 meem 4 'Athba District	130 Dunam	Nineveh
30.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plot 362/5-Section 65/ Tal 'Afar Town/Nothern area/Al-Tal Quarter	12 Dunam	Nineveh
31.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (consists of 10,500 Housing units).	Tal'Afar Town	13 Dunam	Nineveh
32.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plots no. :- 2/66-2/67- 2/68-2/69-2/70-2/71- 2/72-2/73-2/74-2/75- 2/76-2/77-2/78-2/79- 2/80-2/81-2/41-2/43- 2/45-2/47-2/48-51 section 46/Jaziratt Tal'Afar Al- Janobiyah Quarter	42 Dunam	Nineveh





33.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plots No.:- 4/847-4/848-4/845-Section 3/Eastern Part of Sinjar Quarter and the plot no.427/275-Section 4/Nasiriyah Quarter	18 Dunam	<b>Nineveh</b>
34.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (right of disposal /Housing Cooperative Association of Businessmen)	Plot 37/section 45/Kopakliyah	62 Dunam and 22 Ulks and 75 sq.m	<b>Nineveh</b>
35.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plot no.2/20-Section 37-Kirkuk Municipality	749 Dunam	<b>Kirkuk</b>
36.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plot no.13/3-Section.9-outside the basic design of the province	60 Dunam	<b>Kirkuk</b>
37.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plot no.97-section.53-Kirkuk Municipality	223 Dunam	<b>Kirkuk</b>
38.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plot no. 255-Section.24- outside the basic design of the province	500 Dunam	<b>Kirkuk</b>
39.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plot 356 /39 outside the basic design of the province	5 Dunam	<b>Kirkuk</b>
40.	Establishment of a Housing Units at Al-Amriyah of Falujah According to investor's economic visibility	Faluja City – Amriyah Town– within the municipality borders of Amriyah Town	387 Dunam	<b>Anbar</b>



41.	Establishment of a Housing Complex at Rawah According to investor's economic visibility	Anbar- Rawah town- within the borders of the municipality in the new extension of the town	108 Dunam	Anbar
42.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Anbar- Haditha Town- Dam of Haditha Town	102 Dunam	Anbar
43.	New Habbaniyah City (According to investor's economic visibility)	Anbar- Habbaniyah OWN- on Habbaniyah lake beach	16.000 Dunam	Anbar
44.	Establishment of Saladin Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Saladin area/ Dawajin Quarter	336 Dunam	Anbar
45.	Establishment of a Housing Complex at Faluja (According to investor's economic visibility)	Faluja town/ plot 2/ 5353	62 Dunam	Anbar
46.	Establishment of a Housing Complex for officials (According to investor's economic visibility)	Haswa Town/ Shamiyah District 83/ 28706/ meem 47	80 Dunam	Anbar
47.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	4/11 meem 32 Hartha District- behind Basrah- Baghdad Railway and behind Khamsa Meel area	13 Dunam	Basra
48.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Part of the plot 1/ 55 Northern Safwan District/ Zubair Town – Safwan District	81 Dunam	Basra
49.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plot no.17/2530- Section 7-Um-Qasir	37 Dunam and 2000 M2	Basra



50.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plot no.17/622/7-Um Qasir	61 Dunam and 1250 M2	Basra
51.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Part of the Plot no.10-Section.28-Baiban District	239 Dunam	Basra
52.	Establishment of a Housing Complex at Shatt- Al- Arab Town (According to investor's economic visibility)	Part of the Plot no.1/10-Section.28-Baiban District	275 Dunam	Basra
53.	Establishment of a Housing Complex at Shatt Al-Arab Town (According to investor's economic visibility)	The plot 1/ 6142 meem/ 61/ Abu- Al- Khseeb Town	50 Dunam	Basra
54.	Establishment of a Housing Complex for South Refineries Company (According to investor's economic visibility)	Zubair Town/ Section 52/ Shua'ibah District	2303 Dunam	Basra
55.	Establishment of a Housing Complex at Safwan (According to investor's economic visibility)	Zubair Town/ Southern Mouailhat District	2943 Dunam	Basra
56.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Plot no.1873/1849-Kut City-Zubair Town	50 Dunam and 1500 M2	Basra
57.	Establishment of a Housing Complex at Safwan municipality (According to investor's economic visibility)	Part of the plot no.420/ Northern Safwan District	119 Dunam	Basra
58.	Establishment of a Housing Complex at Safwan municipality (According to investor's economic visibility)	Part of the plot no.420/ Northern Safwan District	15 Dunam	Basra
59.	Establishment of a Housing Complex for South Refineries Company (According to investor's economic visibility)	Tannouma District	-according to project need	Basra



60.	Establishment of a Housing Complex for South Refineries Company (According to investor's economic visibility)	Fao Town	--according to project need	<b>Basra</b>
61.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility) announced by the State Company for Food Stuff Trading.	9/11-Section 17-tharwiyah District/Al-Zubair Town	21 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
62.	Al-Qiblah Housing Complex	Plot no.1/794/Al-Qiblah District	2 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
63.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Sabakh 1	100 duman	<b>Basra</b>
64.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Sabakh 2	101 duman	<b>Basra</b>
65.	Establishment of a Horizontal Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Center of Majar Al-Kabeer Town	79 Dunam	<b>Maysan</b>
66.	Establishment of a Horizontal Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Maymouna Town	79 Dunam	<b>Maysan</b>
67.	Establishment of a Horizontal Housing Complex for officials (According to investor's economic visibility)	Maymouna Town/ Adil District	32 Dunam	<b>Maysan</b>
68.	Establishment of a Horizontal Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility	Qal'at Salih Town	52 Dunam	<b>Maysan</b>
69.	Establishment of a Horizontal Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility	Maymouna constituency/ Salam District	38 Dunam	<b>Maysan</b>
70.	Establishment of a Horizontal Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility	Uzair District	16 Dunam	<b>Maysan</b>





71.	Establishment of a Horizontal Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility	Ali Al- Sharqi Town	38 Dunam	Maysan
72.	Establishment of a Horizontal Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility	Kahla Town	45 Dunam	Maysan
73.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (announced by Ministry of Construction and Housing) According to investor's economic visibility	Center of Emara City	-40 dunam	Maysan
74.	Establishment of a Housing Complex for Officials announced by the Ministry of Trade.	Al-Ufiyah District- 10/1368/Meem.5	9 Dunam	Maysan
75.	Establishment of Housing Complexes According to investor's economic visibility	22/ 11373/22/11374/22/1 1373/22/  11370/18/ Sadr Al- Yousifiyah District	25 Dunam	Diwaniyah
76.	Establishment of Housing Complexes According to investor's economic visibility	25/3337/5 um al abbasiyat	20 Dunam	Diwaniyah
77.	Establishment of Housing Complexes According to investor's economic visibility	Al-Rifa'aiee Town	150Dunam	Thi Qar
78.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	City center/ Commission of Thi Qar Oil Fields	112 Dunam	Thi Qar
79.	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility	Nasiriyah City	100 Dunam	Thi Qar
80.	Establishment of a Housing Complex (assigned by Ministry of Housing and Constructions) According to investor's economic visibility	Nasiriyah City	According to city need	Thi Qar



81.	Establishment of Housing Complexes According to investor's economic visibility	Nasiriyah City/Al-Baladiya	68 Dunam	Thi Qar
82.	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility	Al-Jibaiesh Town (outside the Municipality's Borders)	100 Dunam	Thi Qar
83.	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility	Al-Battha'a Town (outside the Municipality's Borders)	60 Dunam	Thi Qar
84.	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility	Al-Manar Town	61 Dunam	Thi Qar
85.	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility (new Nasriya City)	Nasriya	580 dunam	Thi Qar
86.	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal	Nasriya	93 dunam	Thi Qar
87.	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , Vertical for Ur company	Nasriya	2 dunam	Thi Qar
88.	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal for investment employees	Nasriya	20 dunam	Thi Qar
89.	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , vertical for integration employees	Nasriya	3 dunam	Thi Qar
90.	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal for electricity employees	Nasriya	119 dunam	Thi Qar



<b>91.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal for inspection employees	Nasriya	4 dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
<b>92.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal	Rifae	150 dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
<b>93.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , vertical	Rifae	234 dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
<b>94.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal	Al Gharaf	160 dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
<b>95.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal	Suq Al Shiukh	225 dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
<b>96.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal	Al Tar	100 dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
<b>97.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal	Al Fajir	88 dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
<b>98.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal	Al Fouhod	75 dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
<b>99.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal	Qalaat Sukar	100 dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
<b>100.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility , horizontal	Al Nasir	136 dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>



<b>101.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility announced by the Ministry of Trade	Abu Mahar Samawa/ 23/ 128/ meem 6	98 Dunam	<b>Muthanna</b>
<b>102.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex (consists of 800 Housing Units)	Al-Jazirah Town	39 Dunam	<b>Holly Karbala</b>
<b>103.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility announced by the State Company for Food Stuff Trading.	3/8510/Section.61/ Al-Jazirah Town	4 Dunam	<b>Holly Karbala</b>
<b>104.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility announced by the State Company for Food Stuff Trading.	3/5751-Section.61- Al-Jazirah Town	2 Dunam	<b>Holly Karbala</b>
<b>105.</b>	Establishment of a Multi-Storey Housing Complex (According to investor's economic visibility)	Southern part of Holly Karbala Province between the new Cemetery and the green belt.	194 Dunam/170 Dunam	<b>Holly Karbala</b>
<b>106.</b>	Establishment of a Housing Complex According to investor's economic visibility	Al Kufa/ Abo Madhi	38 dunam	<b>Holly Najaf</b>





## 7. Transportation Sector

It is one of the important economic sectors for its direct impact on the daily life of people and its tangled connection with the other economic sectors which can't be improved and developed without good infrastructure and efficient services of the transport system and all types of land usage requires a road net that meets its needs.



This sector is characterized by a big contribution of the local and foreign private sector and investments in implementing and operating lots of its projects.

The contribution of this sector to the GDP in the fixed prices was approximately 2.7 % for the year 2014,

Iraq has planned to exploit its special geographic location in developing the transport sector in all its branches (land, maritime and air), the matter that will help in achieving the economic growth and creating lots of job opportunities in the international commercial businesses especially when developing the sector's infrastructure which will result in diversifying revenues and providing better services to people and all users.





## Available Investment Opportunities in Transportation

N.	Company Name	Project Name	Province	Estimated Cost (billion dollar bw)	Execution Period	Suggestions
1	State Company for Private Transport	Al- Khilany Garage	Baghdad	60	24 months	Establishment of an international transportation station upon modern architectural specifications as per the prepared designs
		Abo-Ghraib Garage	Baghdad	18	24 months	Utilization of front side elevations to establish offices and commercial and services shops.
		Second New-Baghdad Garage	Baghdad	25	28 months	Utilization of the added space (market) to establish a modern market at floor no. 1, while floor no. 2 and floor no.3 shall be established as a Mall that consists of commercial and services offices.
		Al-Umah Garage	Baghdad	5	12 months	Utilization of Garage's front side to establish a two-storey building that includes offices and services shops.
		Al-Umh Garage	Babylon	15	18 months	Establishment of three-storey Mall that includes commercial offices and car park.
		Al- Soub alsagheer Garage	Babil	15	18 months	Utilization of the yard corresponding to the Garage's front side to establish a two-storey shopping building that includes offices and medical clinics.



		Al- Haritha Garage	Basrah	10	18 months	Utilization of the Garage's front side to establish a two-storey building that includes offices depending on the available space of the Garage.
		Al-Moufakhya Garage	Basrah	10	18 months	Utilization of the Garage's front side to establish a two-storey building that includes offices depending on the available space of the Garage.
		International Transportation Garage	Wasit	40	24 months	Establishment of an international transportation based on developed specifications, the station is to include offices, waiting halls and car parks.
		Al- Mutanabi Station for Transportation	Wasit	40	24 months	Establishment of a developed transportation station that includes all required services facilities.
		(Ihiaa Mokaiaam) Transportation Station	Karbala	21	18 months	Establishment of a developed transportation station that includes all required services facilities.
2	State Company for Travelers and delegates transportation	Establishment of a Tourist Hotel	Baghdad	-----	-----	A feasibility study was previously prepared to establish a tourist Hotel on the piece of land corresponding to Buratha Mosque which is located at Al-Etifiyah District, since Al-etifiyah District is considered as a religious tourists District.
3	State Company for Iraqi Airways	5-star Hotel	Baghdad	90 Billion Dinar	3 years	Establishment of 5-star Hotel at the areas surrounding the Airport.
		Hotel 3-star Hotel	Karbala	16 billion dinar	18 months	Establishment of 3-star Hotel for Aircraft Crew.



4	State Company for Implementation of Transport Project	Establishment of Asphalt Plant	Al-Yousifya	10 billion dinar	2 years	<p>Production of Asphalt in order to be provided to Ministry's projects and projects of other Ministries in Bghadad Province and its surrounding areas.</p> <p>In addition to the above mentioned, Asphalt production shall be provided to roads developmet projects of Bghadad Province in cooperation with the current exsiting plants in order to participate in the campaign of rebuilding Iraq.</p>
		Establishment Concrete plant	Abu – Ghraib	9 billion dinar	2 years	



## Strategic Projects Opportunities for the Ministry of Transportation

### First: State Company For Iraqi Railways

Project Name	Details	Length (k.m)	Type of line	Signs& Communications		Speed (k.m /Hours)		Transportation Capacity (million)		Estimated Cost for project Establishment (million dollar)			Execution Period
						passengers	PRODUCTES Goods	passengers	PRODUCTES Goods				
<b>The Circular line (Around the city of Baghdad)</b>	The detailed designs were prepared by the Italian consultancy firm (Sotakni) in 1982, the length of the doubled circular path is (112) K.m, and the total length of the main path and its branch lines is (284) K.m.	284	mix	ERTMS /LEVEL 2	25	200	140	23	46	430	2000	2430	5 years
<b>Basrah - Fao</b>	The detailed designs were newly prepared by the German consultancy Firm (Dorsch Group).	100	double	ERTMS /LEVEL 1	25	140	100	1	70	300	1410	1710	3 years
<b>Basrah – Shalamjah -Iran</b>	A primary study was prepared by the staff of the State Company of Iraqi Railways. A new detailed designs are required to be prepared.	35	double	ERTMS /LEVEL 1	25	120	80	2	10	135	500	635	3 years

<b>Musaib – Karbela – Najaf-Samawa</b>	The detailed designs were prepared by the Italian consultancy firm (Sotakni) in 1982. The designs were updated lately by the Italian Consultancy Firm (Etal Fair).	228	double	ERTMS /LEVEL 2	25	250	140	6	2	750	2400	3150	3 years
<b>Mosul-Duhok – Zakoh-Turkey</b>	The detailed designs were prepared by the British Consultancy Firm (Hinderson Huges) in 1982. The updated detailed designs are currently conducted by the Czech Consultancy Firms (AKB), (CZ) and (Power Office).	160	double	ERTMS /LEVEL 2	25	200	140	1	55	450	2157	2607	3 years
<b>Baghdad-Kut-Imarah-Basra)</b> <b>The branch line (Kut-Nasriyah-Shua'aibah-Um Qasr)</b>	the detailed designs are old and missing, it was prepared by the British Consultancy Firm (Hinderson Huges) in 1982. The main line (Baghdad-Kut- Imarah-Basra) of (504) K.m length (double line), and the branch line (Kut-Nasriyah-Shua'aibah-Um Qasr) of (406) K.m length (double track).	910	double	ERTMS /LEVEL 2	25	250	140	14	35	2730	11000	13730	7 years



<b>(Baghdad-Baqubah-Kirkuk-Erbil-Mosul), and its branch line (Baqubah-Khanqeen-Al Munthriya h-Iran)</b>	the detailed designs were prepared by the French Cosultancy Firm (Souverl) in 1982. The updated detailed designs are currently being conducted by the Czech Consultancy Firm (CZ Group). The length of the double line is (455) K.m and the length of the single lines (which can be doubled), is (200) K.m. The length of the main lines and branches lines, ranges between (700 to 750) K.m.	700	mix	ERTMS /LEVEL 2	25	250	140	6	20	1650	7000	8650	7 years
<b>Kirkuk - Sulimanya</b>	The detailed designs were newly prepared by the Consultancy Firm (Mosure Automatica).	120		ERTMS /LEVEL 2	25	200	140	2	6	350	3000	3350	5 years & half
<b>Ramadi-Kerbala</b>	The detailed deisgns were prepared by the Italian consultancy firm (Sotakni) in 1982. The detailed designs were newly prepared by the German consultancy Firm (Dorsch Group).	133	double	ERTMS /LEVEL 2	25	250	140	3	36	400	1500	1900	3 years

<b>Railway line connecting Iraq and Jordan (through Rutba-Tribil Cross Point).</b>	The detailed designs were newly prepared by the German consultancy Firm (Dorsch Group).	400	Single (can be doubled)	ERTMS /LEVEL 2	25	250	140	3	12	50	4000	4050	5 years
<b>Shuaiba-Zubair-Al Muraid- -- Safwan-Kuwait</b>	The detailed designs were newly prepared by the Italian Consultancy Firm (Etal Fair). The length of this project depends on the execution of other projects that will be established in the future, the estimated length of the said project may reach (14) K.m from (Mareed Station to Safwan)	52	double	ERTMS /LEVEL 2	25	250	140	2	20	150	500	650	3 years
<b>Kut - Baquba</b>	New detailed designs are required to be prepared for this project since there are no detailed designs or any documents existed for this project.	250	double	ERTMS /LEVEL 2	25	250	140	6	20	750	3000	3750	4 years

**Second:****State Company for Ports of Iraq :**

N.	Updated Investment Opportunities	Estimated Cost (bw)
1	Establishment of Al- Faw Grand Port	6
2	Establishment of (13) multi – purpose jetty at Um Qasr	500
3	Establishment of (13) multi – purpose jetty at Khur Al-Zubair port	500

**Third:****General Company for Airports:**

N.	Updated Investment Opportunities	Estimated Cost
1	Middle Euphrates International Airport Project (MEIA)	1,9



## 7- Industry and Minerals sector

The Industrial sector is seen as one of the most prominent component of the non- oil economy, and the Ministry of Industry and Minerals (MIM) is considered as the main pillar for the industrial policy in Iraq which encourages investment according to investment law for the year 2006 as amended and it runs the state owned enterprises (SOEs) and seeks to develop these SOEs in cooperation with other sides willing to invest to raise efficiency of performance. MIM also specified a number of projects through which it aims at attracting foreign investments especially that this Ministry already has a number of investment bases and regulations.



Law No.22 for the year 1997 (regarding state owned companies) focuses on rehabilitating the operating plants which employ capitals and special expertise and it allows the SOEs to conclude agreements with foreign investors who will also be covered by the incentives and privileges provided by the investment law No. 13 for the year 2006 that encourages investment and it also provide protection to foreign investments in this sector among other economic sectors. The contribution of this sector to GDP in fixed price has reached (3.1%) for the year 2014.



MIM launched an ambitious program in 2005 for granting licenses to establish joint ventures and production sharing agreements for the purpose of promoting investment in this sector where investor should undertake all the rehabilitation processes, management and operating the plant at his own within the framework of the investment concept announced by the Ministry against a share of the production within a pre specified duration of 15-20 years, and the investor is free to suggest rehabilitation through rehabilitating the available machines and equipments or substitute all by new machinery, in all cases, the Ministry will be an active partner and shall be ready to provide the investor with all available database in addition to helping in issuing the entry visas for the technical teams to the plant sites.

The developments in this sector included evaluating the suggestions to reduce the imports volumes to reinforce domestic products and ensure a package of comprehensive reforms which guarantee protection of investors' benefits and help to maintain a framework for the sustainable investment in SOEs, it is expected that the reforms package wall not only lead to rehabilitate this sector but will result in producing new proactive energies and enforcing the available laws.



Iraq currently has diversified light and heavy industries like carpets, automobile assembling, pharmaceuticals, petrochemicals, fertilizers and other more industries. It is hoped that SOEs can play an important role in supplying both the state and private industries with the required products and services in light of applying a series of technical and management reforms and the investment directions to improve the quality of performance and production.

MIM has more than 72 SOEs that deal with various sectors which can be shown in the table below:

Sector	No. of companies
Engineering sector	28
Food & Chemical Industries	18
Construction	6
Textile	7
Services Sector	4
Others	9
Total	72

**\*according to Ministry of Industry & Mineral's letter/Investment Department, numbered 4571 on 21/2/2015**

Most of SOEs works in low capacities for the following reasons:

- 1- Old machinery, equipments and production lines as most of them were provided during the seventies and eighties of the last century.
- 2- Old technology that does not match the international progress in the industrial sector
- 3- The unreliable national power grid that can't meet the electrical needs of industrial plants.
- 4- Domestic market opening up to imported products, the matter that impacted the competitiveness of the national products.

Consequently, MIM has adopted a plan to rehabilitate and develop most of SOEs through partnering with Arab and foreign private sector.

### **The Role of Government in the Industrial Sector**

MIM is aiming at rehabilitating its companies or turning them into state or private joint stock companies and has announced a number of investment profiles for several companies, some of which have already been won by





investors in order to be rehabilitated and operated, while issuance of investment law No. 13 for the year 2006 as amended has contributed much to reinforcing this trend.

Legal frameworks that govern the process of rehabilitating SOEs in addition to investment law can be shown below:

**State companies' law No. 22 for the year 1997 as amended:**

This law regulates the work of the state owned companies, the provision (15/3) of the same law allows the state company to conclude partnership with foreign company to implement a business that lays within the state company activities in Iraq depending on the legal basis for the partnership contracts included in the state companies law which gave the right to these companies to partner with Arab and foreign companies and enterprises to implement works relevant to the state companies objectives inside Iraq.

Public sector projects that are to be rehabilitated or operated with private and mixed sector, are covered with all privileges and guarantees prescribed in the investment law no.13 of 2006 (the first amendment of investment law no.13 of 2006 (Article 6/B), that was added to the text of (Article 32).The law applies to the projects agreed on and contracted before the enforcement of this law.

**Companies law No. 21 for the year 1997 as amended:**

Provision No. (8) of this law allows limited companies to form projects where the state contributes less than 25% of the capital shares.



## Available Investment Opportunities at Ministry of Industry and Minerals announced as Investment Opportunities which includes (New Projects and Rehabilitation Projects)

Below, you can find the table of Available Investment Opportunities at Ministry of Industry and Minerals that are distributed in terms of the type of the project and form of investment and according to the Province the project is located in bases on management and production partnership.

For rehabilitation projects, the goal is to increase the production capacity and as for the new project, the goal is to attract direct investments.

**Table of available investment opportunities at the Ministry distributed on two types, new projects and rehabilitation projects in each Province.**

No	Project	State Company	Project type	Estimated cost	capacity	Location (Province)
1.	Medical Bandage Factory	State Company for Cotton Manufacturing	Rehabilitation and Development	\$4 m.	412 Ton/ year	Baghdad/ Kadhimiya
2.	Al-Ameen Factory	State Company for Vegetable Oils	Rehabilitation and Development	\$11 m.	16200 Ton/ year	Baghdad
3.	Al-Ma'moon Factory	State Company for Vegetable Oils	Rehabilitation and Development	\$21 m.	38950 Ton/ year	Baghdad
4.	Al-Rasheed Factory	State Company for Vegetable Oils	Rehabilitation and Development	\$ 16 m.	34.700 Ton/ year	Baghdad
5.	Production of Electric Industries and Cooling Systems	State Company for Electric Manufacture	Rehabilitation and Development	\$ 50 m.	-	Baghdad
6.	specialized equipment and Surveillance Camera factory	Fidaa State Company	Rehabilitation and Development	\$8 m.	-	Baghdad



7.	Battery Production Factory	State Company for Battery Manufacture	Rehabilitation and Development	\$13 m.	500 thousand citric battery	Baghdad
8.	Factory of Tahadi Company (Mechanic and Station installation)	Tahadi State Company	Rehabilitation and Development	\$18 m.	-	Baghdad
9.	Plastic factory	State Co. for Construction industries	Rehabilitation and Development	\$12 m	16 thousand ton	Baghdad
10.	Metal rolling factory	Al Smood State Co.	Rehabilitation and Development	\$ 10 m	50 thousand ton	Baghdad
11.	Al Mansoor factory	Vegitable oils co.	Rehabilitation and Development	\$12 m	300 thousand ton	Baghdad
12.	Medical gases factory	State Co. for drugs manufacturing	Rehabilitation and Development	\$10 m	200 L/H	<b>Baghdad</b>
13.	Cable Factory	Ur State Company	Rehabilitation and Development	\$ 30 m.	52346 Ton/ year	Thi Qar
14.	Aluminum Portion Factory	Ur State Company	Rehabilitation and Development	\$ 25 m.	51100 Ton/ year	Thi Qar
15.	Petrochemical Production Factory	State Company for Petrochemical Productions	New Establishment	\$ 2 b. 30 %state funding %70 private sector	460 thousand ton/ year	Thi Qar or Basra
16.	Abu Al-Khaseeb Fertilizer Factory	Sothern State Company for Fertilizer Manufacture	New Establishment	\$ 500 m.	500 thousand Ton/ Day	Basra



17.	Factories of State Company for Petrochemical Manufacturing	State Company for Petrochemical Industries	New Establishment	\$ 2 b.	1 million Ton/year	Basra
18.	Vertical Soledad Pipe Factory	State Company for Iron and Steel	New Establishment	\$ 300 m. %30 state funding %70 private sector	350.000 Ton/year	Basra
19.	Nitrogen Fertilizer Factory	Sothern State Company for Fertilizer Manufacturing	New Establishment	\$ 920 m. \$276 m funded by the Gov. (%30)	1 Million Ton/year	Basra
20.	Basra Paper factory	State Co. for paper manufacturing	Rehabilitation and Development	\$45 m	60.000 Ton/year	<b>Basra</b>
21.	Oil canning project	Vegetable Oils	New Establishment	% 100 Foreign Investment	250.000 ton	<b>Basra</b>
22.	Kaolin Alum Factory	State Company for Mishraq Sulfur	New Establishment	\$ 25 m.	50.000 Ton/year	Nineveh
23.	Sulfuric Acid Factory	State Company for Al Mishraq Sulfur	New Establishment	\$ 10 m.	20.000 Ton/year	Nineveh
24.	Alumina Sulfide Factory	Mishraq Sulfur	New Establishment	\$25 m.	500.000 Ton	Nineveh
25.	Maisan Plastic Factory	-State Co. for construction manufacturing	Rehabilitation and Development	\$ 22 m.	16.000 Ton/year	Maisan



26.	Mu'tasim Factory (Ali-Al-Hadi)	State Company for Vegetable Oils	Rehabilitation and Development	\$24 m.	16.900 Ton	Maisan
27.	Maisan Paper Factory	State Company for Paper Manufacture	Rehabilitation and Development	\$50 m.	57.000 Ton/year	Maisan
28.	Glass boards Factory	State Company for Glass and Ceramic Manufacture	Rehabilitation and Development	\$5 m.	300.000 Ton/year	Anbar
29.	Glass bottles factory	State Company for Glass and Ceramic Manufacture	Rehabilitation and Development	\$21m	32.000 ton/year	Anbar
30.	Cement Production Factory	State Company for Cement Manufacture	New Establishment	\$ 25 m.	300.000 Ton/year	Anbar
31.	Plates factory	State Company for Glass and Ceramic Manufacture	Rehabilitation and Development	\$22m	22.000 ton/year	Anbar
32.	Walls Ceramic factory	State Company for Glass and Ceramic Manufacture	Rehabilitation and Development	\$5m	500.000 m <sup>2</sup> /year	Anbar
33.	Bathroom Tiles Factory	State Company for Glass and Ceramic Manufacture	Rehabilitation and Development	\$6m	5.000 ton/year	Anbar
34.	Flat Glass project	State Company for Glass and Ceramic Manufacture	New Establishment	\$180 m %30 state funding %70 private sector	120.000 ton	Anbar
35.	Samawa Cement Factories (2)	Sothern State Company for Cement Manufacture	New Establishment	\$ 350 m.	2 million Ton/year	Muthanna





36.	Factory of State Company for Tire Production	State Company for Tire Manufacture	Rehabilitation and Development	\$ 50 m.	576.000 tire and 2 m pipe/ Year	Holy Najaf
37.	Ductile Pipe Factory	-	New Establishment	\$ 260 m. %24 state funding	55.000 Ton/ year	Babylon on
38.	Disposable syringes Factory	State Company for Drug Production	Rehabilitation and Development	\$ 1 m.	80 Million syringe	Babylon
39.	Tractors and Agricultural Production Factory	State Company for Mechanic Industries	Modernization and Development	\$ 30 m.	-	Babylon
40.	Tires Factory	State Co. for Rubber manufacture	Rehabilitation and Development	\$35 m	306.000 tire and 1.1 m pipe	Dewaniya
41.	Transformers, Optic Cable, and Electric Gage Provision Factory	Diyala State Company for Electric Industries	Rehabilitation and Development	\$ 12 m.	-	Diayla
42.	<b>Rubber Production Factory</b>	<b>State company for rubber Industries</b>	<b>Rehabilitation and Development</b>	<b>\$ 35 m.</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>Diayla</b>
43.	<b>Iron factory</b>	<b>Diyala State Co.</b>	<b>Rehabilitation and Development</b>	<b>\$ 2m</b>	<b>180.000 iron</b>	<b>Diyala</b>
44.	<b>Fans Factory</b>	<b>Diyala State Co.</b>	<b>Rehabilitation and Development</b>	<b>\$ 3m</b>	<b>500.000 fan</b>	<b>Diyala</b>
45.	Sparking plug Factory	Diyala State Co.	Rehabilitation and Development	\$ 2m	15 fan	Diyala



## Investment Opportunities Announced by the Provinces in the Industrial Sector

No	Project	Location	Project Assigned Plot	Province
1.	Phosphoric $H_3PO_4$ and Sulfuric $H_2SO_4$ Acids Production Factory	Qaim Town, Westward of Anbar Province, near Ukashat mine, near Rutba Town	To be determined according to the project need, the location at al-khamat (Al-Manajam) or in industrial cities	Anbar
2.	Portland Cement Production Factory	Rutba Town, Westward of Anbar Province, near raw material site	To be determined according to the project need and the raw material location (mines) or at the industrial cities.	Anbar
3.	Salt Resistant Cement Production Factory	Rutba Town, Westward of Anbar Province, near raw material site	To be determined according to the project need and the raw material location (mines) or at the industrial cities.	Anbar
4.	Magnesia MGO, Magnetite $MgCO_3$ and Magnesium Sulfate Production Project	Rutba, or any other site agreed on by the investor.	To be determined according to the project need and the raw material location (mines) or at the industrial cities.	Anbar
5.	Ferro-Silicon Factory	At the industrial city.	10 Dunam	Anbar
6.	Garbage Recirculation Factory	Ramadi Town, province 36/ Jabal, Plot 1/ 5111	25 Dunam	Anbar



7.	Iron Scrap Gather and melt Project	Near the industrial area at 35 <sup>th</sup> Km.	25 Dunam	Anbar
8.	Industrial City at Ramadi	Near 35 <sup>th</sup> Km, along the highway/ part of 83/ 33596 jeem 47, Shamiya Haswa	3.000 Dunam	Anbar
9.	Industrial City at Ana Town	Ana town	3.600 Dunam	Anbar
10.	Industrial City at Heet	Heet Town- Plot no 390/ 460, province 6, Haswat Al-Shamiyah, on the left side of Heet- Kubaisah road. 2km away from the road.	600 Dunam	Anbar
11.	Industrial Complex alkaline and chlorine production	Al-Simawha Salty land	50 Dunam	Al-Muthana
12.	Iodized Salt Factory	Al-Simawha Salty land	20 Dunam	Al-Muthana
13.	Sodium Carbonate Factory	Al-Badiyah	25 Dunam	Al-Muthana
14.	Cement Production Factory	Al-Salman	400 Dunam	Al-Muthana
15.	Cement Production Factory	Basiyah	400 Dunam	Al-Muthana
16.	Paper Bags for Packaging Cement	Al-Badiyah	25 Dunam	Al-Muthana
17.	Household detergents Factory	Al-Warkaa	25 Dunam	Al-Muthana
18.	Water and soft drinks Packaging Factory	Al-Warkaa	20 Dunam	Al-Muthana
19.	Industrial Service City	Al-Badiyah	50 Dunam	Al-Muthana
20.	Logistic Service City	Al-Warkaa	50 Dunam	Al-Muthana
21.	Dairy Products Factory	Al-Rumaitha	15 Dunam	Al-Muthana
22.	Garbage Recycling Factory	Al-Samawah	20 Dunam	Al-Muthana
23.	Industrial City/ Construction Industries	Plot 14/3/ meem 29/ Abu Agarib	320 Dunam	Babylon



24.	Industrial City	Plot 2/17, 1/17 Abu Smaich Al Kifl town	3.5 Dunam	Babylon
25.	Industrial City in Nile	Plot 1/1/m/24 eastern stream	400 dunums	Babylon
26.	Industrial City/Food Stuff	Plot 1/1/meem 5/Al-Shattiyah	14 Dunam	Babylon
27.	Dates Factory in Midhatiys	Plot 24/1/m9 Al Awadil	4 dunam	Babylon
28.	Hitteen Company Site	Investment zone for heavy and medium industries. A special system is being done by the NIC with cooperation with OECD.	6.000 Dunam	Babylon
29.	Industrial City	Ba'quba, down town	500 Dunam	Diyala
30.	Manufacturing and assembling of water purification systems	Ba'quba, Industrial City.	10 Dunam	Diyala
31.	Food Industry Complex	Industrial City	200 Dunam	Diyala
32.	Petrochemical Industry Complex	Industrial City	100 Dunam	Diyala
33.	Mechanical Industry Complex	Industrial City	25 Dunam	Diyala
34.	Furniture Industry Complex	Industrial City	20 Dunam	Diyala
1.	Garments Industry Complex	Industrial City	Dunam15	Diyala
2.	Sport Devices and Equipment Industry Complex	Industrial City	25 Dunam	Diyala
3.	Modern Industrial City	Plot 1/9/meem 24/Tal Abo Rassin/Ba'quba-Kina'an	350 Dunam	Diyala
4.	7 Garbage Recirculation Factories at the Province Center and its Districts.	Tikrit and its Districts	Various areas	Saladin



5.	Grinding Mill	Plot 162/1220/meem 32/Tal Al-Banat	2 Dunam	Saladin
6.	Cement factory	Badrah Town	100 Dunam	Wassit
7.	Brick factory	Badrah Town	50 Dunam	Wassit
8.	Vegetable Oils Factory	3/9. 3/15, 3/18, 3/12, and 3/11 meem34 Algawiyah, Kut	200 Dunam	Wassit
9.	Garbage Recirculation Factory	Province center, Towns and Districts	Various areas	Wasit
10.	Diary Factory	Province center, Towns and Districts	Various areas	Wasit
11.	Industrial City	Jasan town	1600 duman	Wasit
12.	Establishing an Integrated Industrial City	Laylan District	1.000 Dunam	Kirkuk
13.	Establishing Modern and developed Yellow Corn Factory	Hawijah Constituency	10 Dunam	Kirkuk
14.	Establishing Modern Integrated Brick factory according to International standards	Center of Kirkuk	25 Dunam	Kirkuk
15.	Industrial City	Penja Ali District	514 Dunam	Kirkuk
16.	Industrial City	Taza District	169 Dunam	Kirkuk
17.	Construction Projects	Karbala- Construction Industries area- Ayn Al-Tamr Road, Near Thermo-stone Factory	442 Dunam	Holy Kerbala
18.	Thermo-stone factory with not less than 1.000 cubic meter/ Day	Kerbala- Ayn Al-Tamr Road, Near Thermo-stone Factory	6 Dunam	Holy Kerbala





19.	Colored Glass Production Project.	Southern part of Kerbala-Najaf High-land	Vast areas are available	Holy Kerbala
20.	Industrial Zone for Light Industries	Northwest of Al-Hurr Town	722 Dunam	Holy Karbala
21.	Industrial City	Zubair Town/ Part of the plot 32 meem 43 Northern Arkli	880 Dunam	Basrah
22.	Industrial City	Zubair Town/ 7/ 1 meem 56, Southern Arkli	600 out of 2.000 Dunam	Basra
23.	Establishment of Tomato paste Factory	Safwan/ Part of the plot 10/4 meem 6 Southern Mouaylihat	12 Dunam	Basra
24.	Dates production	Plot 218/32/meem 7/Nahar Khoz	1,170 sq.m	Basra
25.	Industrial Zone	Plot 91/meem 17/Hadamah	3,500 Dunam	Basra
26.	Industrial Zone	2/1/meem 62/Al-Sabakh Lands	-	Basra
27.	Food, Light Complementary industries, and Construction Factories	8 km away from Province Center	125 Hectometer	Maisan
28.	Laboratories for Oil Industries	Province Center	20,000 Dunam	Maisan
29.	Garbage Recirculation Factories	Province Center and the Districts	6000 Dunam	Maisan
30.	Industrial Area	Province Center	4,000 Dunam	Maisan
31.	Industrial Area	Nasiriya	100 Dunam	Thi Qar
32.	Pre cast factory	Nasiriya	3 duman	Thi Qar
33.	Partition boards	Nasiriya	20 duman	Thi Qar
34.	Garbage Recirculation Factory	Al Rifaee	10 Dunam	Thi Qar
35.	Garbage Recirculation Factories	Shatra	5 Dunam	Thi Qar



36.	Electric Devices Manufacture Factory	Out of Municipality Borders	1 Dunam	Thi Qar
37.	Iron and Steel Factory	Out of Municipality Borders	5 Dunam	Thi Qar
38.	Food Manufacture Factory	Out of Municipality Borders	3 Dunam	Thi Qar
39.	Woolen Woven Factory	Out of Municipality Borders	1 Dunam	Thi Qar
40.	Paper Garbage Recirculation Factory	Chibaysh	25 Dunam	Thi Qar
41.	Dairy Production Factory	Al-Shattrah Town	2 Dunam	Thi Qar
42.	Grinder and Mill	Al-Shattrah Town	1 Dunam	Thi Qar
43.	Animal feed Factory	Al-Shattrah Town	2 Dunam	Thi Qar
44.	Plastic Pipes Factory	Al-Shattrah Town	2 Dunam	Thi Qar
45.	Vinger and Molasses Factory	Al-Shattrah Town	2 Dunam	Thi Qar
46.	Chemical Materials Factory	Al-Shattrah Town	2 Dunam	Thi Qar
47.	Electrical Equipment and devices Factory	Al-Shattrah Town	1 Dunam	Thi Qar
48.	Tomato Paste Production Factory	Al-Shattrah Town	3 Dunam	Thi Qar
49.	Industrial Factory	Al-Shattrah Town	2 Dunam	Thi Qar
50.	Chemical Industries Factory	Al-Rifa'aiee District	1 Dunam	Thi Qar
51.	Garbage Recycling Factory	Al-Rifa'aiee District	10 Dunam	Thi Qar
52.	Grinder and Mill for Grains	Al-Rifa'aiee District	10 Dunam	Thi Qar
53.	Gas Factory	Al-Jibaiesh District	1 Dunam	Thi Qar
54.	Mineral Water Factory	Al-Jibaiesh District	4 Dunam	Thi Qar
55.	Food Production Factory	Qal'att Sukkar	4 Dunam	Thi Qar



56.	Ice Production Factory	Al-Isla'ah District	4 Dunam	Thi Qar
57.	Bitmoss Fertilizers Factory	Al-Isla'ah District	10 Dunam	Thi Qar
58.	Dairy Factory	Al-Isla'ah District	10 Dunam	Thi Qar
59.	Paper and Wood Panels Factory	Al-Isla'ah District	50 Dunam	Thi Qar
60.	Animal Feed Factory	Al-Isla'ah District	10 Dunam	Thi Qar
61.	Animal Feed Factory	Sayed Dakhell District	100 Dunam	Thi Qar
62.	Mineral Water Factory	Al-Batha'a District	2 Dunam	Thi Qar
63.	Mineral Water Factory	Al-Tarr Distrcit	3 Dunam	Thi Qar
64.	Dairy and Mineral Water Factory	Al-Tarr Distrcit	20 Dunam	Thi Qar
65.	Industrial Project	Al-Tarr Distrcit	8 Dunam	Thi Qar
66.	Industrial Project	Al-Tarr Distrcit	4 Dunam	Thi Qar
67.	Animal Feed Factory	Al-Tarr Distrcit	4 Dunam	Thi Qar
68.	Mineral Water Factory	Al-Dawiyah District	1,200 sq.m	Thi Qar
69.	Animal Feed Factory	Al-Dawiyah District	50 Dunam	Thi Qar
70.	<b>Establishing an Industrial area</b>	<b>Out of Province Center</b>	<b>300 Dunam</b>	Diwaniyah



## Table of the Investment Opportunities in the Industrial Sector Available at Ministry of Trade

No	Project	Company	Project Type	Allocated Land	Location
1	Food Stuff Packaging Factory	State Company of Food Staff Trade	New Establishment	20 Dunam	Baghdad/ Taji
2	An Integrated Store	State Company of Food Staff Trade	New Establishment	6 Dunam	Baghdad/ Jamila
3	Stores and marketing complex with its facilities	State Company of Food Staff Trade	New Establishment	10 Dunam	Holy Karbala/Al-Jazirah District
4	Rehabilitation of cooled stores	State Company of Food Staff Trade	New Establishment	50 Dunam	Diwaniyahl Shaf'iia
5	Rehabilitation of cooled Stores	State Company of Food Staff Trade	Rehabilitation	200 Dunam	Basra/ Hartha
6	Rehabilitation of Freeze Store	State Company of Food Staff Trade	New Establishment	22 Dunam	Basra/ Khor Al-Zubair
7	Rehabilitation of cooled Store	State Company of Food Staff Trade	Rehabilitation	21 Dunam	Basra/ Khor Al-Zubair
8	Food Factory and Marketing Center	State Company of Food Staff Trade	New Establishment	20 Dunam	Wassit/Al Kut
9	Food Factory and Marketing Center	State Company of Food Staff Trade	New Establishment	40 Dunam	Al Anbar/Al - Ramadi
10	Food Factory and Marketing Center	State Company of Food Staff Trade	New Establishment	65 Dunam	Bayblon/Al-Aliyaa



## 9- Tourism Sector:

Iraq's cultural, religious and natural environment is regarded as an attracting factor for investors and visitors since it is a country of ancient civilization, international archeological sites and sacred religious sites in addition to the outstanding natural sites in the northern parts of Iraq.

There is a plan prepared by the government to develop and expand transport infrastructure to serve the largest number of tourists.

Tourism is regarded as an important factor of the economic and social development factors in the various countries and it represents a main resource of the national income resources which provide job opportunities through its different projects and activities, accordingly;

the government has been serious to lay down plans to invest the country's cultural and tourism components. The big changes that Iraq witnessed in all its economic and social sides have motivated the state to adopt active policies and programs to draw the development advancement features, the diversification and social mergers basement with putting investment plans for the coming years aiming at laying the foundations for an investment environment to improve the economic and cultural status supporting the Iraqi economic pillars and reinforcing the social security.

Ministry of Tourism and Archeology is considered as the Iraqi governmental side responsible for developing and sustaining the tourists sites in Iraq through developing required infrastructure and maintaining its genuineness and impact whereas this includes rehabilitating, maintaining and reviving specified sites, contracting with archeological establishments and holding official teaching and training programs.

There are lots of opportunities to invest and rehabilitate tourists' sites all over the country.





## Available Investment Opportunities in Tourism Sector

N.	Project	Location	Allocated Land	Province
1.	Entertainment City	Al-Husainiyah District 20m/6/29847 Al Rasheed	16 Dunam and 64 m2	<b>Baghdad</b>
2.	Entertainment City	Al-Zuhoor District- Plot no.29851/meem	50 Dunam	<b>Baghdad</b>
3.	Floating Rest	Karkh/ Sinak Br.	150 m	<b>Baghdad</b>
4.	Floating Rest	Resafa/ Abo Nowas.	150 m	<b>Baghdad</b>
5.	Entertainment City	Al-Husainiyah District 10m/6/30037 Al Rasheed	16 Dunam and 64 m2	<b>Baghdad</b>
6.	Babylon Tourist Hotel	Province Centre	According to project need	<b>Babylon</b>
7.	Mahanawiya Tourist Island	Northern Part of Babylon Province-Plot no.4/44/	850 Dunam	<b>Babylon</b>
8.	Tourist Complex	Al-Udhaim Dam	According to project need	<b>Diyala</b>
9.	Tourist Hotel and Entertainment Area	Khanaqeen/ 6/ 5418/ 8/ Hajj Qara District	10 Dunam	<b>Diyala</b>
10.	Entertainment City	Baladrose 1/303	According to project need	<b>Diyala</b>
11.	Entertainment City and Coffee Shop	Jalawlaa Town 111/15/meem	10 dunam-	<b>Diyala</b>



		34/Koshk District		
12.	Entertainment City	Jalawlaa 1334 Al-Ouruba	- According to project need	<b>Diyala</b>
13.	Entertainment City	Khanaqeen/plot no.19/3/section.3/Al-Hamidiyah District	2,5 Dunam	<b>Diyala</b>
14.	Tourist Project	Tikrit City	3 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
15.	Tourist Project	Tikrit City	6 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
16.	Entertainment City	Beji District	5 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
17.	Entertainment City	Balad District	2.5 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
18.	Entertainment City	Al-Sharkatt District	35 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
19.	Olympic Swimming Pool	Al-Door District	3 Dunam	<b>Saladin</b>
20.	Hotel, Restaurant and Coffee Shop	1/ 648 meem 22 zouiyat Al-Zar'a/ Aziziyah District 3.6 Donam	3.6 Dunam	<b>Wassit</b>
21.	Tourist Complex	Plot no.1/30/section.111/B abnet/nearby Mosul Dam/Talkeef District	10 Dunam	<b>Nineveh</b>
22.	Tourist Complex	Plot no.1/29/section.111/B abnet/nearby Mosul Dam/Talkeef District	10 Dunam	<b>Nineveh</b>
23.	Tourist Complex	Plot no.104/section.16/Qar a Tiba District/Mosul Road/ Ba'shiqa/Al-Hamdaniyah District	7,7 Dunam	<b>Nineveh</b>



24.	Tourist Complex at the Dam of Mousil	30 km Northern Mosul	88 Dunam	Nineveh
25.	Rehabilitation of the waterfalls tourist complex	6 km northern Mosul	250 Dunam	Nineveh
26.	Tourist complex	Ba'shiqa mountain/ two neighboring plots 1- governmental, plot no. 110 province 4/	2.000 Dunam	Nineveh
27.	Health tourist resort at Hammam Al-'Aleel	Hammam Al-'Aleel, near Sabit hill on Tigris river	4 Dunam	Nineveh
28.	Rehabilitation of Ashour hotel	Mosul- Cornish overlooks Tigris river	1 Dunam	Nineveh
29.	Forest and tourist city	17/ 432 meem 37 Buaiza Hai Al- Arabi	60 Dunam	Nineveh
30.	Amusement Park	Centre of Al- Hamdaniyah Town	12 Dunam	Nineveh
31.	Amusement Park and Children Playgrounds	Part of Plot 5312/21/section.38/ Northern Yarmajah/Sumer Quarter	7 Dunam	Nineveh
32.	Amusement Park and Children Playgrounds	Plot.2071/58/section.3 1/Qazza Fakhrah District/Al-Hussain Quarter/Al-Jalili District/Mosul Town	42 Dunam	Nineveh
33.	Tourist City	Part of plot 665/10/section.31/Qaz za Fakhrah District/Ashur Quarter	3 Dunam	Nineveh



34.	Entertainment City	Part 47/212/section.32/Al- Shourah District/Ashur Quarter	1,6 Dunam	Nineveh
35.	Entertainment City	Plots 201-200- 199/section.163/North ren Al-Kosh/Talkeef District	4 Dunam	Nineveh
36.	Entertainment City, Gardens, Parks and Coffee Shop	Part of plot no.1529/1/section.51/ Al-Muhalabiyah District	20 Dunam	Nineveh
37.	Entertainment City	Plot 5/2093/section.66/Al- Sa'adah District/Rabia'aa	9 Dunam	Nineveh
38.	Entertainment City	Part of plot.1868/10/section/3 1/Qazza Fakhrah District/Al-Gazali Quarter	6 Dunam	Nineveh
39.	Swimming Pool and Coffee shop	Plot 484/8/section Talsaquf District/Talkeef Town	1,4 Dunam	Nineveh
40.	Amusement Park	Plot 2/787/section.13/Talm ous District/Zumar Quarter	12 Dunam	Nineveh
41.	Amusement Park	Plots: 47/116-499/41- 212/47/section 32/Al- Shourah District	6 Dunam	Nineveh
42.	Amusement Park	Plot 6/433/section Qabbak Wafukni/Al- Aiyadhiyah District/Tal'afar Town	4 Dunam	Nineveh



43.	Amusement Park	Plot 2212/1/Section.Southern Hawee Al- Kaneesah 29/Mosul Town	4 Dunam	Nineveh
44.	Al-Sha'ab Tourist Park	Outside the basic design/Kirkuk Municipality	169 Dunam	Kirkuk
45.	Al-Ihtifalat Square Park	Plot 296/6/section 39/ Kirkuk Municipality	15 Dunam	Kirkuk
46.	5 Stars Hotel	Faluja/ the Highway, near Faluja University	10 Dunam	Al-Anbar
47.	"First of May" tourist Hotel	Haditha Town	6 Dunam	Al-Anbar
48.	Qa'aim Entertainment City	Qaim Town	11 Dunam	Al-Anbar
49.	Hotel and Shopping Mall	Karbala- Abbasiyah- Hamza Al-Zighair street plot 80/ 66 and meem 80/ 64 meem 24	2 Dunam	Holy Karbala
50.	Hotel apartments overlooking Euphrates River	Karbala- Hindiyah Town	8 Dunam	Holy Karbala
51.	Tourist Hotel	Plot 3/575/section.61/Al- Jazeerah	26 Dunam	Holy Karbala
52.	Al-Salam Hotel	Centre of Province	According to project need	Holy Najaf
53.	Entertainment Park	Part of plot 116/8771	24 Dunam	Holy Najaf
54.	Amusement Park	Part of plot 65/meem 6/Al-Haidariyah District	10 Dunam	Holy Najaf





55.	Tourist Complex	Part of plot 65/meem 6/Al-Haidariyah District	30 Dunam	Holy Najaf
56.	Entertainment Park within Housing Quarter	Part of plot 29/Al-Hurriah District	According to project need	Holy Najaf
57.	Cornish overlooking Al-Bazil River	At the District entrance from Al-Abbassiyah Side	According to project need	Holy Najaf
58.	Amusement Park	Haswatt Al-Khournaq Quarter/meem 3/Al-Manathirah District	5 Dunam	Holy Najaf
59.	Amusement Park	Al-Khournaq Quarter 1/2942/ Al-Manathirah District	1612 Dunam	Holy Najaf
60.	Amusement Park	Plot 30/358/Rukniyah/Al-Mishkhab District	1419 Dunam	Holy Najaf
61.	Amusement Park	Plot 30/99/ Crossing of three commercial roads/Al-Mishkhab District	6 Dunam	Holy Najaf
62.	Al-Manathirah Park	Plot 5/249/meem 2/Al-Haswah Town/ Al-Manathirah District	7,7 Dunam	Holy Najaf
63.	Tourist Restaurant	Plot 274/Ta'a/Al-Mishkhab District	1,5 Dunam	Holy Najaf
64.	Marbid Novotel Hotel	10/95 / Mannawi Pasha	7 Dunam	Basra
65.	Entertainment City	76/40 Centre of Province	4 Dunam	Basra
66.	Entertainment land and water city	Plot 849 Qiblah/Centre of Province	10 Dunam	Basra



67.	Hotel and Entertainment City	Plot 3/828/Al-Qiblah District/ Centre of Province	7 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
68.	Zoo	Plot 2087/298/Jimhouriah District/Zubair Town	3 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
69.	Entertainment City	Plot 2087/219/Jimhouriah District/Zubair Town	2 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
70.	An Integrated Sport City	Plot 1815/532/Zubair Town	4 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
71.	Entertainment City	Plot 56/Safwan Quarter/Zubair Town	10 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
72.	Entertainment City	Plot 2/3368/Fao Town	35 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
73.	Tourists City	Plot 2/3953/6/Fao Town	17 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
74.	Tourists City	Plot 53/2/Seebah District/Fao Town	4 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
75.	Tourists City	Plot 3958/2/meem 6/ Fao Town	17 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
76.	Tourists City	Plot 5235/231/Al-Pasha River/Qurna Town	900 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
77.	Entertainment City	Plot 231/2105/Al-Pasha River/Qurna Town	41 Dunam	<b>Basra</b>
78.	Amusement Park and Entertainment City	Centre of Province	30 Dunam	<b>Maysan</b>
79.	Entertainment City	Plot 45/46/Al-Mawqiee Quarter	55 Dunam	<b>Maysan</b>



80.	Amusement Park and Entertainment City	Centre of Province	55 Dunam	Maysan
81.	Amusement Park and Entertainment City	27/4180 the great Majar	6 Dunam	Maysan
82.	Amusement Park and Entertainment City	14/1600 the Abo Rumana	6 Dunam	Maysan
83.	Zoo and Entertainment	park47/13 city center	6 Dunam	Maysan
84.	Amusement Park and Entertainment City	Centre of Emara	6 Dunam	Maysan
85.	Resort in Hwaiza Marshes	Hwaiza Marshes	90km <sup>2</sup>	Maysan
86.	First class hotel	Kut	According to project need	Wasit
87.	Entertainment Center	Kut	According to project need	Wasit
88.	Park and water city	Kut	According to project need	Wasit
89.	Hotel and rest	648/1/22 Azizya	3 Duman	Wasit
90.	Tourist City	6/1/38 Kut Khajiya	15 Dunam	Wasit
91.	Tourist Hotel	Down town- on Euphrates banks	2 Dunam	Thi Qar
92.	Tourist City	Down town- Siphon- Thi Qar	30 Dunam	Thi Qar
93.	Al-Nasiriyah Amusement Park	Al-Nasiriyah Town (within the Municipality Borders)	38 Dunam	Thi Qar
94.	Entertainment City	Al-Nasiriyah Town	40289 Dunam	Thi Qar
95.	Floating Restaurant	Al-Nasiriyah Town	500 sq.m	Thi Qar
96.	Floating hotel	Al-Nasiriyah Town	1125 sq.m	Thi Qar



97.	Tourist Complex	Al-Shattrah Town	2 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
98.	Tourist Complex in Al-Bada'aa	Al-Shattrah Town	18 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
99.	Youkha Tourist Complex	Al-Shattrah Town	2000 sq.m	<b>Thi Qar</b>
100.	Al-zuhoor Amusement Park and Marina	Al-Shattrah Town	9 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
101.	Entertainment City	Souq Al-Shiyoukh District	26 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
102.	Tourist Hotel	Al-Rifa'aei Town	1 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
103.	Entertainment City	Al-Rifa'aei Town	18 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
104.	Entertainment City	Al-Garraf Town	18 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
105.	Tourist Complex	Al-Islah Town	100 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
106.	Cornish and Boats Marina	Al-Battha'a Town	6 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
107.	Entertainment City	Al-Dawiyah Town	7,5 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
108.	Entertainment City	Al-Fuhood Town	40 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
109.	Entertainment City	Al-Jibaiesh Town	30 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
110.	Entertainment City	Al-Jibaiesh Town (outside the Municipality Borders)	20 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
111.	Cornishe Development Project	Al-Nasr Town (within the Municipality Borders)	4 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
112.	Tourist Complex and Entertainment City	Al-Nasr Town (within the Municipality Borders)	96 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
113.	Entertainment City	Sukkar Castle	8 Dunam	<b>Thi Qar</b>
114.	Tourist Complex	Sawah Lake	-According to project need-	<b>Al-Muthana</b>



115.	Tourist Hotel	ASMAWHA Town- Euphrates Shore	According to project need --	<b>Al-Muthana</b>
116.	Entertainment City	Samawah Triangle/Al- Warka'a/Al-Rumaitha	According to project need --	<b>Al-Muthana</b>
117.	Entertainment City	Plot 457/Al-Salahiyah Town	1 Dunam	<b>Diwaniyah</b>
118.	Entertainment City	Plot 2.609/meem 43/Al-Mahanawaiyah Town	21 Dunam	<b>Diwaniyah</b>
119.	Entertainment City	Plot 13/meem 8/Aziz Allah Town	38 Dunam	<b>Diwaniyah</b>
120.	Entertainment City	Plot 34/416/meem 15/Al-Masafutt and Al-Haseen District	6 Dunam	<b>Diwaniyah</b>
121.	Hotel	Krud Al Jumjuma 35/m/15	74 Dunam	<b>Babylon</b>
122.	Rest & Coffee Shop	Tajeya 1/12444/17m	1962m <sup>2</sup>	<b>Babylon</b>
123.	Resort	Nothern Jumjuma 190/1/m/15	9 Dunam	<b>Babylon</b>
124.	Entertainment City	Al Midhatiya 1/2539 Al Alak	23 Duman	<b>Babylon</b>
125.	Hotel and Mall	2/3 m / Abi Gharaq	15 Dunam	<b>Babylon</b>
126.	First class hotel	Hilla center 19580/24	9 Dunam	<b>Babylon</b>
127.	Al-Mahanawaiyah tourist Island	Al-Mahanawaiyah/ Sada/ 4/44	6 Dunam	<b>Babylon</b>

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## 10. Education Sector

Sustainable development concept is always at the forefront of the international community interests, and since people has always occupied the first priority among the sustainable development factors, international world gave more importance to paying strong attention to develop the mental abilities and learning opportunities for human beings making education a human right for each individual in the society guaranteed by all international laws. The education standards in any country are seen as a measure for its advancement and development. In Iraq; laws guarantee the opportunity of obtaining good education for all Iraqis.

Education is still one of the greatest concerns of countries and despite the big progress in the primary education and the increase in the numbers of pupils joining schools and anti- illiteracy movements, big efforts are still being made increasingly to improve education quality by the government and it is still a big challenge for the developing countries including Iraq to keep pace with the intellectual advancement and skill development starting from kindergartens to high school levels.

Iraq is one of the most important countries that gave special attention to education system since the mid twentieth century, as it owns many reliable universities which are listed among the best ones in the Arab region. Iraqi universities were established in the beginning of the second half of the twentieth century starting with Baghdad University in 1957, Mustansyriah University 1963, whereas other universities were established after 1980 like University of Technology, Basra University, Mosul University, Sulaimanyah University in addition to a number of technical institutes. Iraq is in need for many educational institutions to meet the increasing demand as a result of population growth, the reality that provides investors with great opportunities to invest in this sector.



## Education Indicators

### 1- Kindergartens

There are (1041) kindergartens in Iraq for the school year 2013-2014 while they were (967) in 2012-2013. Number of children attending the mentioned kindergartens is (202525) for the year 2013-2014 against (125391) for the year 2009-2010. Number of kindergartens teachers has reached (7971) in 2012-2013-2014. The following table shows indicators

**A table shows the development in kindergartens during 2009-2014**



School year	No. of Kindergartens	No. of Children	No. of Teachers
2009- 2010	631	125391	5353
2010- 2011	648	141158	5475
2012-2013	967	193358	7559
2013-2014	1041	202525	<b>7971</b>

### 2- Primary Education

Through analyzing the most recent data for the year 2013-2014 announced by the central organization for statistics and information technology regarding the educational surveys we can find the following:

- Number of (morning and evening) primary schools in Iraq is (15807) for the school year 2013-2014, (26.4%) are for boys and (22.4%) for girls while (51.2%) are mixed schools.
- Number of the available pupils in (morning and evening) primary schools is (5558674) for the school year 2013-2014 where the girls' rate is (46%) and boys is (54%). Number of male and female teachers is about 287502.



### 3-Secondary Education

Number of (morning and evening) secondary schools in Iraq is (7083) for the school year 2013-2014,

Number of students of the secondary education schools are estimated by (2528133) for the school year 2013-2014. number of teachers is about 160323.

### 4-Vocational Education

Despite the significance of this educational branch, feeble attention has been forwarded to it comparing with other countries. The vocational schools in Iraq are divided into 4 sections, agricultural, industrial, commercial and fine arts and the number of these schools in Iraq is (597) for the school year 2012-2013, (67%) of which are industrial, (29%) commercial, (2%) agricultural and (2%) are for fine arts.

### 5-University Education (governmental, private and technical)

Surveys results have shown that the number of students admitted to Iraqi universities, private colleges and technical educational institutions reached (554,587) students for the year 2012-2013 while their number for the year 2010-2011 was (476,377) students



### Investment Opportunities Available at Education Sector

No	Project	Location	Allocated Land	Province
1	Establishment of medical education and training center for all medical specializations/Education College	A'adhamiyah/ plot 9/ 115 meem 7	4 Dunam	Baghdad
2	Establishment of an agricultural project/ College of Agriculture	Khan Beni Sa'ad	200 Dunam	Diyala
3	Central Laboratory at Mosul University	Mosul University	1,5 Dunam	Nineveh
4	Establishment of a University for the following specialties:  Financial, Banking, Accountancy, Management, Trade, Investment, Tourism, and Hotel Sciences	Province Center	Various Areas	Holy Karbala
5	Establishment of a Technology University dedicated for Geometric Sciences (Architecture, Civil, Electricity, Electronics, Communications, Mechanics, and Topology) Branches	Province Center	Various Areas	Holy Karbala
6	Establishment of a Housing Complex/ Technical Education Commission	-	125 Dunam	Holy Karbala
7	Establishment of a University Hospital, 200 bed capacity	Kufa University	23 Dunam	Holy Najaf
8	Establishment of an agricultural project for cattle and sheep breeding and Agricultural and veterinary Researches	Kufa University	12 Dunam	Holy Najaf
9	Establishment of Private School	Plot 10/1078/meem 5/Wadi Shisheen	4 Dunam	Saladin
10	Establishment of Private University	Basra Centre//6/828/Qiblah	16 Dunam	Basra
11	Establishment of Private University	Al-Nasiriyah Town	30 Dunam	Thi Qar





12	Establishment of Private University	Al-Shattrah Town	10 Dunam	Thi Qar
13	Establishment of Private University	Souq Al-Shiyoukh Town	7 Dunam	Thi Qar
14	Establishment of a Typical Private School	Al-Nasiriyah Town	1 Dunam	Thi Qar
15	Establishment of Civil Engineering Laboratories and Agricultural and Veterinary Researches	City Centre	63 Dunam	Babylon
16	Establishment of a Specialized University	City Centre	--	Al-Muthana

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## 11. Services Sector

Services provision is considered as one of the main factors for a successful investment environment, so GOI has been serious to pay much attention to provide best services as it plays an essential role to achieve productivity and social stability.

The Government of Iraq has always sought to ensure the provision of good services and infrastructure and to display investment opportunities to the private sector with circulating a number of successful policies and programs in this regard.

After the restriction to regional traditional markets, Iraq markets have witnessed a big expansion with a shift in consumption, purchasing and entertainment patterns due to opening investment doors in this vital sector and the orientation towards constructing new commercial centers the matter that led to the large increase in the number of the commercial malls in the last three years with more new ones that are still under construction.



## Available Investment Opportunities in Services Sector

No.	Project	Location	allocated Land Area	Province
1.	Establishment of Dhaman Commercial Tower	Najah Complex at Garage Area	2.4 Dunam	Baghdad
2.	Rehabilitation of Adl Market	Baghdad- Adl Q.	9 Dunam	Baghdad
3.	Rehabilitation of Mansour Market	Baghdad- Mansour District	16 Dunam	Baghdad
4.	Rehabilitation of Amil Market	Baghdad- Amil Q	9 Dunam	Baghdad
5.	Rehabilitation of Sha'ab Market	Baghdad- Sha'ab District	10 Dunam	Baghdad
6.	Rehabilitation of Mustansiriyah Market	Baghdad- Mustansiriyah District	14 Dunam	Baghdad
7.	Rehabilitation of Salihyah Market	Baghdad- Salihyah District	3 Dunam	Baghdad
8.	Rehabilitation of Thulatha Market	Baghdad- Rusafa	13 Dunam	Baghdad
9.	Rehabilitation of Rasheed Market	Baghdad- Rusafa	6 Dunam	Baghdad
10.	Rehabilitation of Free Zone Supermarket	Baghdad- Rusafa	4 Dunam	Baghdad
11.	Restaurant and Coffee shop	2386/ 10/ 17/ Al-Oda	6 Dunam	Babylon
12.	Commercial complex	24/14619/Wesiyah Quarter	3.5 Dunam	Babylon
13.	Commercial complex	Plot 37/1/meem 1/Eastren of Shafta District	1500 sq.m	Diyala
14.	Commercial complex	Jalawlaa/225/475/ Al Awsaj Valley	Various Areas	Diyala
15.	Commercial complex	Jalwalaa/224/333/ Al Awsaj Valley	Various Areas	Diyala
16.	Commercial complex	Jalwalaa/225/2738/ Al Awsaj Valley	Various Areas	Diyala
17.	Commercial complex	Khaniqeen/26/831/Haj Qarra	Various Areas	Diyala



18.	Commercial complex	Khaniqeen/80/40 and 80/3 Hamidiya Gardens	Various Areas	Diyala
19.	Restaurant and Coffee shop	Al-Muqdadiah/plot.3/939/meem 28/Tokatli	2 Dunam and 23 Ulk	Diyala
20.	Tourist Restaurant	Khaniqeen//77/5 Al Jamia Section	Various Areas	Diyala
21.	Commercial complex	AL Sa'adiyah District 11/68	Various Areas	Diyala
22.	Tourist Restaurant	Al Khalis 2/983/ Gissab District	Various Areas	Diyala
23.	Commercial complex	Behriz 30/277	Various Areas	Diyala
24.	Commercial complex	Plot 3/45/Section.1/eastern of Shafta District	Various Areas	Diyala
25.	Commercial complex	Center of Tikrit City	4 Dunam	Saladin
26.	Commercial complex	Beji Town	1,3 Dunam	Saladin
27.	Commercial complex	Plot 412/31/section 67	2 Dunam	Kirkuk
28.	Commercial complex	Plot 285/453	2 Dunam	Kirkuk
29.	Commercial complex	Plot 3555/44/meem.39	1 Dunam	Kirkuk
30.	Commercial complex	Plot.5/meem 51/outside the basic design of the Province	316 Dunam	Kirkuk
31.	Commercial complex	Plot 8/1/meem 52/ outside the basic design of the Province	20 Dunam	Kirkuk
32.	Multi-Storey Park	Plot 711/Kahiya/within the basic design of the Province	1,6 Dunam	Kirkuk
33.	Commercial complex	6/ 8565 meem 18 Bughailah/ Nu'maniyah	7 Dunam	Wassit
34.	Commercial complex	Plot 749/3/section 38/Al-Khagiya District	3 Dunam	Wassit
35.	Commercial complex	Hamdaniyah Town	12 Dunam	Nineveh
36.	Commercial complex	Mosul- Arbachiyah- Ikha Q, plot 754/ 180 meem 51	6 Dunam	Nineveh
37.	Service and Public Buildings	Plot 492/2/section.28/Al-Harmatt District	1 Dunam	Nineveh



38.	Commercial complex	Plot 779/158/section.3/Babierah District	2000 sq.m	Nineveh
39.	Commercial complex	Plot 2/1804/section.46/Southren Tala'far Island/Tala'afar Town	4 Dunam	Nineveh
40.	Commercial complex	Plot 2/56/section.46/Southren Tala'far Island/Tala'afar Town	4 Dunam	Nineveh
41.	Commercial complex	Plot 50/88/section.11/Northren Wadi Al-Ain District	1 Dunam	Nineveh
42.	Commercial complex	Plot 7/8/section.37/Jadidah Al-Mufti/Mosul Twon	959 sq.m	Nineveh
43.	Commercial complex	Plot 3293/95/section.29/Jelioukhan District/Mosul-Kirkuk Road	4 Dunam	Nineveh
44.	Commercial complex	Part of plot 348/33/Mathatiqah District 10/Al-Haramatt	5 Dunam	Nineveh
45.	Commercial complex	Part of plot 192/47/section.11/Northren Wadi Al-Ain	1 Dunam	Nineveh
46.	Commercial complex	Part of plot 1027/90/section.51/Arabchah District	1 Dunam	Nineveh
47.	Commercial complex	Part of plot no.50/section.24/Southren Wadi Iqab	13 Dunam	Nineveh
48.	Commercial complex	Plot 1509/10/section.31/Qazzah Fakhrah-Ashur Quarter	1 Dunam	Nineveh
49.	Commercial complex	Part of plot 1759/10/section.31/Qazzah Fakhrah-Al-Gazzali Quarter	1 Dunam	Nineveh
50.	Commercial complex	Plot 821/10/section.31/Qazzah Fakhrah-Ashur Quarter	1 Dunam	Nineveh
51.	Commercial complex	Part of Plot 3271/10/section.31/Qazzah Fakhrah-Ashur Quarter	10 Dunam	Nineveh
52.	Commercial complex	Plot 41/16/section.32/Al-Shourah istrict	1,5 Dunam	Nineveh





53.	Commercial complex	Plot 13/166/section.63/northern Al-Koush District/Talkeef Town	1 Dunam	Nineveh
54.	Commercial complex	Plot 2/249/section.46/Southren Jaziratt Tal'afar/Tal'afar Town	1 Dunam	Nineveh
55.	Commercial complex	Plot 2/246/section.46/Southren Jaziratt Tala'far/Tal'afar Town	1 Dunam	Nineveh
56.	Commercial complex	Plot 18299/63/section.11/Northren Wadi Al-Ain	1,4 Dunam	Nineveh
57.	Free Trade Zone	Faidah/Mosul-Duhok Road 10 km from the existing Municipaility Borders	First Zone is 28 Dunam-Second Zone is 1640	Nineveh
58.	Commercial complex	Plot 41/7-41/16/section.32/Al-Shourah District	3 Dunam	Nineveh
59.	Commercial complex in Ramadi	Ramadi- Mustaouda'a, the location is surrounded by four Steets	8 Dunam	Anbar
60.	Commercial complex in Manarat Heet	Heet Constituency, plot no. 9/ 6806	6 Dunam	Anbar
61.	Commercial complex in Faluja	Faluja Town- Yarmook Q. plot no. 9/ 29448 meem 1 jeem Kha	4 Dunam	Anbar
62.	Commercial complex in Rawa	Rawa town	1675 sq.m	Anbar
63.	Commercial complex in Ana	Ana Town	2 Dunam	Anbar
64.	Muti-Stories Garage	Ramadi Town	6 Dunam	Anbar
65.	Commercial complex	Karbala- Hussainiyah District- next to Imam 'Aoun shrine	8 Dunam	Holy Kerbala
66.	Multi-stories integrated Commercial complex	Kerbala- Hur District- Safi street near deposit Qaf 20014/ 1 meem 21 Haydariyah	4 Dunam	Holy Kerbala
67.	Commercial complex	163/ 1/ meem 6	6 Dunam	Holy Kerbala
68.	Commercial complex	Plot 25/86/Eastren Al-Abassiyah Quarter	1,4 Dunam	Holy Kerbala
69.	Commercial complex	Plot 1507/8/Al-Mishraq Quarter	3 Dunam	Holy Najaf
70.	Commercial complex	Plot 2/15329/Holy Najaf Municipality	2,6 Dunam	Holy Najaf





71.	Commercial complex	Plot 1/4420/Al-Manathirah Town	600 sq.m	Holy Najaf
72.	Farmer Market	Plot 186/3/meem 13/ Al-Manathirah Town	2 Dunam	Holy Najaf
73.	Commercial Complex	Plot 1/484/meem 3/ Al-Manathirah Town	768 sq.m	Holy Najaf
74.	Public Buildings	Plot 1/2941/meem 3/Haswatt Al-Khournaq District/ Al-Manathirah Town	1395 sq.m	Holy Najaf
75.	Public Buildings	Plot 1/2028/ Haswatt Al-Khournaq District/ Al-Manathirah Town	--	Holy Najaf
76.	Public Buildings	Plot 54/310/ Al-Manathirah Town	1900 sq.m	Holy Najaf
77.	Public Buildings	Plot 306/54/Al-Hadi Quarter/ Al-Manathirah Town	1302 sq.m	Holy Najaf
78.	Car Parking Lot	Plot 1/2970/Haswatt Al-Khournaq District/ Al-Manathirah Town	1632 sq.m	Holy Najaf
79.	Public Buildings	Plot 1/386/Al-Jumhoori quarter/ Al-Manathirah Town	1040 sq.m	Holy Najaf
80.	Commercial Complex	Plot 30/413/Al-Shahid Al-Sadr Quarter/Al-Mishkhab District	12 Dunam	Holy Najaf
81.	Commercial Complex	Plot 24,25/52/Basrah Center/ Gazara	1 Dunam	Basra
82.	Establishment of Modern Commercial Center	Plot 150/149/86/Al-Ribatt Al-Kabeer District/Basrah Center	1500 sq.m	Basra
83.	Commercial complex	Plot 137/3198/ Al-Ribatt Al-Kabeer District/Basrah Center	2229 sq.m	Basra
84.	Commercial Complex	Plot 4/83/Al-Khidhur Town/Basra Centre	840 sq.m	Basra
85.	Commercial complex	Plot 948/2/Al-Kut Al-Hajaj District/ Basra Centre	1600 sq m.	Basra
86.	Commercial complex	Plot 136/Al-Ribatt Al-Saghir District-Basra Centre	4 Dunam	Basra
87.	Commercial complex	Plot 37/690/Al-Qiblah District/ Basra Centre	5 Dunam	Basra



88.	Commercial complex	Plot 6/1786/Maqam Ali District/ Basra Centre	1862 sq.m	Basra
89.	Commercial complex	Plot 15/278/ Al-Ribatt Al-Saghir District-Basra Centre	1212 sq.m	Basra
90.	Commercial complex	Plot 2/595/Kut Al-Hajaj District/ Basra Centre	1 Dunam	Basra
91.	Commercial complex	Plot 2087/294 Al-Jumhouriah/Al- Zubair Town	2208 sq.m	Basra
92.	Commercial complex	Plot 2087/292 Al-Jumhouriah/Al- Zubair Town	1240 sq.m	Basra
93.	Commercial complex	Plot 3/3865/6/Fao Twon	23 Dunam	Basra
94.	Commercial complex	Plot 59/16 Shatt Al-Arab Town	912 sq.m	Basra
95.	Commercial complex	Plot 3/1766/64 Hour Saad	600 sq.m	Basra
96.	Commercial complex	Plot 3/1768/64 Hour Saad	600 sq.m	Basra
97.	Commercial complex	Plot 3/1769/64 Hour Saad	600 sq.m	Basra
98.	Commercial complex	Plot no.4/1635/Al-Majidiyah District	1683 sq.m	Maysan
99.	Commercial complex	-	21 Ulk	Maysan
100.	Commercial complex	Plot no.126/171/Tigris River	2 Ulk	Maysan
101.	Commercial complex	Within Municipality Borders	4 Dunam	Thi Qar
102.	Muti-Stories Garage	Within Municipality Borders- Hammam	5 Dunam	Thi Qar
103.	Commercial Complex	Mouadhafeen Quarter- Old Garage	2 Dunam	Thi Qar
104.	Commercial Complex	Nasiriyah/ 110/ 9742/ Jazirah	4 Dunam	Thi Qar
105.	Commercial Complex	Nasiriyah Town	3.6 Dunam	Thi Qar
106.	Muti-Stories Garage	Nasiriyah Town	6 Dunam	Thi Qar
107.	Commercial Complex	Nasiriyah Town	1497 sq.m	Thi Qar
108.	Commercial Complex	Nasiriyah Town	1800 sq.m	Thi Qar
109.	Commercial Complex	Nasiriyah Town	1710 sq.m	Thi Qar



110.	Commercial Complex	Nasiriyah Town	1600 sq.m	Thi Qar
111.	Commercial Complex	Nasiriyah Town	1.3 Dunam	Thi Qar
112.	Commercial Complex	Nasiriyah Town	1.3 Dunam	Thi Qar
113.	Commercial Complex	Al-Shattrah Town	4 Dunam	Thi Qar
114.	Commercial Complex	Al-Shattrah Town	2.3 Dunam	Thi Qar
115.	Commercial Complex	Al-Jibaiesh Town	1 Dunam	Thi Qar
116.	Modern Coffee Shop	Al-Jibaiesh Town	3 Dunam	Thi Qar
117.	Commercial Complex	Al-Rifa'aei Town	1 Dunam	Thi Qar
118.	Commercial Complex	Al-Rifa'aei Town	1 Dunam	Thi Qar
119.	Commercial Complex	Al-Gharaf Town	1.8 Dunam	Thi Qar
120.	Commercial Complex	Al-Diwayah Town	1350 sq.m	Thi Qar
121.	Commercial Complex	Al-Fuhood Town	1768 sq.m	Thi Qar
122.	Commercial Complex	Plot 27/Al-Sariyah District	1.3 Dunam	Maysan
123.	Commercial Complex	Plot 2/133/Qaureter/7 Al-Basateen	2 Dunam	Muthana
124.	Commercial Complex	Plot 7/433/section 18/Sadr Al-Yousifiyah District	2.3 Dunam	Diwaniyah
125.	Commercial Complex	432 (Al-Salahiya Town)	1250 sq.m	Diwaniyah
126.	Commercial Complex	Plot 4/3902/meem 1/Um Al-Khail Town	5 Ulk	Diwaniyah
127.	Commercial Complex	Plot 1/20/meem 31/Basateen Al-Khala'a District	7 Ulk and 59 sq.m	Diwaniyah
128.	Commercial Complex	Plot 25/554/meem 5/Um Abassiyatt District	13 Ulk and 20 sq.m	Diwaniyah
129.	Commercial Complex	Plot 13/meem 31/Al-Khala'a-Sumer Town	6 Ulk and 80 sq.m	Diwaniyah
130.	Commercial Complex	Plot 2/10862/meem 23/Abo Al-Fadhil District	1 Dunam and 13 Ulk	Diwaniyah
131.	Commercial Complex	Plot 2/5525/meem 23/Abo Al-Fadhil District	1800 sq.m	Diwaniyah



132.	Commercial Complex	Plot 2/14956/meem 23/Abo Al-Fadhil District	1 Dunam	Diwaniyah
133.	Commercial Complex	Plot 1/85/meem 13/Thor Al-Huboor Town	1 Dunam and 9 Ulk	Diwaniyah
134.	Commercial Complex	Plot 2/17905/meem 23/Abo Al-Fadhil District	7 Ulk	Diwaniyah
135.	Commercial Complex	Plot 25/2737/meem 5/Um-Abassiyatt District	10 Dunam and 21 Ulk	Diwaniyah
136.	Commercial Complex	Plot 9/698/meem 3/Al-Malaha District	1 Dunam and 3 Ulk and 50 sq.m	Diwaniyah
137.	Commercial Complex	Plot 1/745/Al-Urb	1200 sq.m	Diwaniyah
138.	Commercial Complex	Plot 11/558/meem 2/Al-Dahaiyah District	11 Ulk	Diwaniyah
139.	Commercial Complex	Plot 7/2717 and plot 7/2718/Hour Al-Arab Al-Suniyah	6 Ulk	Diwaniyah
140.	Commercial Complex	Plot 44/66/meem 2/Albo Salih District	840 sq.m	Diwaniyah
141.	Commercial Complex	Plot 1/84/meem 2/Aziz Allah District	2 Dunam	Diwaniyah
142.	Commercial Complex	Plot 25/2734/meem 5/ Um-Abassiyatt District	8 Dunam	Diwaniyah
143.	Parking Lot	Plot 25/1989/meem 5/Um-Abassiyatt District	22 Ulk	Diwaniyah
144.	Commercial Complex	Plot 39/311/Soub Al-Shamiyah Town	16 Ulk	Diwaniyah
145.	Commercial Complex	Plot 27/2/meem 13/Al-Bidair Town	10 Dunam	Diwaniyah



## 11. Youth and Sport Sector:

Youth and Sport Sector provides essential services for a successful investment environment, therefore; the government keens to secure this sector to provide services and care for youth since this sector has a great importance in increasing productivity and achieving stability and welfare for youth.

The government has sought to provide services and infrastructure in addition to providing investment opportunities for private sector to participate in developing this vital sector. The government has launched several policies and successful programs as Iraq's youth witnessed an intellectual expansion and a real desire to develop sport.

Different investment areas has been launched in this sector especially with the trend toward establishing new youth centers and forums which increased the number of these centers significantly over the last three years noting that there are several projects that are being implemented in this sector.



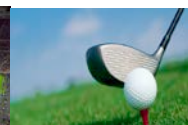


### Investment Opportunities of Youth and Sport Sector announced by the Ministry of Youth and Sport Ministry

No	Project Name	Location	Allocated Area	Province
1.	Establishment of Shopping Centre, Cafeteria and Electronic Games Hall	Plot 1/17/21/Kamirah Town	19 Dunam	Baghdad/ Rusafa
2.	Stadium of 5000 spectator capacity	Quarter 34/Al-Sadr Town	--	Baghdad/ Rusafa
3.	Muntada Al-Qudus Swimming Pool with empty yards	Quarter 34/Al-Sadr Town	--	Baghdad/ Rusafa
4.	Muntada Al-Qudus Swimming Pool with open yards	Quarter 30/Al-Sadr Town	656 m <sup>2</sup>	Baghdad/ Rusafa
5.	Al-Mithaq Swimming Pool with empty yards.	Quarter 1/Al-Sadr Town	1711 m <sup>2</sup>	Baghdad/ Rusafa
6.	Establishment of Car Trace track, Water City and Hotel	Plot 671/3/meem 26/Tajiatt District	82 Dunam	Baghdad/ Karkh
7.	Sport Hall	Plot 849/5/meem 22/Sabiyatt District	14 Dunam	Baghdad/ Karkh
8.	Multi-Purpose Sport Hall	Plot 1/3082/meem 18/Al-Amiriyah District	--	Baghdad/ Karkh
9.	Entertainment Centre for Youth and Sport	Plot 3841/7/meem 20/Al-Dawoodi District	8 Dunam	Baghdad/ Karkh



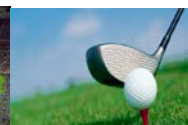
10.	Swimming Pool and Sport Hall	Plot 6240/23/meem 2/ Al-Khur District	3 Dunam	Baghdad/ Karkh
11.	Establishment of Tartan Multi-Purpose Yard with Sport Health Care Centre	Plot 2229/26/meem 21/Al-Salam District	12 Dunam	Baghdad/ Karkh
12.	Indoor Swimming Pool	Part of plot 11/330/Iela'am Quarter	--	Baghdad/ Karkh
13.	Sport and Commercial Centre (vertical building)	Plot 18/116/meem 67	2 Dunam	Wassit
14.	Water City, 5 stars Hotel and indoor Swimming pool	Plot 7425/1/meem 45/Um-Hallanah District	136 Dunam	Wassit
15.	Multi-Storey Sport & Housing Complex, consist of Occasions Halls and various sport Halls	Plot 664/16/Al-Hawii District	39 Dunam	Wassit
16.	Entertainment Swimming Pool and Sport Hall	plot 1728/5/meem 2/Zgeetan District	4 Dunam	Wassit
17.	Entertainment Swimming Pool and Sport Hall	plot 477/3/meem 12 /Al-Taweel District	7 Dunam	Wassit
18.	Entertainment Swimming Pool and Sport Hall	Plot 5143/6/meem 18/Al-Baghilah District	15 Dunam	Wassit
19.	Entertainment Swimming Pool and Sport Hall	Plot 5213/2/meem 44/Al-Safha	1.7 Dunam	Wassit



20.	Entertainment Swimming Pool and Sport Hall	Plot 248/104/meem 28	19 Dunam	Wassit
21.	Entertainment Swimming Pool and Sport Hall	Plot 14509/2/Buraq Al-Jadidah	2 Dunam	Holy Najaf
22.	Water City, 5 Stars Hotel and Sport Hall	Plot 88228	10 Dunam	Holy Najaf
23.	Five-Storey Building, consist of sport Halls and Entertainment Swimming Pool	Plot 28/21/meem 42/Westren Nineveh/Mosuk/Al-Maliyah District	-	Nineveh
24.	Sport Medicine Centre of 50 Bed Capacity	Plot 432/5/nearby Mosul/Dawasah Kharij District	1 Dunam	Nineveh
25.	Indoor Swimming Pool with Sport Halls	Plot 2760/10/meem 52/Qouchak/Mosul/Al-Karamah Quarter	1 Dunam	Nineveh
26.	Artificial Grass Yard with Sport Halls	Plot 8/meem 47/Mankoubah Al-Jadidah/Mosul/Gaiyarah District	2 Dunma	Nineveh
27.	Housing and Sport Complex with Sport Yards	Plot 54/1/meem 46/Mosul/Ulmish District	3.7 Dunam	Nineveh
28.	Indoors swimming pool and car parking	Plot 658/918 m 39	1.2 dunam	<b>Kirkuk</b>
29.	Indoor Swimming Pool and Sport Medicine Centre	Plot 105/9/meem 17/Jablawiya/Centre of Musayab Town	16 Dunam	Babylon



30.	Indoor Swimming Pool with Sport Supplies	Plot 17/336/meem 37/Al-Sharfah and AL-Hashimiyah/Centre of Al-Hashimiyah District	1 Dunam	Babylon
31.	Indoor Swimming Pool , Multi-Storey Building and Sport Medicine Centre	Plot 5/46/meem 9/Hour Heen/Musaiab Town/Jur Al-Sakhir District	6 Dunam	Babylon
32.	Sport Complex	Plot 3/1/mee 1/Abo Ghaseeb/Hilla Town/Northren of Mijzaratt Al-Hilla	350 Dunam	Babylon
33.	Indoor Swimming Pool and Sport Halls	Plot 3/320/meem 17/Tjah/Hilla Town/Iskan Quarter	6 Dunam	Babylon
34.	Sport Complex	Plot 3/297031/Makroori/Hilla own/Muhiezim Al-Oulah Quarter	1 Dunam	Babylon
35.	Bikes and Cars Track in addition to Sport Halls	Plot 1/8738/meem 17/Tajiyah/Hilla Town/Industrial Quarter	4 Dunam	Babylon
36.	Indoor Swimming Pool	Plot 139/32/meem 23/Burthoweel/Hilla Town/Al-Kifil District	1 Dunam	Babylon
37.	Water City	Plot 26/964 and plot 26/965/meem 41/Al-Rifiyah and Abu Ghaseeb/Mahaweel/Al-Neel District	20 Dunam	Babylon
38.	Sport Halls	Part of Plot 1/6824/meem 36/Al-Jazirah/Al-Mashrou District	18 Dunam	Babylon



39.	Swimming Pool and Sport Halls	Plot 19/2161 and 19/2162/9 Hour Al-Khan/Musaiab/Iskandriya Town	8 Dunam	Babylon
40.	Indoor Swimming Pool	Plot 15/756/meem 32/Westren Orchard allocated by Finance Ministry/Westren Samawah/Al-Hussain Quarter	2 Dunam	Muthana
41.	An Integrated Water City	Plot 11/536/meem 5/Um Al-Tilool allocated by Finance Ministry /Al-Jassan Quarter	15 Dunam	Muthana
42.	An integrated Sport & Complex	Plot 2/1/meem 5/Um Al-Tilool allocated by Finance Ministry /Al-Haidariyah Quarter	9 Dunam	Muthana
43.	An integrated Sport & Housing Complex	Plot 4/100/meem 5/ Um Al-Tilool allocated by Finance Ministry /Al-Haidariyah Quarter	12 Dunam	Muthana
44.	Indoor Swimming Pool and Children Play Grounds	Plot 10/475/meem 5/ Um Al-Tilool allocated by Finance Ministry /Al-Haidariyah Quarter	5 Dunam	Muthana
45.	Establishment of 5 Stars Hotel to host sport delegations in addition to establishing 2 Swimming Pools	Plot 3/1/meem 3/ allocated by Finance Ministry/Samawha Town/Samawa Olympic Stadium	12 Dunam	Muthana

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## 12. Agriculture Sector

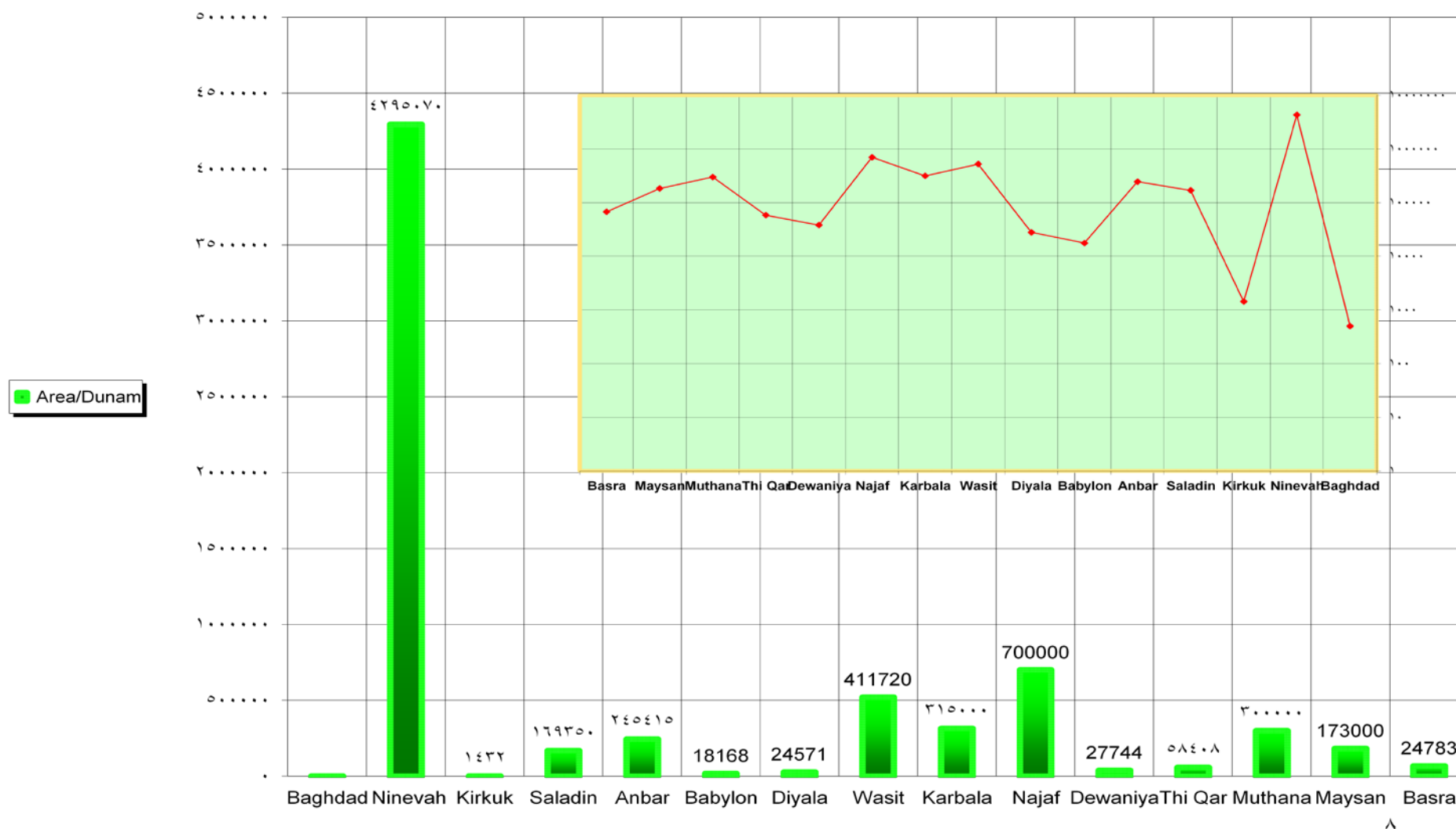
The agriculture sector has been a major contributor to general domestic production, because of the availability of the fundamental factors for success, including fertile plains, irrigation water from Tigris and Euphrates, large land areas, human and other material resources. Therefore, Iraq was considered the Middle East food basket and a main source of various agricultural products. However, this sector deteriorated significantly during the last quarter of the past century. Such deterioration can be attributed to factors like negligence, poor management of water resources, and population rise

Despite all these challenges, this sector continued to play an important role in the country's economy due to the fact that it creates a large number of employment opportunities. This sector's contribution to the country's GDP in fixed priced for the year 2014 was (6.9%), whereas there are 6764661 dunam announced by the Ministry of Agriculture to be invested.

This sector is considered a promising sector in the investment field due to the large number of investment opportunities which it offers and the diversity that characterizes such opportunities. And in the light of the availability of elements of success, this sector provides diversity of food basket and relative food security through agricultural investments in all its types.



## Lands for Agriculture Investment in Iraq Province 2015



**Table shows the Number of Investment Opportunities, Total Area of Opportunity in each Province and Total Area offered for Agricultural Investment in Iraq in 2015**

<b>No.</b>	<b>Province</b>	<b>Number of opportunities</b>	<b>total area / dunam</b>
<b>1.</b>	Nineveh	4	4295070
<b>2.</b>	Kirkuk	2	1432
<b>3.</b>	Saladin	5	169350
<b>4.</b>	Anbar	5	245415
<b>5.</b>	Babylon	11	18168
<b>6.</b>	Diyala	15	24571
<b>7.</b>	Wasit	35	411720
<b>8.</b>	Holy Karbala	3	315000
<b>9.</b>	Holy Najaf	1	700000
<b>10.</b>	Diwaniya	13	27744
<b>11.</b>	Thi Qar	13	58408
<b>12.</b>	Muthana	1	300000
<b>13.</b>	Maysan	9	173000
<b>14.</b>	Basra	7	24784
<b>Total</b>		<b>124</b>	<b>6764661</b>

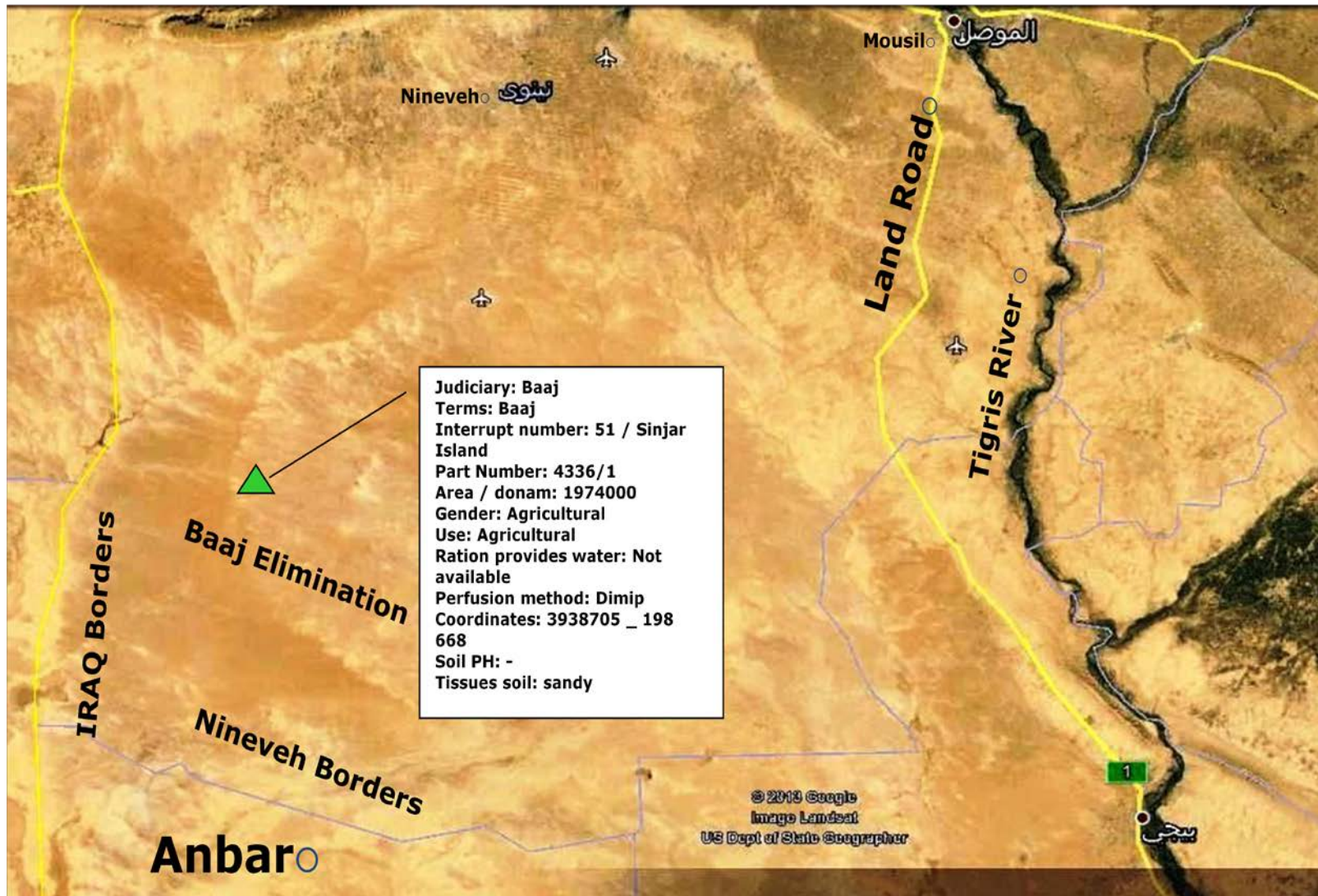
## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Nineveh Province for 2015<sup>1</sup>

Seq.	District	Township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / dunam	Type	Usage	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Coordinates x y	Analysis of soil	
											PH	soil Tissues
1	Ba'aj	-	51/ Sanjar Island	1/4336	1974000	Agricultural	Agricultural	Do not have a share of water	Evergreen	19866.8/x 393870.5/y	Not analyzed	Sandy
2	Hadhar	Tal Abta	51/ Sanjar Island	1/4336	1005804	Agricultural	Agricultural	Do not have a share of water	Evergreen	241991.3/x 3918995.8/y	Not analyzed	Sandy
3	Hadhar	-	46/ Tela'fer Aljanobia	1	1312667	Agricultural	Agricultural	Do not have a share of water	Evergreen	285848.5/x 391935.1/y	7	Sandy
4	Sanjar	Alshamal	24/Adeka	73	2599	Agricultural	Pasture	Do not have a share of water	Evergreen	208345.8/x 4036548.7/y	Not analyzed	clay
<b>Total</b>					<b>4295070 dunam</b>							
<b>Number of opportunities</b>					<b>4</b>							

<sup>1</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Nineveh, No. 7645 dated on 30/4/2013

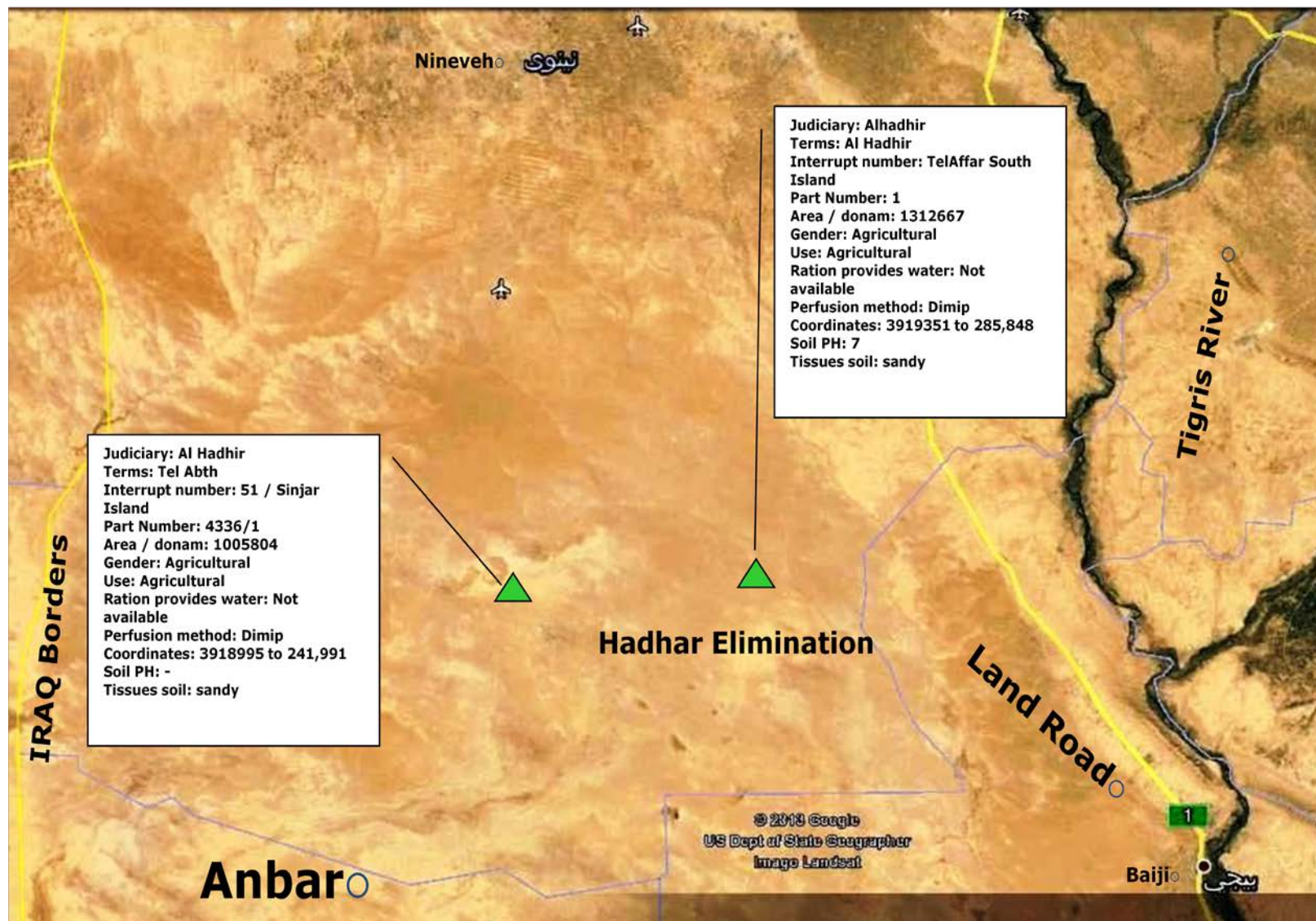


## Investment Opportunities in Nineveh Province / Alba'aj District



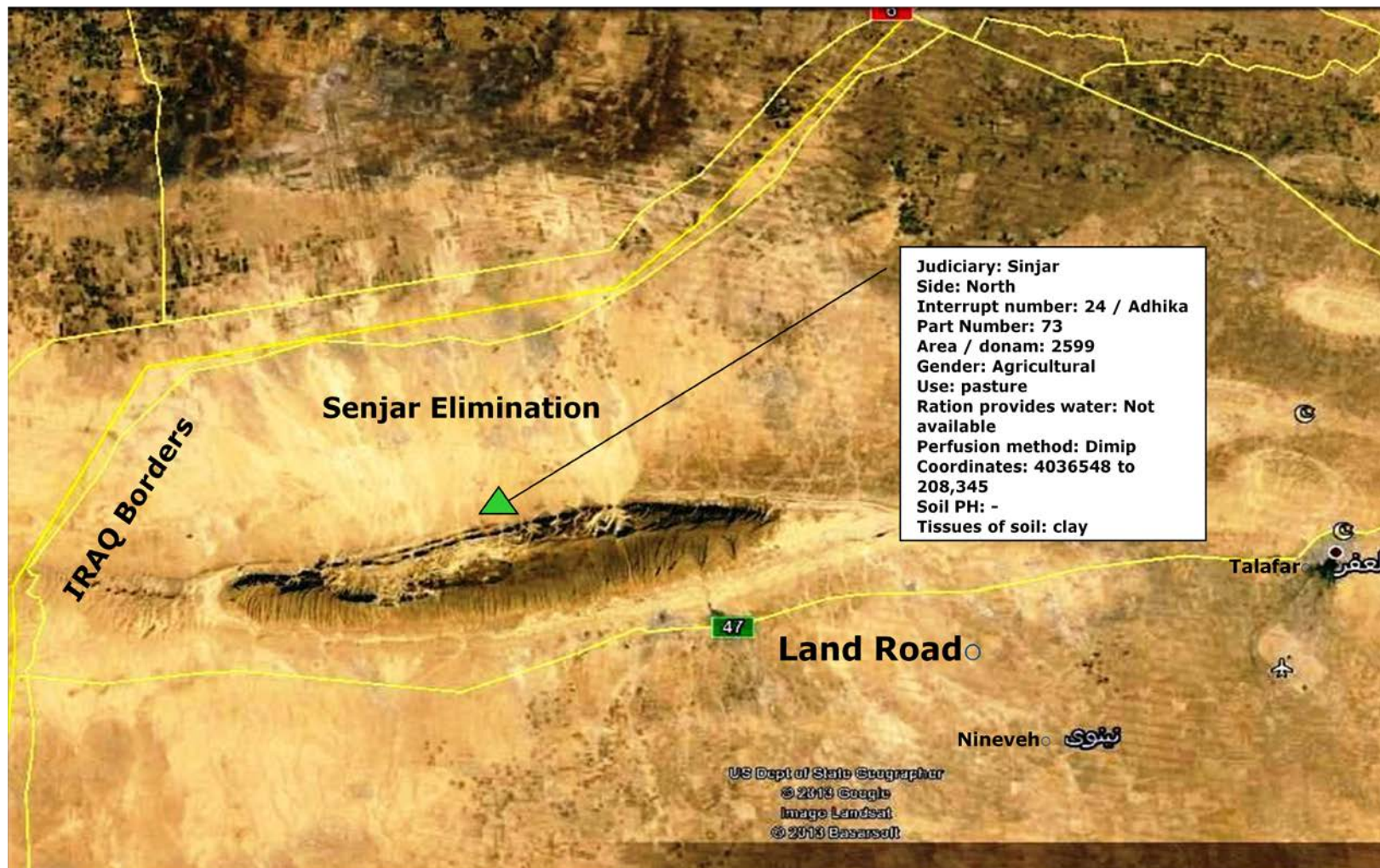


## Investment Opportunities in Nineveh Province / Al hadhar District





## Investment Opportunities in Nineveh Province /Sinjar District



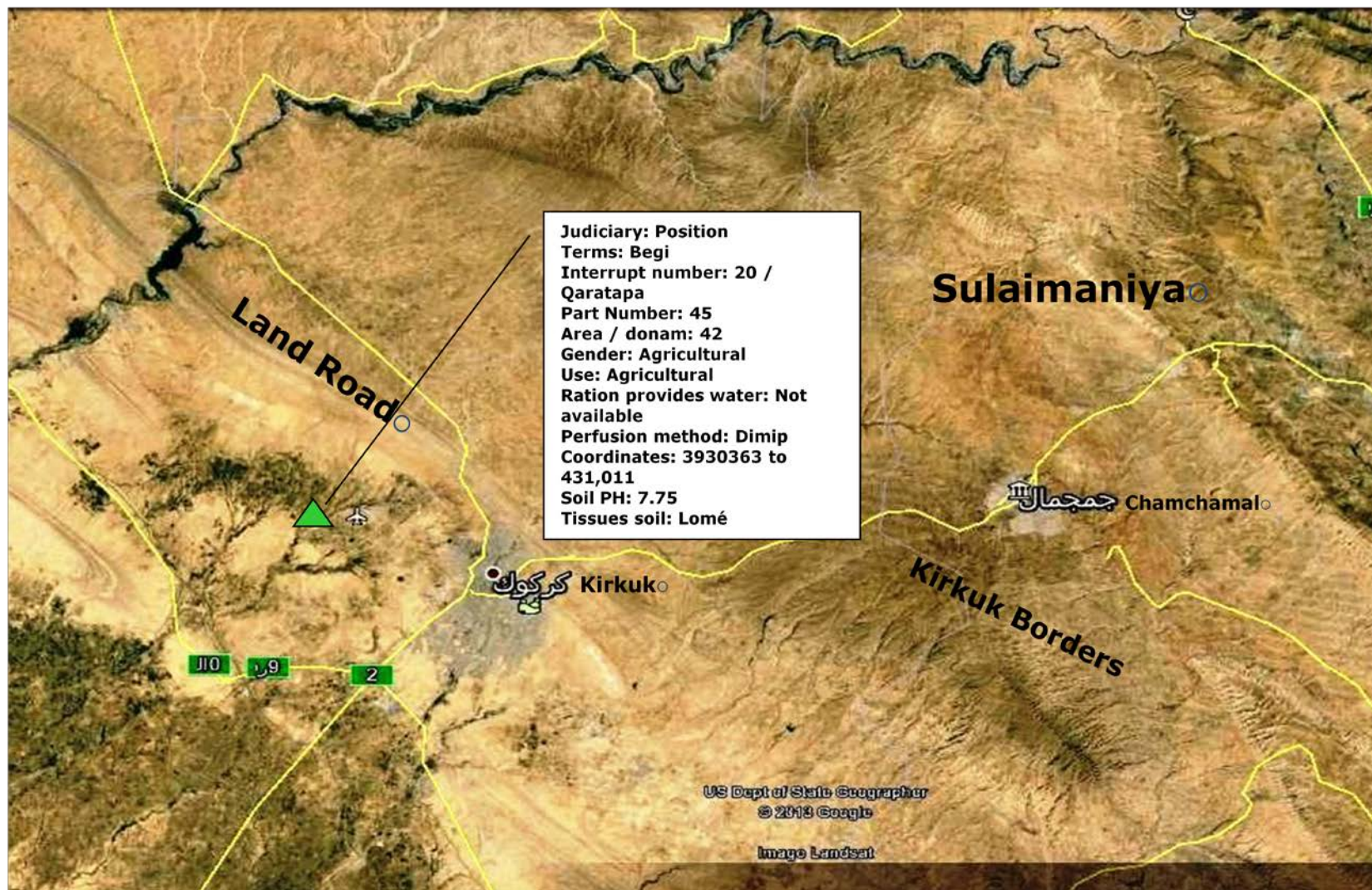
## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Kirkuk Province in 2015 <sup>2</sup>

Seq.	District	township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / dunam	Type	Usage	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Coordinates x y	Analysis of soil	
											PH	soil Tissues
1	Daquog	Centre	14/ West Jyourka	16/1	1390	Agricultural	Agricultural	Do not have a share of water	Evergreen	453356/x 3885636/y	8.5	Lomé sandy
2	Kirkuk	Yayehya	20/Qara Taba	45	42	Agricultural	Agricultural	Do not have a share of water	Evergreen	341011/x 3930363/y	7.75	Lomé
<b>Total</b>					<b>1432 dunam</b>							
<b>Number of opportunities</b>					<b>2</b>							

<sup>2</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Kirkuk, No. 7451 in 05/12/2013

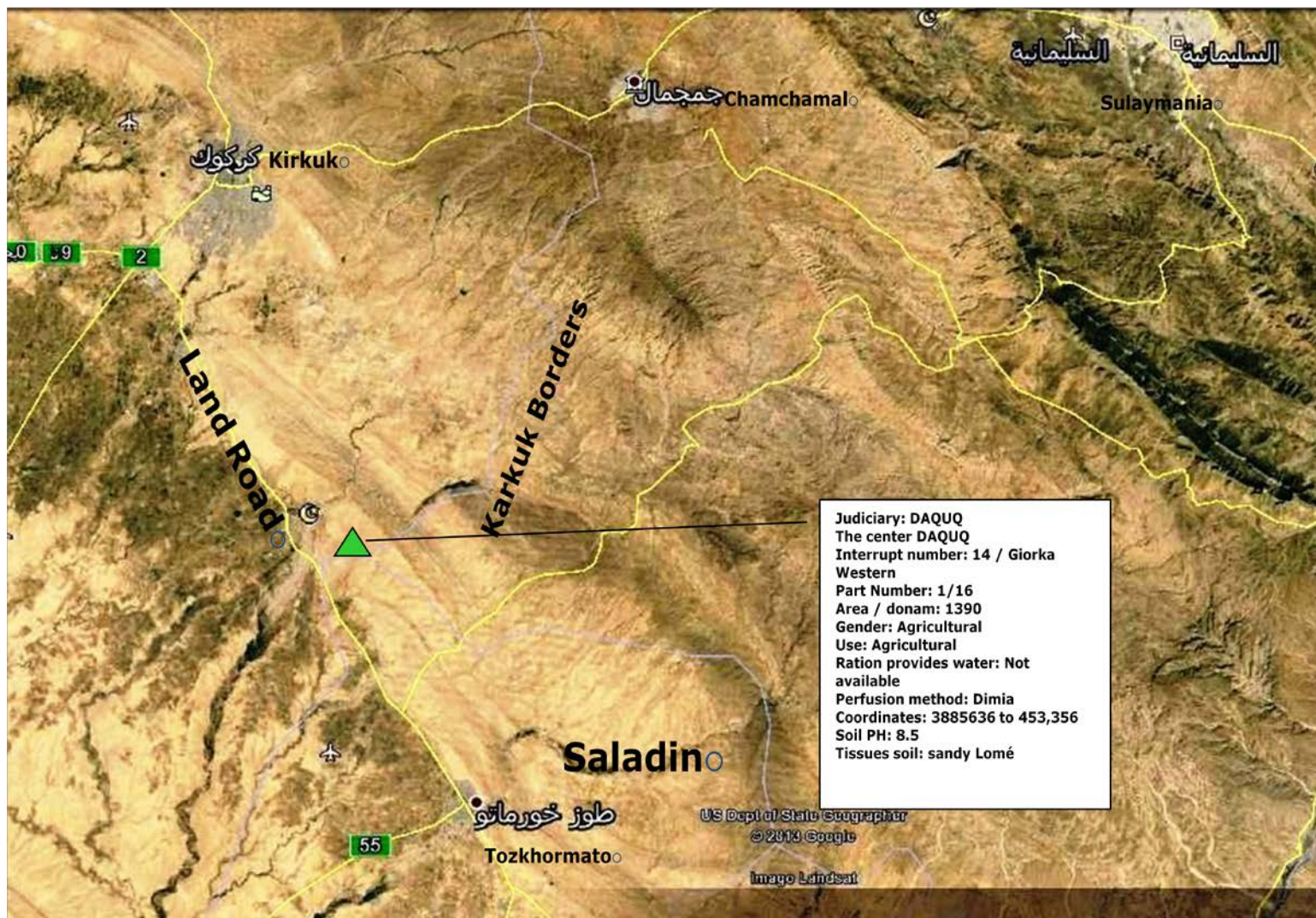


## Investment Opportunities in Kirkuk Province / District Center





## Investment Opportunities in Kirkuk Province / Daquq District





## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Saladin Province in 2015<sup>3</sup>

Seq.	District	township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / dunam	Type	Usage	Availability of water ratio	Method of perfusion	Coordinates x y	Analysis of soil		Notes
											PH	soil Tissues	
1	Tikrit	Samara	9/ Jazera	1	4200	Agricultural	Agricultural	Do not have a share of	wells	0339799/x 3800894/y	7.8	Gypsum	
2	Aldoor	Aldoor	74	97	5000	Agricultural	Agricultural	Do not have a share of water	wells	0415569/x 3805403/y	7.5	Gypsum	-
3	Aldoor	Aldoor	87	50-47 & 71	10000	Agricultural	Agricultural	Do not have a share of water	wells	0424345/x 3834336/y	7.7	Sandy	-
4	Beji		90 Makhoul Mont.	1	150	Agricultural	Agricultural	Do not have a share of water	wells	355636/x 3887206/y	7.5	Mixed Sandy	High gypsum content
5	Beji	-	4/Um Altoos	1	150000	Agricultural	Animal and Plants	Do not have a share of water	Evergreen	270346/x 3842229/y	7.5	Mixed Sandy	High gypsum content
<b>Total</b>					<b>1659350 dunam</b>								
<b>Number of opportunities</b>					<b>5</b>								

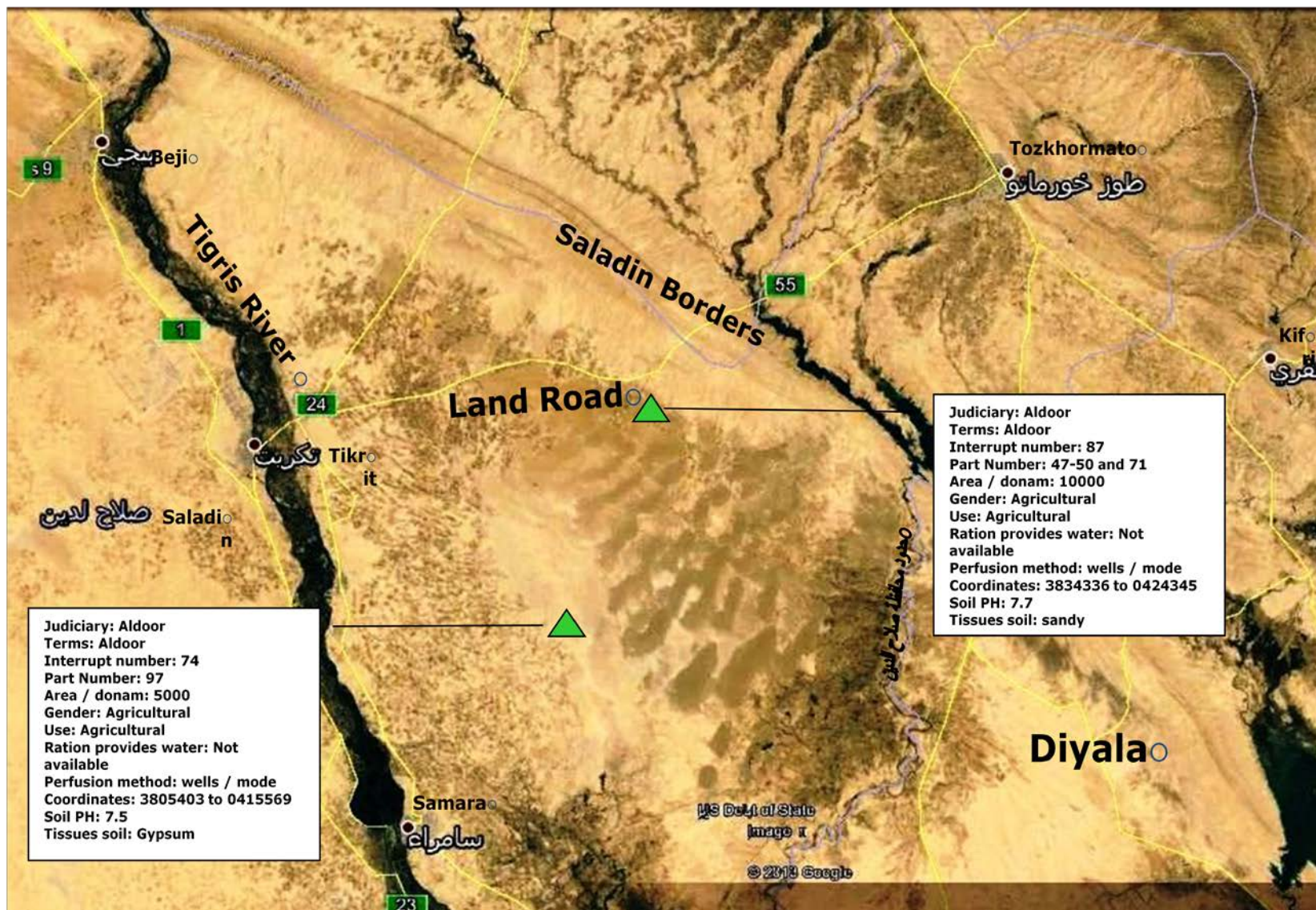
<sup>3</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Saladin, No. 11185 in 07/21/2013

## Investment Opportunities in Saladin Province /Samarra District



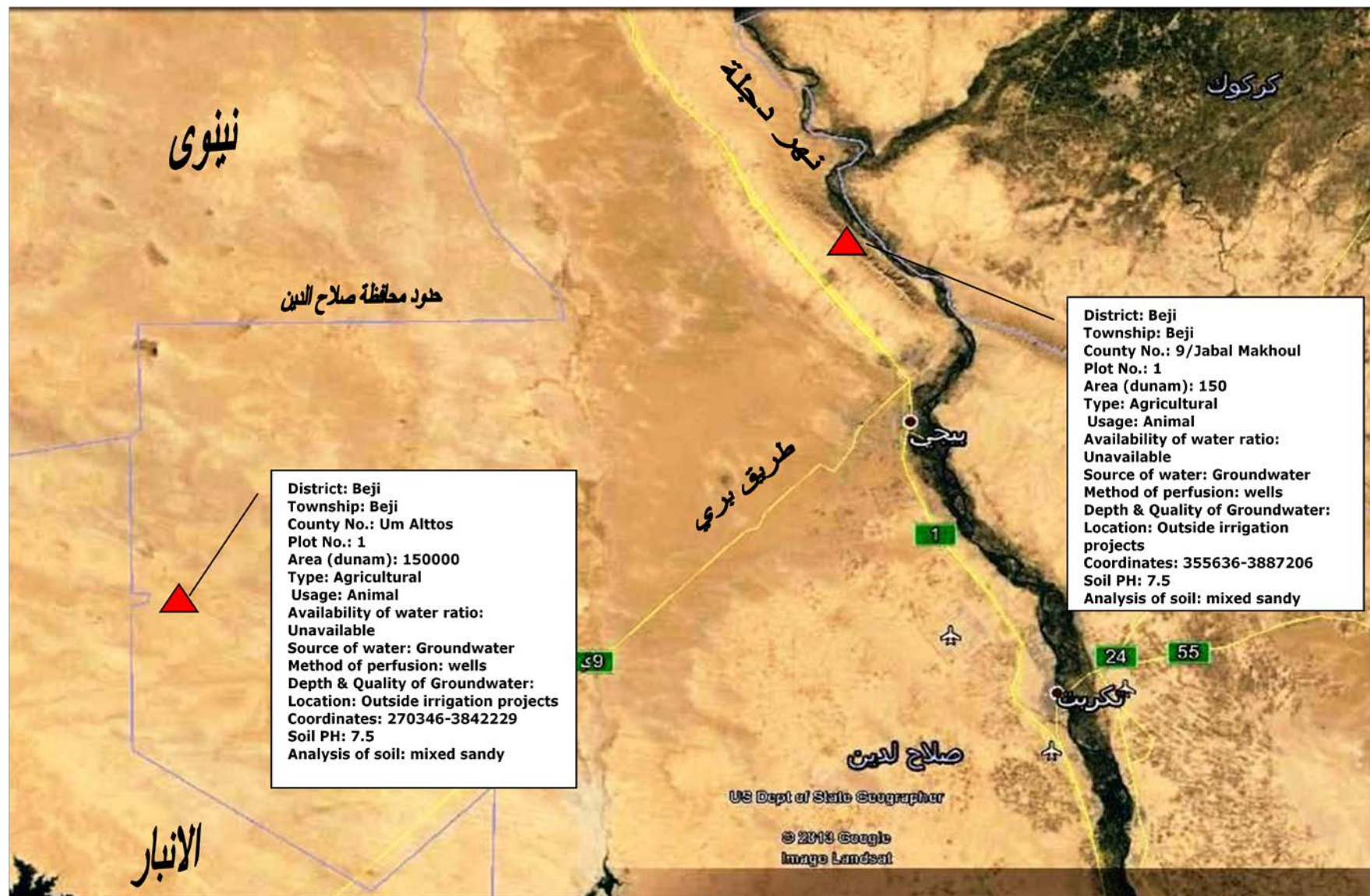


## Investment Opportunities in Saladin Province /Aldoor District





## Investment Opportunities in Saladin Province/ Beji District



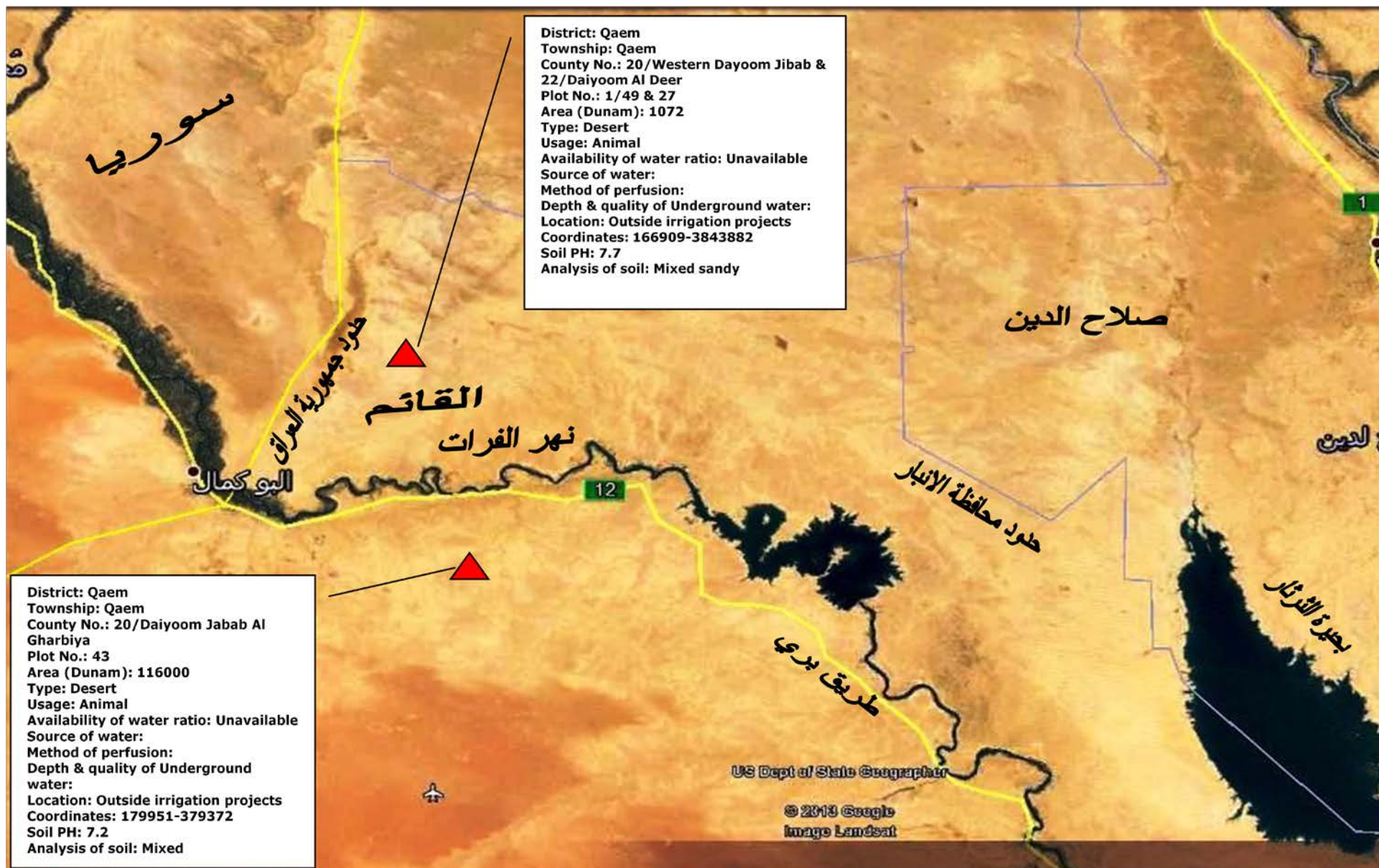
## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Al Anbar Province for 2015

Seq.	District	Township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / dunam	Type	Source of water	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Coordinate s x y	Analysis of soil	
											PH	soil Tissues
1	Qaem	-	24/Kalban al- Tayara And 22/dayoom al- Der	1/49 And 27	107200	desert Lands	-	Unavailable	-	X/ 166909 Y/ 3843882	7.78	mixed Sandy
2	Qaem	-	20/Western Dayoom Jibab	43	116000	desert Lands	-	Unavailable	-	X/ 179951 Y/ 3793720	7.27	Mixed
3	Hdeetha	-	71/Dayoom , the middle island	1	14000	desert Lands	Underground water	Unavailable	Wells Depth /30m Unusable	X/ 0279047 Y/ 3805631	6.66	Mixed Sandy
4	Al-Khalidiyah	Habanyah	47/Haswat al-Shamiyah	2	1215	Rocky lands	Underground water	Unavailable	Wells Depth /15m Salty Depth / 25 m less salty Unusable	X/ 0353717 Y/ 3673662	7.65	Mixed Sandy



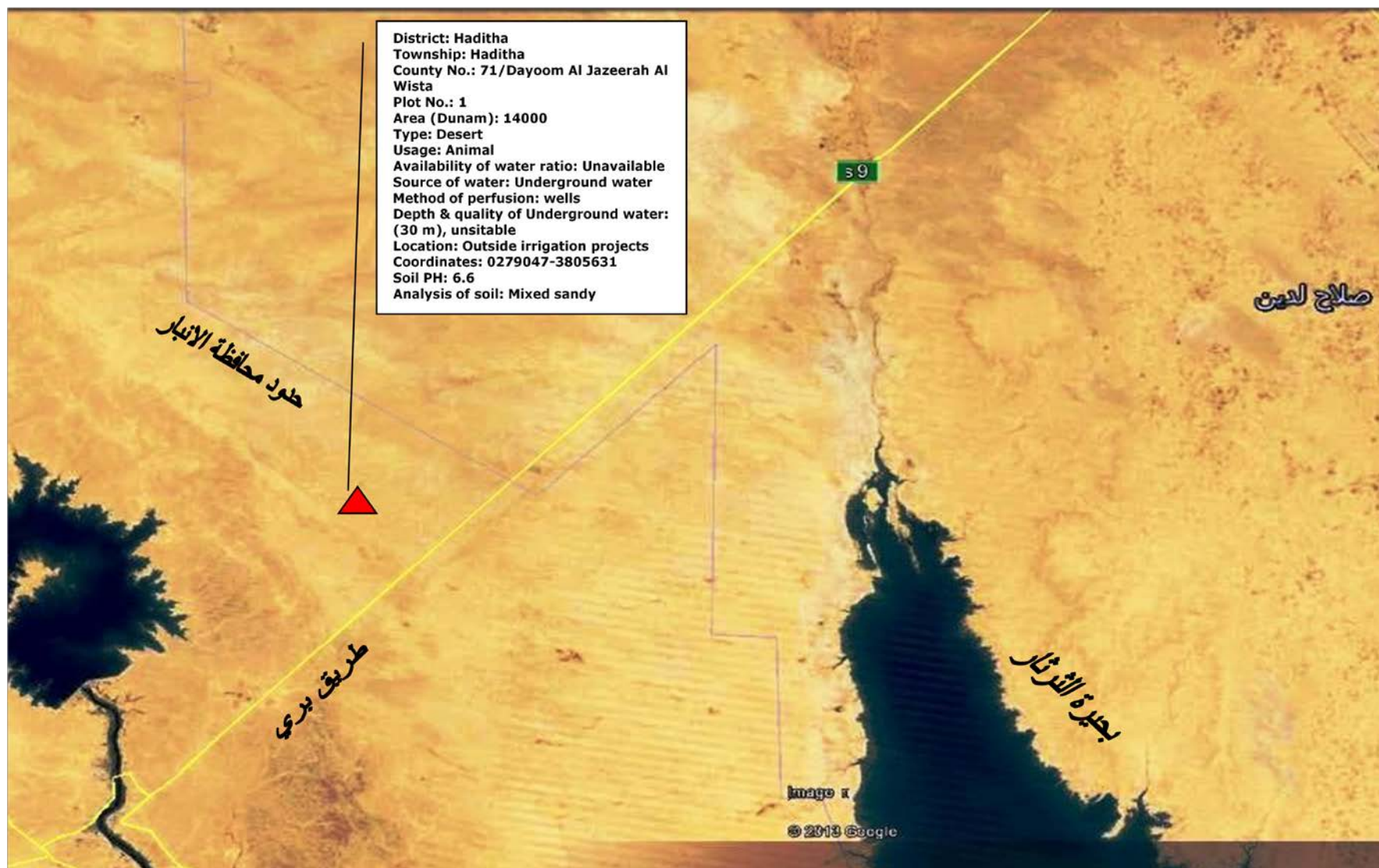
5	Faluja	Saqlawyah	36/Al-Jabal	1/5094	7000	Rocky lands	Underground water	Unavailable	Wells	X/ 0379659 Y/ 3709765	8.4	Mixed Clay sandy ( High gypsum ingredient s 42%)
<b>Total</b>				<b>245415 Dunam</b>								
<b>Number of opportunities</b>				<b>5</b>								

## Investment Opportunities in Anbar Province/ Al Qaem District



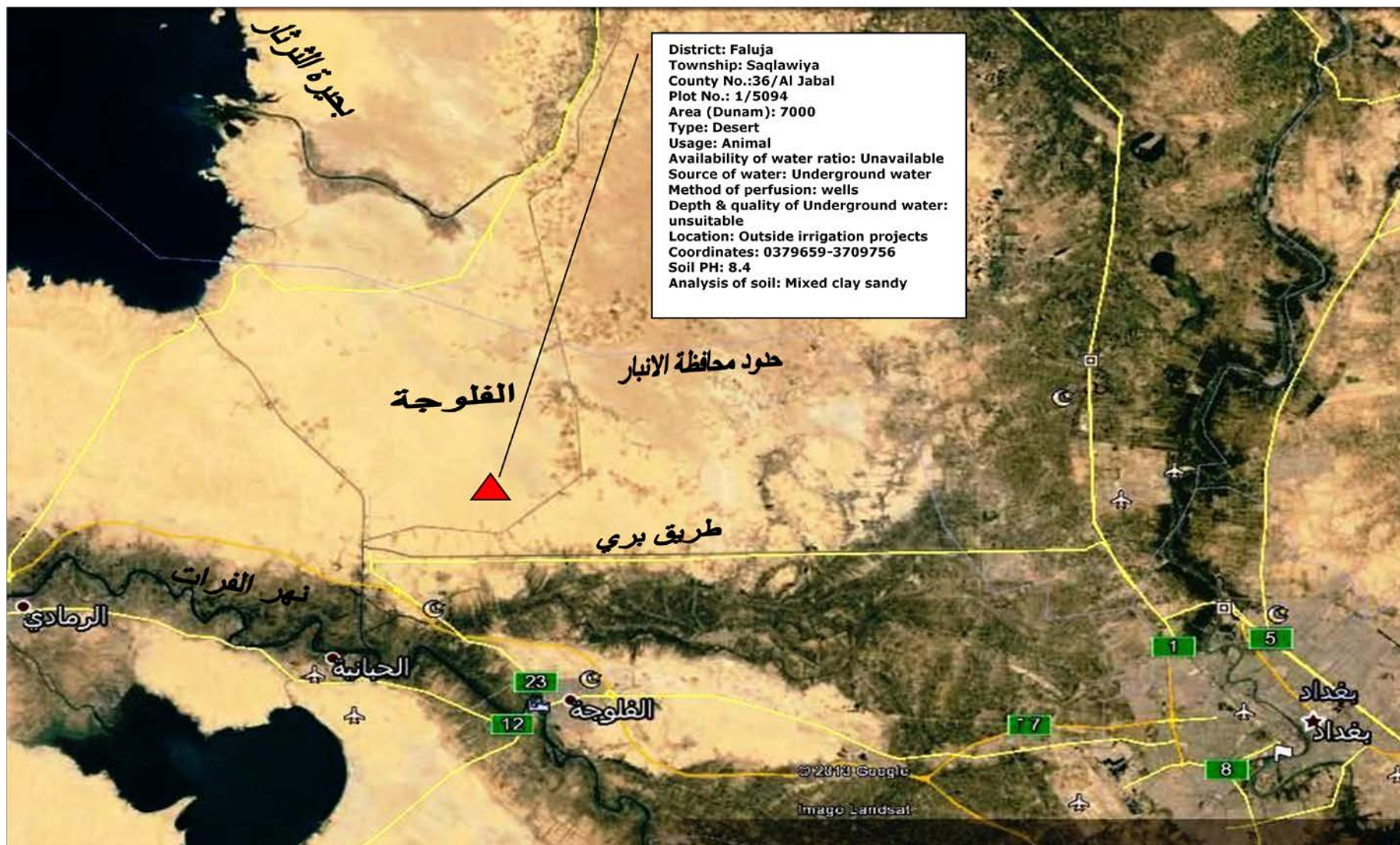


## Investment Opportunities in Anbar Province/ Haditha District





## Investment Opportunities in Anbar Province/ Faluja District





## Investment Opportunities in Anbar Province/Khalidiya District





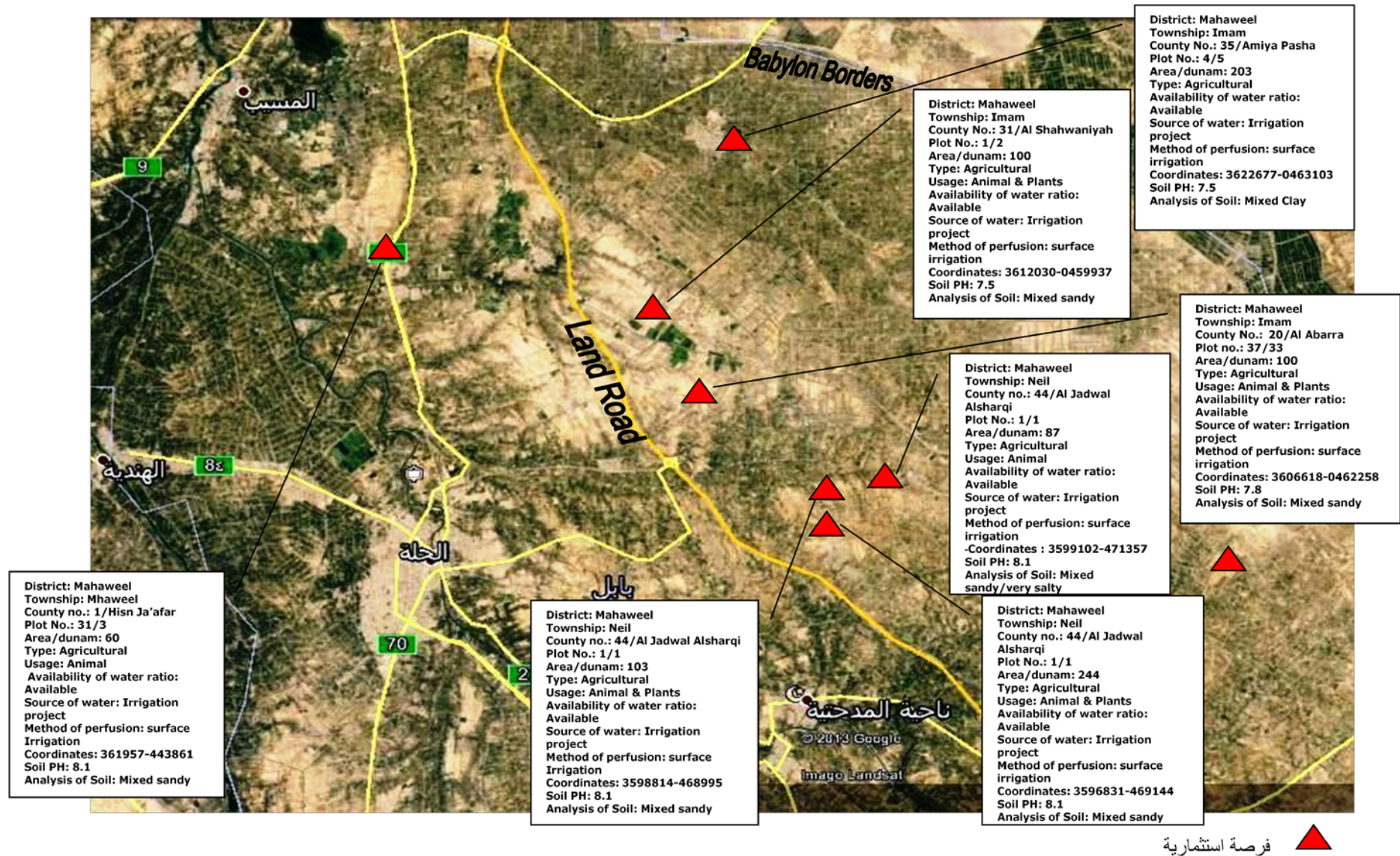
## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Babylon Province in 2015 <sup>4</sup>

Seq.	District	Township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / dunam	Type	Source of water	Availability of water share	Method of Persusion	Coordinates X Y	Analysis of soil	
											PH	soil Tissues
1	Mahaweel	Imam	20 Abarra	37/33	100	Agricultural	Irrigation project	Available	Surface irrigation	<b>0462258 3606618</b>	<b>7.8</b>	Mixed Sandy
2	Mahaweel	Imam	31 Shahwaniya	2/1	100	Agricultural	Irrigation project	Available	Surface irrigation	<b>0459937 3612030</b>	<b>7.8</b>	Mixed Sandy
3	Mahaweel	Imam	35 Amiya Al Pash	5/4	203	Agricultural	Irrigation project	Available	Surface irrigation	<b>0463103 3622677</b>	<b>7.5</b>	Mixed clay
4	Mahaweel	Neil	44 /Aljadwal Alsharqi	1/1	87	Agricultural	Irrigation project	Available	Surface irrigation	3599102 /X 471357 /Y	8.1	Mixed Sandy/very salty 162.2
5	Mahaweel	Neil	44 /Aljadwal Alsharqi	1/1	244	Agricultural	irrigation project	available	Surface irrigation	3596831 /X 469144 Y	8.1	Mixed Sandy / salty 72.1
6	Mahaweel	Neil	44 /Aljadwal Alsharqi	1/1	103	Agricultural	irrigation project	available	Surface irrigation	3598814 /X 468995 Y	8.2	Mixed Sandy / very salty 151.9

<sup>4</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Babylon, No. 17408 in 24/6/2013  
With attachment No. 18702 in 9/7/2013

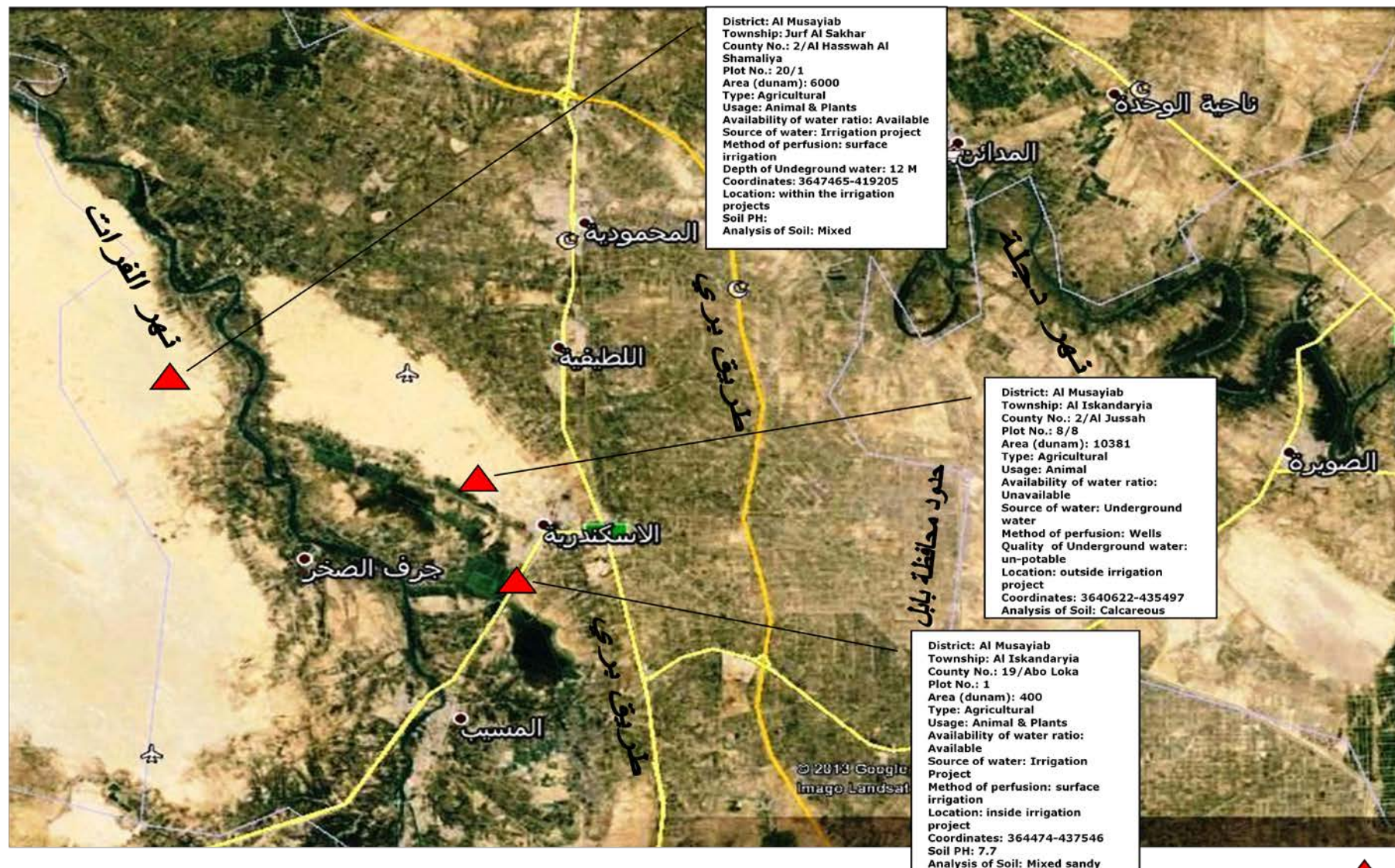
7	Mahaweel	Mahaweel	1/Hosin Ja'afer	31/3	60	Agricultural	underground waters	Un Available	Wells	3615970 443861 3615990 443691	7.8	Mixed Sandy/ salty 84.9
8	Al Musayib	Jurf Al Sakhar	2/ Al Haswa Al Shamalya	20/1	6000	Agricultural	Irrigation project	Available	Surface irrigation	419205 3647465 418543 3646118		Mixed clay/ unstable area could not get samples
9	Al Musayib	Iskandaria	19/Abo Loka	1	400	Agricultural	Irrigation project	Available	Surface irrigation	437546 3634474	7.7	Mixed Sandy
10	Al Musayib	Iskandaria	2/ Almajasa	8/8	10381	Agricultural	underground waters	Un Available	Wells	435497 3640622	-	- unsuitable
11	Al Hashmiya	Al Midhatiya	28/ Al Jazera	1/121	490	Agricultural		Un Available	means	496749 3594755	7.5	Mixed sandy
<b>Total</b>			<b>18168 dunam</b>									
<b>Number of opportunities</b>			<b>11</b>									

## Investment Opportunities in Babylon Province / Al Mahawel District





## Investment Opportunities in Babylon Province/ Al Musayib District





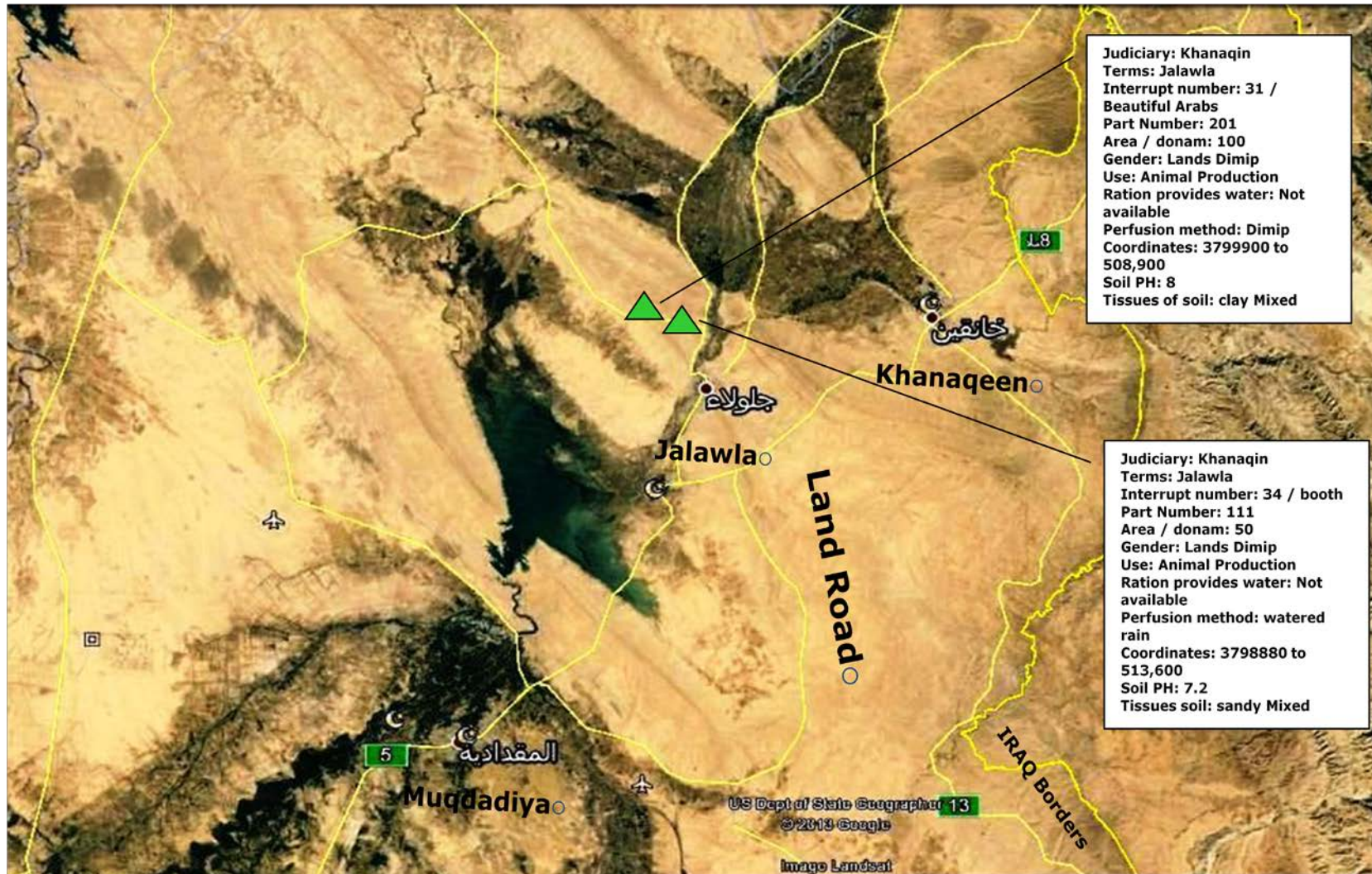
## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Diyala Province in 2015 <sup>5</sup>

Seq.	District	Township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / dunam	Type	Source of water	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Coordinates x y	Analysis of soil	
											PH	soil Tissues
1	Muqdadiah	-	26/Al Haronia	70/12	86	Evergreen Lands	underground water (unsuitable) , rain	Unavailable	wells	503100 3764200	8.6	Mixed Clay
2	Muqdadiah	-	26/Al Haronia	76/12	359	Evergreen Lands	underground water (unsuitable) , rain	Unavailable	wells	502400 3764731	8	Mixed Clay
3	Muqdadiah	-	37/Wadi Alhesan	42/1	2813	Evergreen Lands	underground water (unsuitable) , rain	Unavailable	wells	514400 3756650	8.5	Clay Sandy
4	Muqdadiah	Wajehia	10/Aleza	11/1	150	Evergreen Lands	irrigation project rain	available	surface irrigation	496350 3728200	7.8	Mixed Clay
5	Muqdadiah	Wajehia	10/Aleza	1/2	500	Evergreen Lands	irrigation project,(unsuitable) rain	available	surface irrigation	493500 3737200	7.2	Mixed Clay
6	Baquba	Kana'n	24/Tal Abo Raseen	9/1	350	Evergreen Lands	irrigation project, ,(unsuitable) rain	available	surface irrigation	488550 3727300	7.1	Clay
7	Baquba	Buhriz	21/Tal Al asmar	96	2923	Evergreen Lands	irrigation project, ,(unsuitable) rain	available	surface irrigation	470376 3671000	8.7	Mixed Clay Sandy

<sup>5</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Diyala No. 10490 in / 29/04/2013

8	Khanaqin	Jalawlaa'	34/Kushok	1	40	Evergreen Lands	underground water , rain	Unavailable	wells	-	7.7	Mixed Sandy
9	Khanaqin	Jalawlaa'	34/Kushok	111	50	Evergreen Lands	underground water, rain	Unavailable	wells	513600 3798880	7.2	Mixed Sandy
10	Khanaqin	Jalawlaa'	31/Jamelat Arab	201	100	Evergreen Lands	Underground water , rain	Unavailable	wells	508900 3799900	8	Mixed Clay
11	Moqdadiyah	Mansoria	28/Mansoriat Al Jabal	43	200	Evergreen Lands	underground water,(unsuitable) rain	Unavailable	wells	495100 3777300 3276230 495557	7.2	Mixed Sandy
12	Moqdadiyah	Mansoria	36/Almashroh	51.131	11000	Evergreen Lands	Underground water ,(unsuitable) rain	Unavailable	well	3782700 472410	7.4	Mixed Clay
13	Moqdadiyah	Mansoria	16/Alshohani	2934/1	500	Evergreen Lands	unsuitable waterirrigation project , rain	available	surfaces irrigation	486000 3773600	7.3	Mixed Clay
14	Moqdadiyah	Mansoria	36/Almashroh	46.68 Part Of 131/1	5000	Evergreen Lands	Underground water ,(unsuitable) rain	Unavailable	wells	3782700 472410	7.5	Mixed Sandy
15	Moqdadiyah	Mansoria	15/Almarfoah	3/4 & 3/6	500	Evergreen Lands	underground water,(unsuitable) rain	Unavailable	wells	469900 3770200	7.1	Mixed Clay
<b>Total</b>				<b>24571 Dunam</b>								
<b>Number of opportunities</b>				<b>15</b>								

## Investment Opportunities in Diyala Province/ Khanaqin District

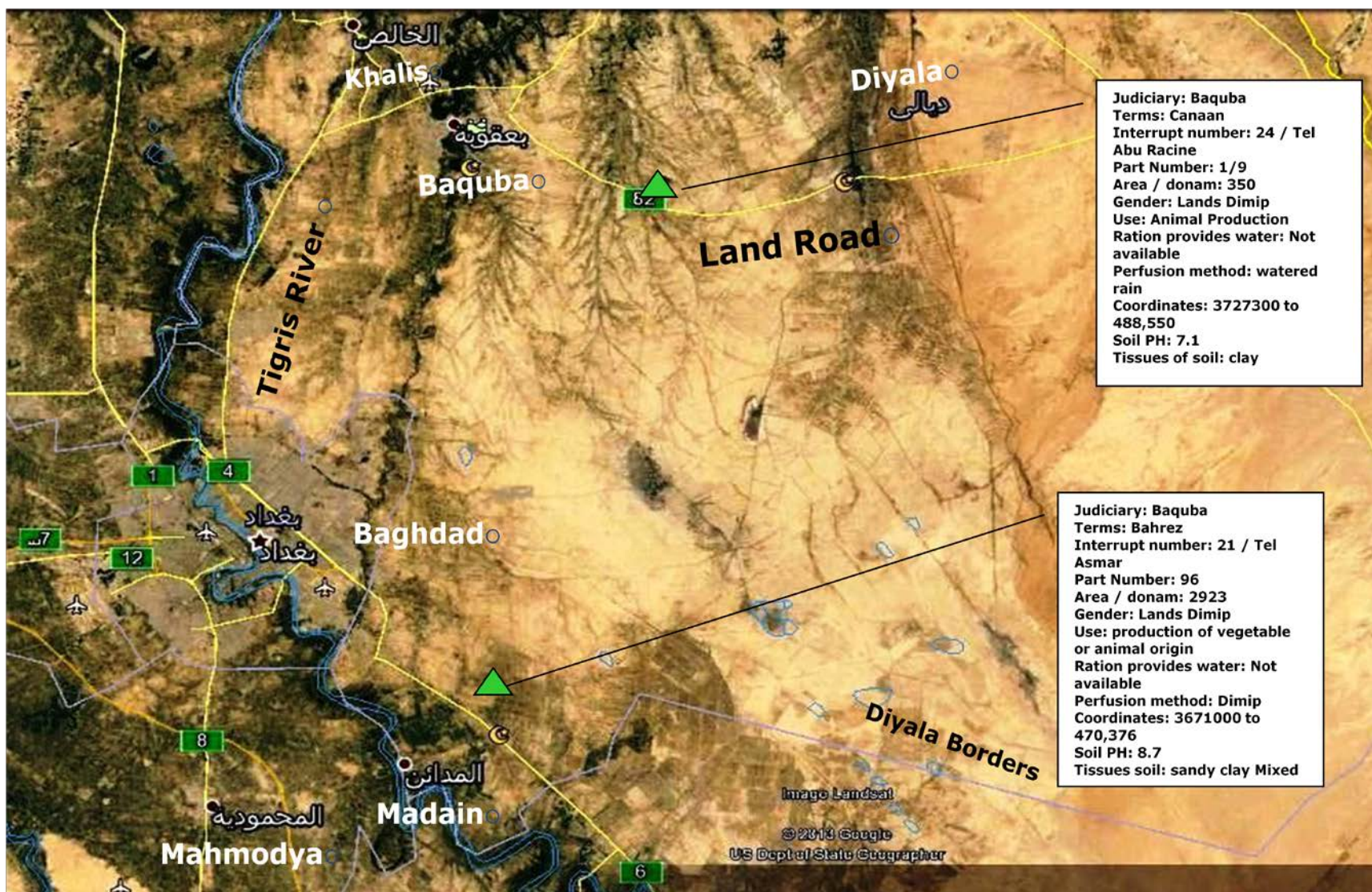


- There is other investment opportunity that was unable to track its coordination's because of the interference with the Army which is :



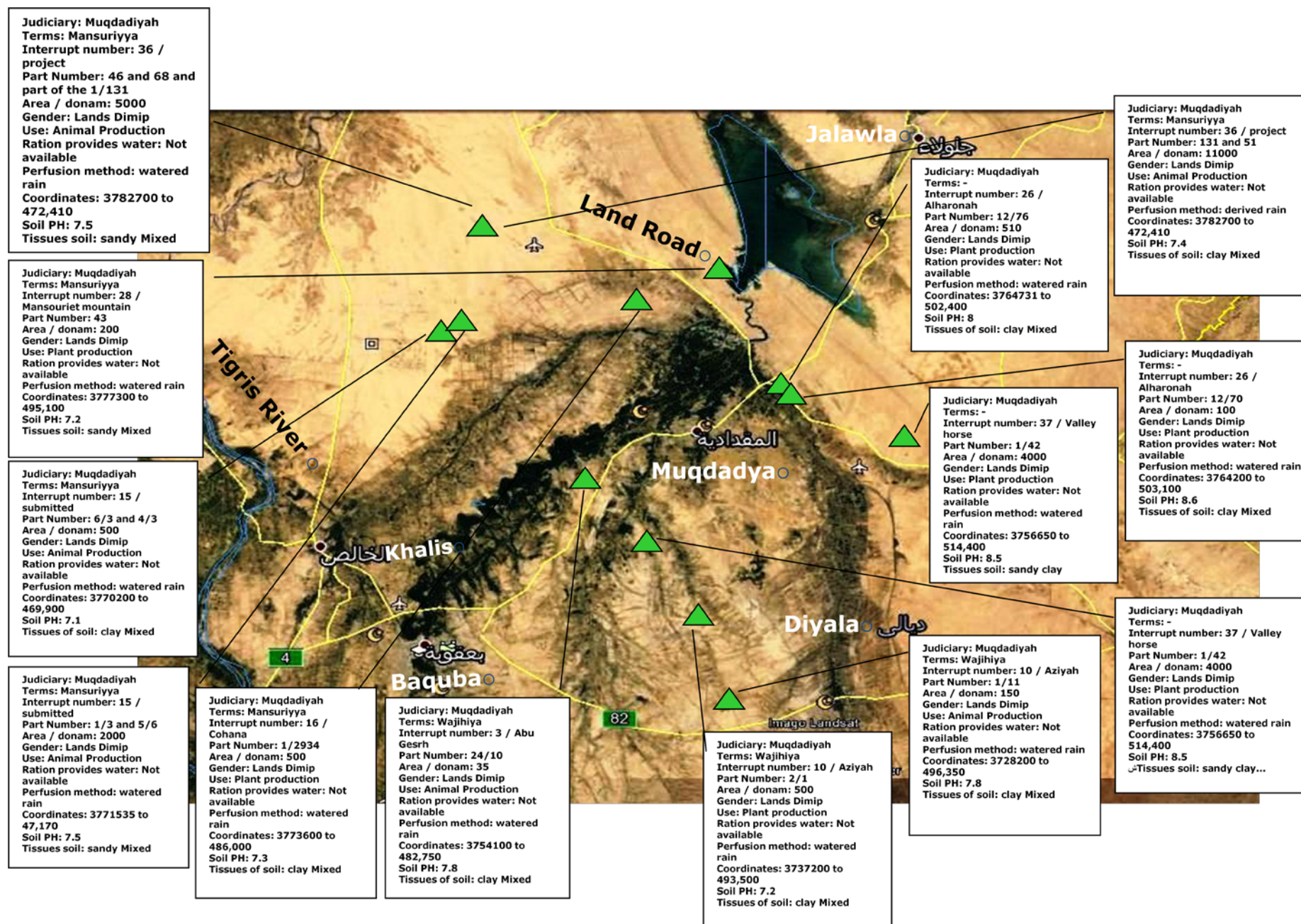
District: Khanaqien –Township: Jalawla'a-County No.:34/Kushouk-Plot No.:1-Area:40 Dunam-Type: evergreen-Usage:Animal production origin- Availability of water share: None-Method of Perfusion: by rain-PH:7.7-Mixed Sandy

## Investment Opportunities in Diyala Province / Baquba District





## Investment Opportunities in Diyala Province / Al Muqdadiah District



## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Wasit Province for 2015 <sup>6</sup>

Seq.	District	township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / dunam	Type	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Coordinates X Y	Analysis of soil		Notes
										PH		
1	Azezia	Centre	34/Jazera	191/1	5300	Agricultural	Un Available		524392 3664083	3.8		
2	Azezia	Center	23/Jazera	67/1	5	Agricultural	Un Available	Wells	509036 3647530	7.6	Area shrunked from 35 to 5	Area shrunked from 35 to 5
3	Essouira	Al Zobaidia	13/Saysabana	6/1	12	Agricultural	Un Available	Means	512318 3619156	٧,٤		
4	Nu'mania	Centre	33/Jazera	1/46	11500	Agricultural	Un Available	Means	548086 3627869	7.6		
5	Nu'mania	Centre	30 Bezaiz & 32 jazera	9/2 and 1/10	95	Agricultural	Un Available	Means	526682 3596068	-		
6	Badra	Jassan	21/Mweleh	1	3600	Agricultural	Un Available	wells	576889 3636937	7.3		

<sup>6</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in Wasit province, No. 17710 in 22/8/2013

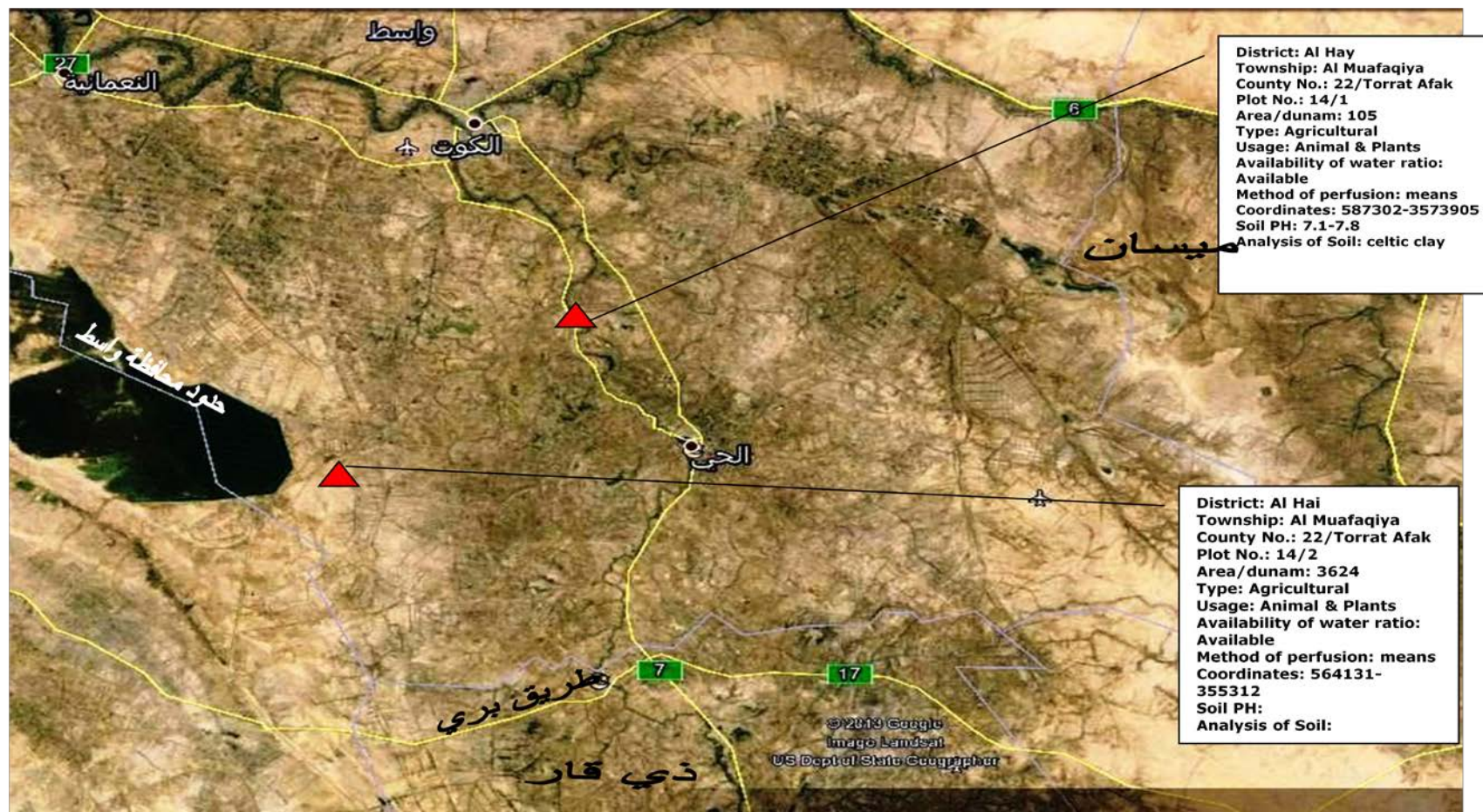
7	Badra	Jassan	27/Jazera	1/18	10000 0	Agricultural	Un Available	Wells	576362 3633511	-		
8	Badra	Jassan	33/Al Hor	2/6	49000	Agricultural	Un Available	Wells	576889 3636937	-		
9	Badra	Centre	16/ Sajla & Sabkha	1	800	Agricultural	Un Available	Wells	584743 3665664	8.5		
10	Badra	Centre	16/ Sajla & Sabkha	3	30000	Agricultural	Un Available	Wells	584143 3665245	7.2		
11	Badra	Zurbatia	8/Hashema	8	33000 & 1200 Sporad ic	Agricultural	Un Available	Wells	578816 3661630	7.6	750 dunam saved for Cement factory	
12	Kut	Shekh Sa'ad	46/Ramadan Ajer	1	26200	Agricultural	Un Available	Wells	632612 3606647	7.3	Notes	
13	Kut	Shekh Sa'ad	45/Ramadan Ajer	1	34970	Agricultural	Un Available	Wells	634482 3612307	7.7		
14	Kut	Shekh Sa'ad	38/Sayed Muhammed	1	832	Agricultural	Un Available	Wells	633713 3619964	7.3		

15	Kut	Shekh Sa'ad	45/um Al Jaradi	1	20501	Agricultural	Un Available	Wells	637531 3628153	7.4 to 8.5	Area shrunked from 35 to 5	
16	kut	center	30 Shwaija	325/1 116 to 129/1	59555	Agricultural	Available	Means	559703 3620412	7.4		
17	Alhay	Mowafaqia	22/ Tarat Efaj	1/14	1050	Agricultural	Available	Means	0587302 3573905	7.1 7.8	Celtic Clay	
18	Kut	Dejela	5/Hamedia & Jalebia	7/2	6	Agricultural	Available	Means	623184 3591212	7.7	Celtic Clay	
19	Kut	Dejela	15/Hor kharab	5	4725	Agricultural	Available	means	0638113 3553540	7.6	Celtic Clay	
20	Kut	Dejela	15/Hor kharab	7/6	9155	Agricultural	Available	Means	644943 3543497	7.8	Celtic Clay	
21	Al Hay	center	24Khamesia	1/8	120	Agriculture	Unavailable	means		7.5	clay	
22	Al Azizia	Al Deboni	34 Jazera	1/191	8000	Agriculture	unavailable	means	535543 3637694	7.6	clay	
23	kut	Shikh Saad	37/khrykher		960	Agriculture	available	means	614413 3611361			
24	kut	Shikh Saad	31/Salty Ramth	2/1	900	Agriculture	unavailable	means	618304 3636154			
25	Al Azizia	Al Azizia	34 Jazera	191/1	966	Agriculture	unavailable	means	578129 3660399			



26	Al Azizia	Al Azizia	34 Jazera	191/1	780	Agriculture	unavailable	means	515441 3647390			
27	Al Azizia	Al Azizia	34 Jazera	191/1	1800	Agriculture	unavailable	means	529575 3653080			
28	Badra	Zurbatia	8/ Hashima	8	70	Agriculture	unavailable	means	587071 3693372			
29	kut	center	30 Shiwaija	235/1	800	Agriculture	unavailable	means	601743 3615763			
30	kut	center	30 Shiwaija	235/1	513	Agriculture	unavailable	means	576796 3607743			
31	Numaniya	Ahrar	5/ Abo Jabir	316/1	1	Agriculture	available	means				
32	Numaniya	Ahrar	42/ Fhayl	4/1	500	Agriculture	unavailable	means	558313 3552496			
33	Al Azizia	Zubaidia	10/Sharqi Taweel	5/2	200	Agriculture	unavailable	means	516584 3620203			
34	hay	Muafaqiya	22/ Qara Efaj	14/2	3624	Agriculture	available	means	563462 3550411			
35	Al Azizia	Debino	29 western Shadheef	10/32 11/32 12/32 13/32	980	Agriculture	unavailable	means	517297 3630776			
<b>Total</b>			<b>411720 dunam</b>									
<b>Number of opportunities</b>			<b>35</b>									

## Investment opportunities in Wasit Province / Alhai District

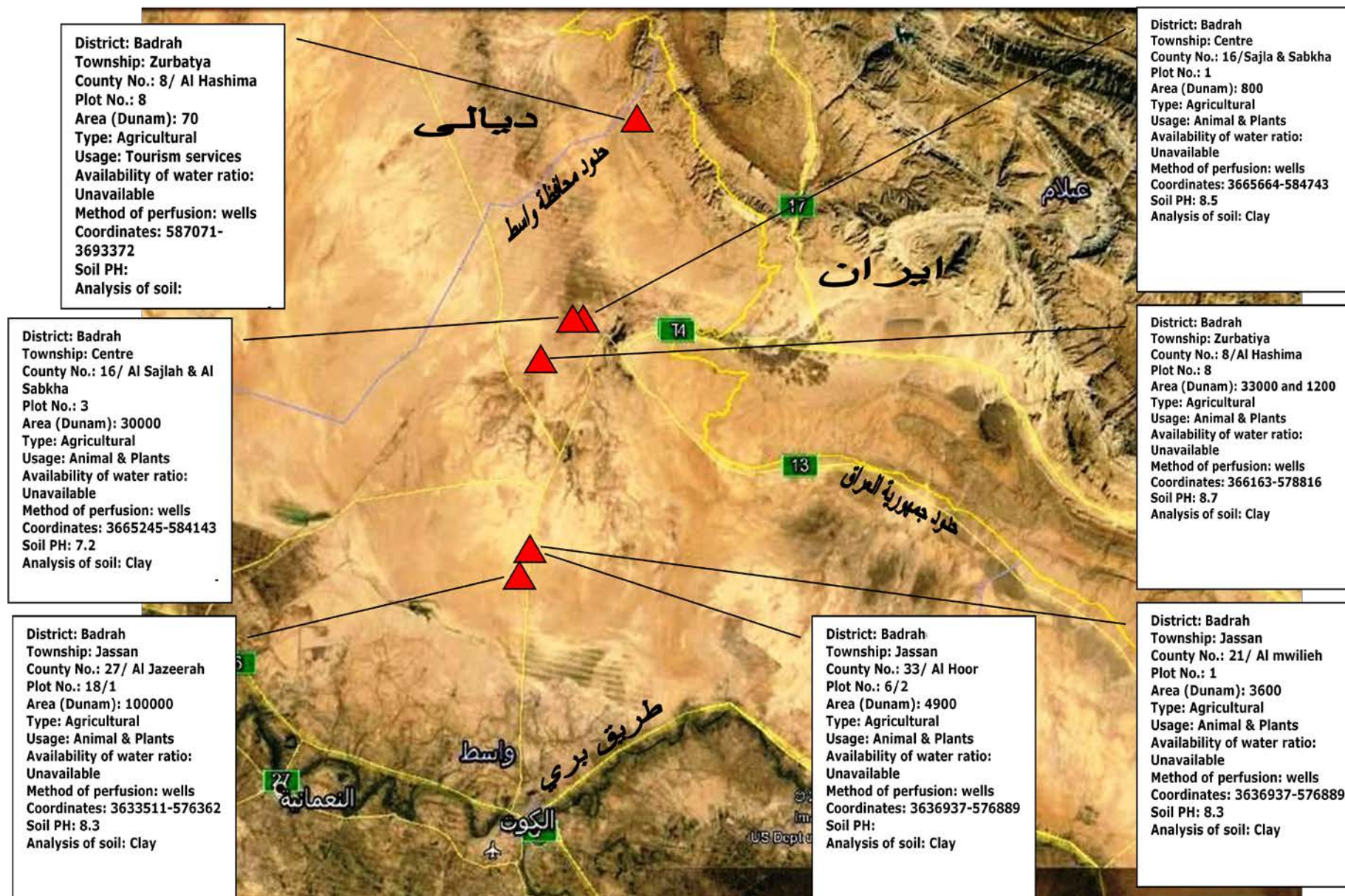


**There are another two investment opportunities in:**

1. District : Alhai - Township :Almarkaz – County No.: 24 / Al Khamesiah- Plot Number : 8/1- Area: 120 Dunam – Type :Agricultural / Usage: production of animal or vegetable –Availability of water share: None – Method of Perfusion: watered proxy - PH / 7,5 - mud.
2. District :Alhai – Township: Al Muwafaqiya – County No.: 8 /Al Sheib Al Sharqiyy - Plot Number:1/20- Area: 72 Dunam – Type :agricultural – Usage: production of vegetable or animal origin – Availability of water share :Provided- Methods of Perfusion: Means -PH : 7,9.

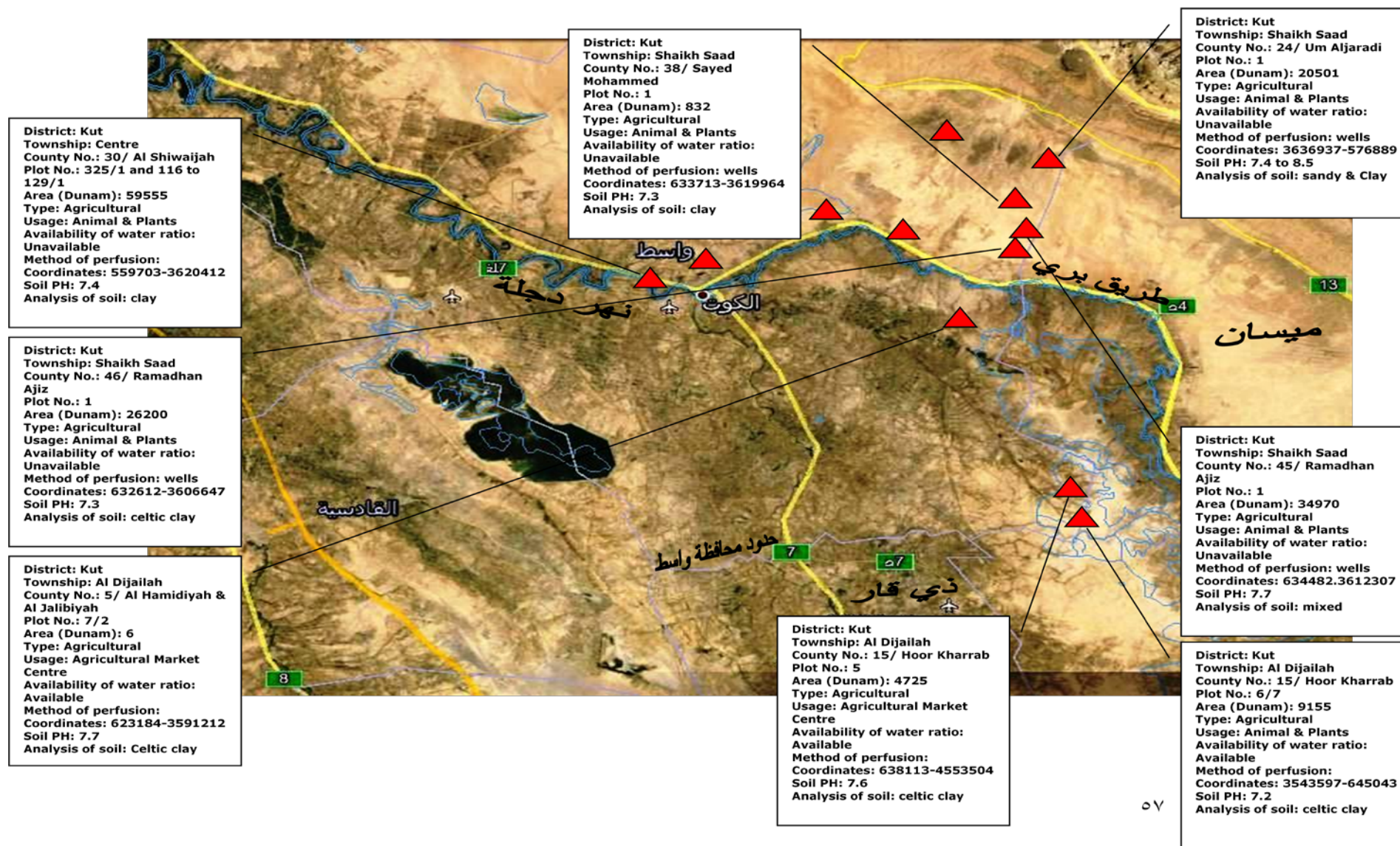


## Investment opportunities in Wasit Province / Badrah District



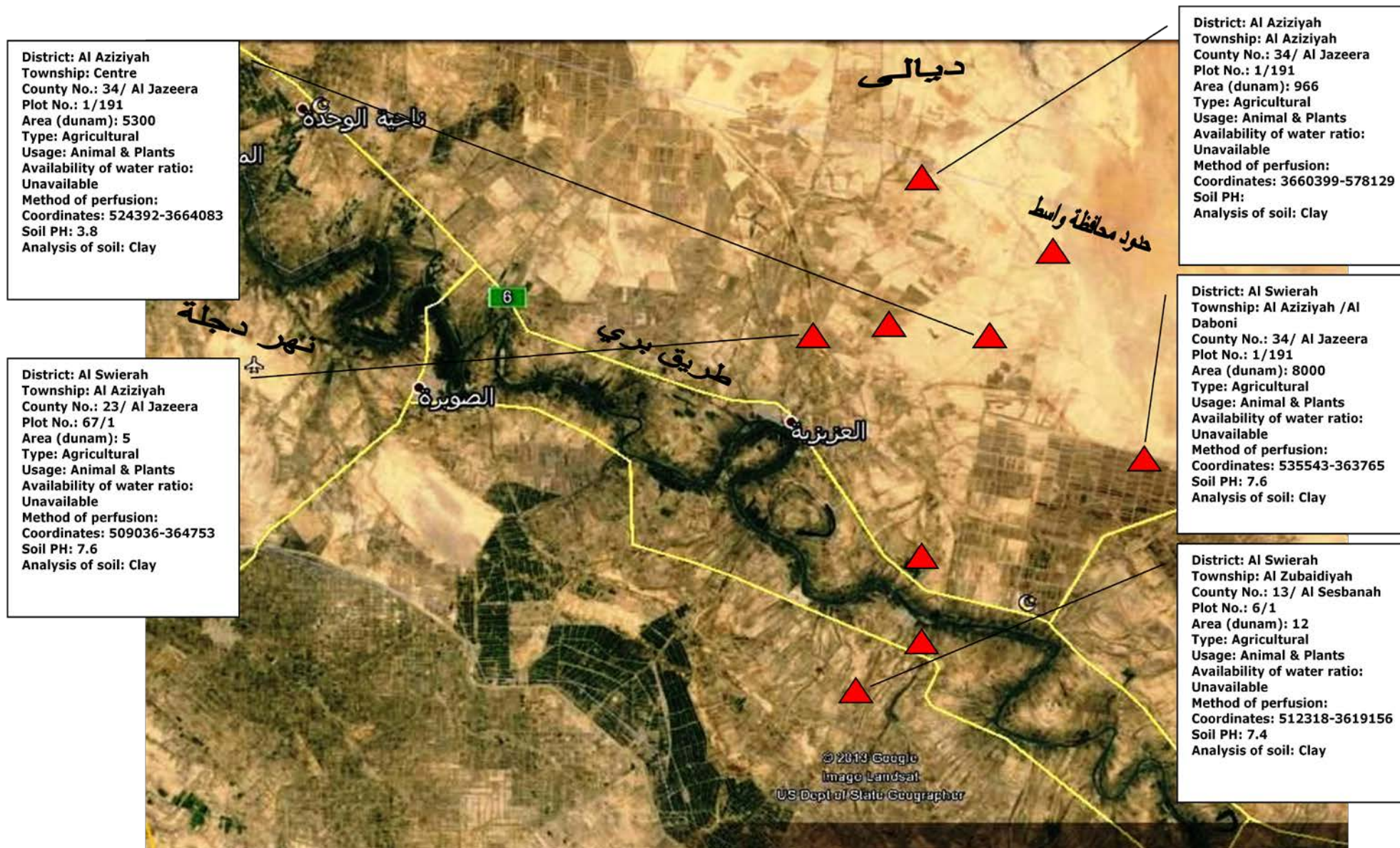


## Investment opportunities in Wasit Province / Al Kut Town



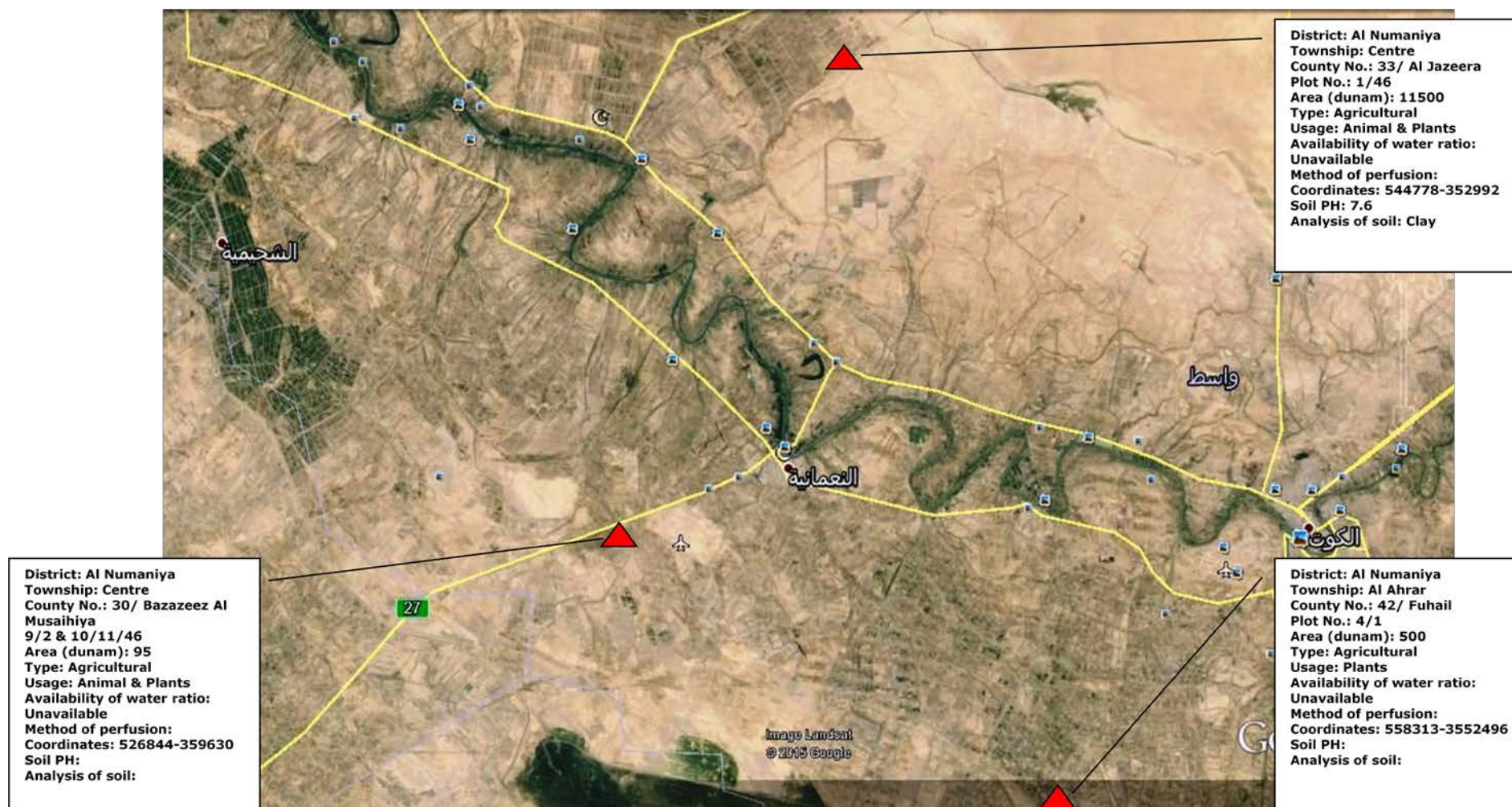


## Investment Opportunities in Wasit Province / Al Sowaira District





## Investment Opportunities in Wasit Province / Al Numa'aniya District



## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in the Province of Holy Karbala for 2015 <sup>7</sup>

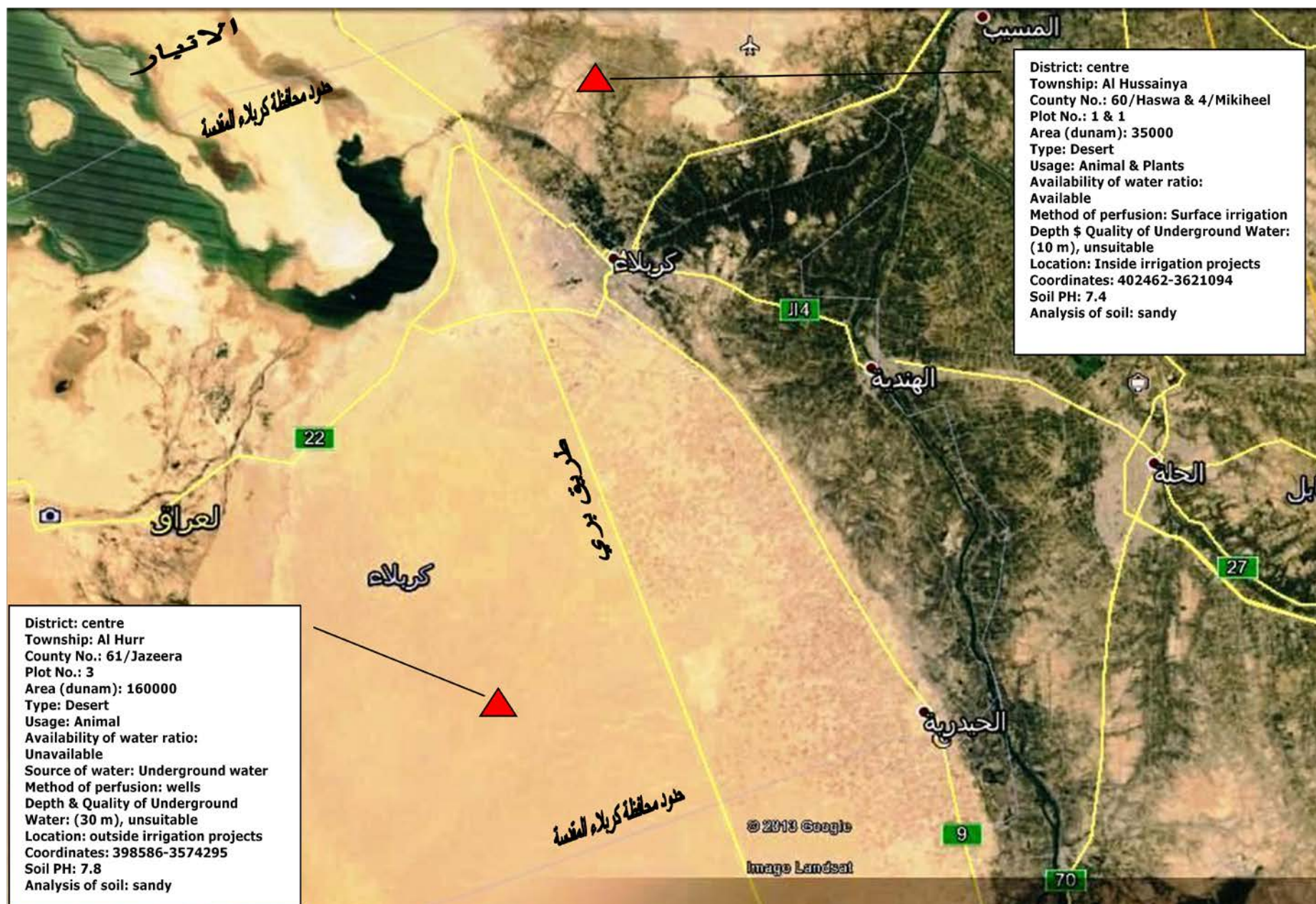
Seq.	District	township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / dunam	Type	source of water	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Coordinates x Y	Analysis of soil	
											PH	soil Tissues
1	Centre	Alhur	61/Jazera	3	160000	Desert/ unsuitable	underground water/ 30m depth	Do not have a share of water	wells	398586/x 3574295/y	7.8	Lomé sandy
2	Ain Altamur	Alhur	20/Jazera	50	120000	Desert / suitable	underground water/ 25m depth	Do not have a share of water	wells	365447/x 3572708/y	7.8	Lomé sandy
3	Centre	Husainia	60/Haswa 4/Mkeheel	1 1	35000	Desert unsuitable	irrigation project / 10 m depth	Do not have a share of water	surface irrigation	402462/x 3621094/y	7.4	sandy
<b>Total</b>					<b>315000 dunam</b>							
<b>Number of opportunities</b>					<b>3</b>							

According to letter no 31239 in 25/12/2014

<sup>7</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Karbala No. 9958 in 19/05/2013

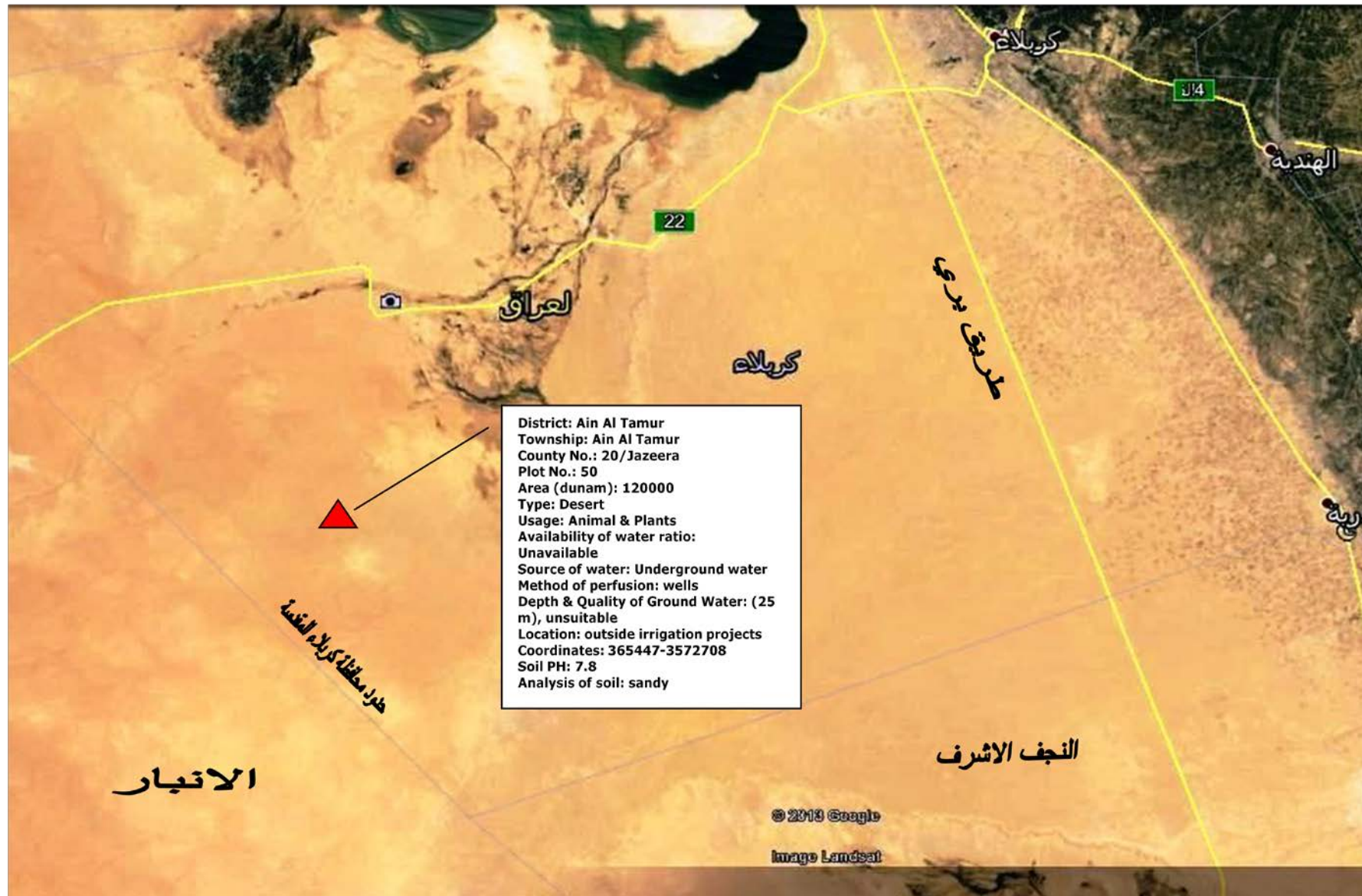


## Investment Opportunities in the Province of Holy Karbala / Town Center





## Investment Opportunities in the Province of Holy Karbala /Ain Al Tamur District

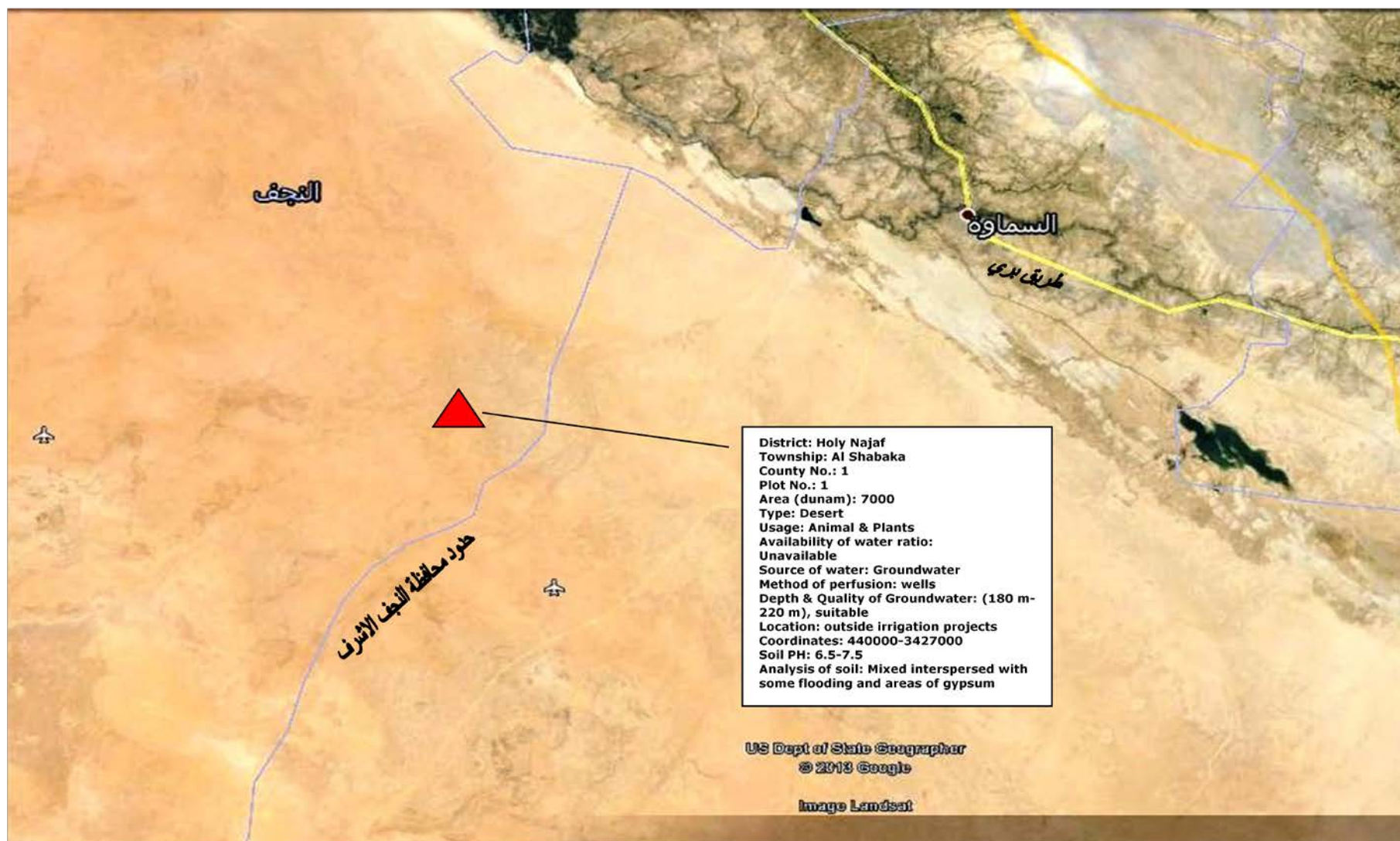


## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in the Province of Holy Najaf for 2014<sup>8</sup>

Seq.	District	township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / dunam	Type	Usage	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Coordinates x y	Analysis of soil	
											PH	soil Tissues
1	Najaf	Shabaka	1	1	7000	Agricultural	Agricultural	Share of water is not available	Groundwater	440000 3427000	7.5 - 6.5	Mixed interspersed with some flooding and areas of gypsum
Total					7000 dunam							
Number of opportunities					1							

<sup>8</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Najaf No. 7840 in 16/05/2013

## Investment Opportunities in the Province of Holy Najaf/ Najaf Town





## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Diwaniyah Province for 2015 <sup>9</sup>

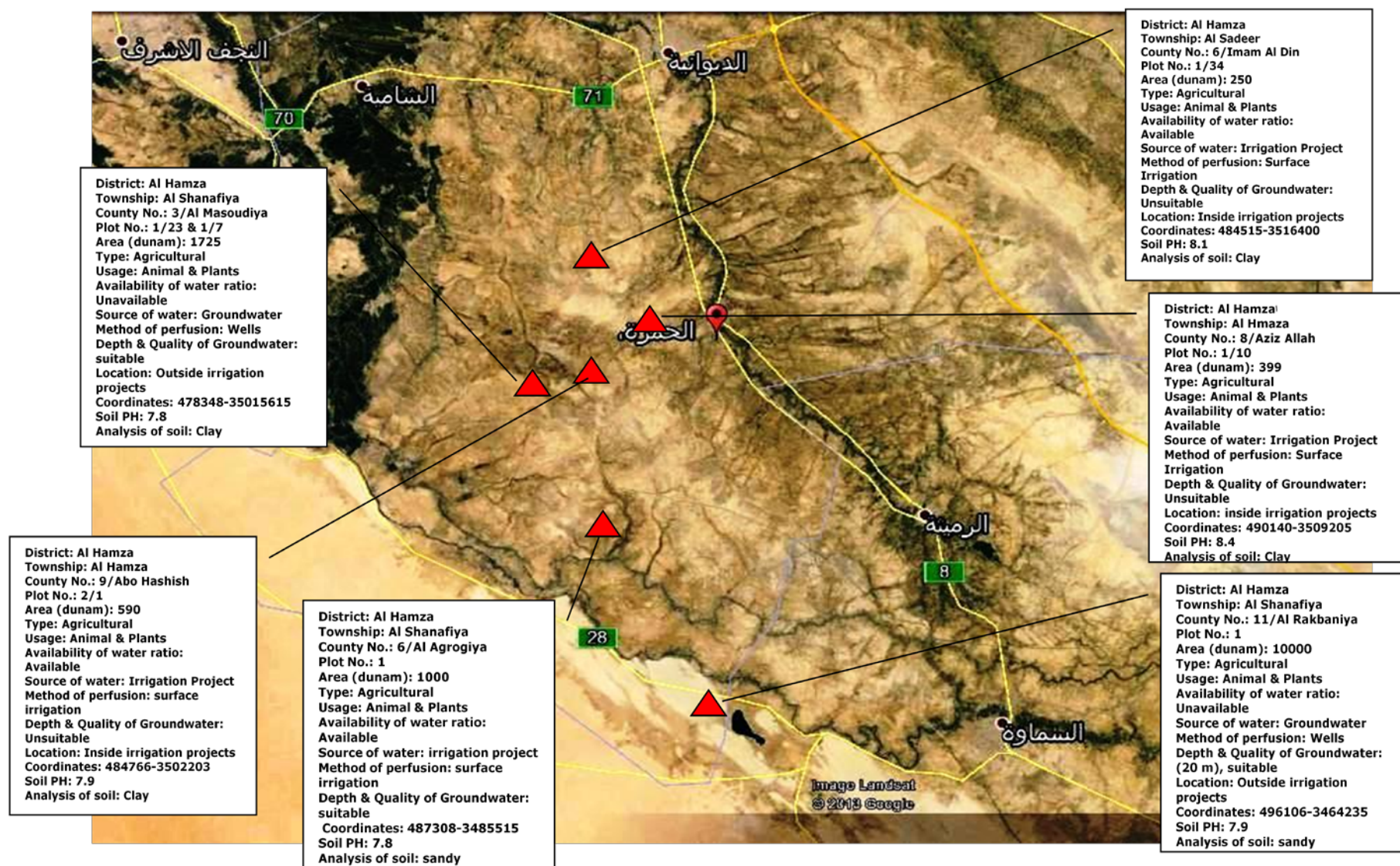
Se q	District	township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / dunam	Type	Availability of water share	Source of water	Soil suitability	Method of perfusion	Coordinates x Y	Analysis of soil	
												PH	soil Tissues
1	Al Hamza	Al Shanafya	3/ Al Masudia	23/1	1725	Agriculture	Unavailable	Underground waters	Suitable	Wells	478348 3501561	7.8	clay
2	Al Hamza	Al Shanafya	6/ Al Akrokiya	1	1000	Agriculture	Available	Irrigation project	Suitable	Surface irrigation	487308 3485515	7.8	sandy
3	Al Hamza	Al Shanafya	11/Al Rekbaniya	1	10000	Agriculture	Unavailable	Underground waters 20 m depth	Suitable	Wells	496106 3464235	7.9	sandy
4	Al Hamza	Al Hamza	8. Aziz Alla	1/10	399	Agriculture	Available	Irrigation project	unsuitable	Surface irrigation	490140 3509205	8.4	clay
5	Al Hamza	Al Hamza	Abo Hasheesh/9	2/10	590	Agriculture	Available	Irrigation project	unsuitable	Surface irrigation	484766 3502203	7.9	clay
6	Al Hamza	Al Sadeer	6/Imam Al Deen	1/34	250	Agriculture	Available	Irrigation project	unsuitable	Surface irrigation	484515 3516400	8.1	clay
7	Afak	Soumer	30/Al Jazera	8	1000	Agricultural	un Available	Underground water	Unsuitable	Wells	520875 3575450	7.8	Mixed
8	Afak	Nefer	27/Shat Al Nile	1	1266	Agricultural	un Available	Underground water/ 8-5m	Unsuitable	Wells	522420 3542450	8	Mixed clay

<sup>9</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in Diwaniyah province No. 13457 in 16/06/2013



9	Afak	Nefer	25/Al Badaa	1/9	732	Agricultural	un Available	Underground water/ 8-5m	Unsuitable	Wells	526800 3564760	8	Mixed clay
10	Afak	Nefer	14/ Alwa and Antakiya	2/9	182	Agricultural	un Available	Underground water/ 8m	Unsuitable	Wells	514240 3537800	8	Mixed clay
11	Afak	Nefer	27/Shat Al Nile	1, 11,6,7	5100	Agriculture	Available	Irrigation project	unsuitable	Surface irrigation	523123 35610783	8.2 To 10	Mixed clay
12	Afak	Nefer	27/Shat Al Nile	6	1000	Agriculture	Available	Irrigation project 8m	unsuitable	Surface irrigation	5200050 3555950	7.9	Mixed clay
13	Afak	Center	24/um Al Toos 23/Kufaysha	1/1, ¼, 7/2,7/1, 7/4,7/5, 7/7,8,4, 8/1,8/5, 16/1,16 /2,16/3, 16,4, 16,5,16 ,6,20/1, 21,121, 2,22/1	4500	Agriculture	Available	Irrigation project	Suitable	Surface irrigation	529333 3554474	7.8	Mixed clay
<b>Total</b>			<b>27744 Dunam</b>										
<b>Number of opportunities</b>			<b>13</b>										

## Investment Opportunities in Diwaniyah Province/ Al Hamza District





## Investment Opportunities in Diwaniyah Province/ Efak District



## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Thi Qar Province for 2015<sup>10</sup>

Seq.	District	township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / Dunam	Type	Source of water	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Coordinates x Y	Analysis of soil	
											PH	soil Tissues
1	Chibaesh	Manar	10/Alboshama	1	1000	Agricultural	Underground water/ unsuitable	Unavailable	wells	3425089 677896	7.47	Mixed
2	Chibaesh	Manar	2/Khawema	1	300	Agricultural	Underground water/ unsuitable	Unavailable	wells	3426170/y 673460/x	7.05	Sandy Mixed
3	Shatra	Daweiya	4/ Hataman	7/7	1000	Agriculture	Irrigation project / unsuitable	Available	Surface irrigation	3492542 633624	7.64	Mixed sandy
4	Shatra	Daweiya	30/ Al  Ghadeen	11	5000	Agriculture	Irrigation project / unsuitable	Available	Surface irrigation	3492682 634281	70.74	Mixed sandy
5	Shatra	-	23/ Al Sadefa	6	300	Agricultural	underground waters		wells	-	7.03	Sandy Mixed

<sup>10</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Thi Qar No. 11783 in 02/06/2013



6	Shatra		12/ Al Hijia	157	2008	Agriculture	underground waters/ unsuitable		wells		7	Mixed sandy
7	Shatra		19/Al Kawaria	21, 20, 9,24,23,22	200	Agriculture	underground waters/ unsuitable		wells		7.59	Mixed sandy
8	Al Rifaee	Sukar Castle	20/ um Al Kata	9,12,3,10, 9,5,2	2000	Agriculture	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells	3532969 617434	7.6	Mixed clay and sand
9	Nasiriya	Center	8/ Al Hazim, 9 Salibiya, 48 Sakhriya	Part of 1	33000	Governmenta l medium fertility	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells	608038 3408705	7.1	mixed
10	Nasiriya	Nasir	16/ Southern Kar	Part of 1	10000	Governmenta l medium fertility	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells	581076 3468909	5.9	mixed
11	Sooq Al Sheyoukh	Sooq Al Sheyoukh	24/Algarta Algharbia	1	1500	governmenta l	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells	642800 3396700	4.9	Mixed Clay Alluvial

12	Sooq Al Sheyoukh	Sooq Al Sheyoukh	26/Algarta Alsharqia	1	1500	governmenta 1	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells	640908 3401110	6.8	Mixed Clay Alluvial
13	Sooq Al Sheyoukh	Sooq Al Sheyoukh	37/ Tel Al laham	1	600	Governmenta 1	Underground waters		wells	630312 3407000	7.2	Mixed
Total			58408 Dunam									
Number of opportunities			13									

## Investment Opportunities in Thi Qar Province/ Suq Alsheekh District





## Investment Opportunities in Thi Qar Province/ Al chibayesh District



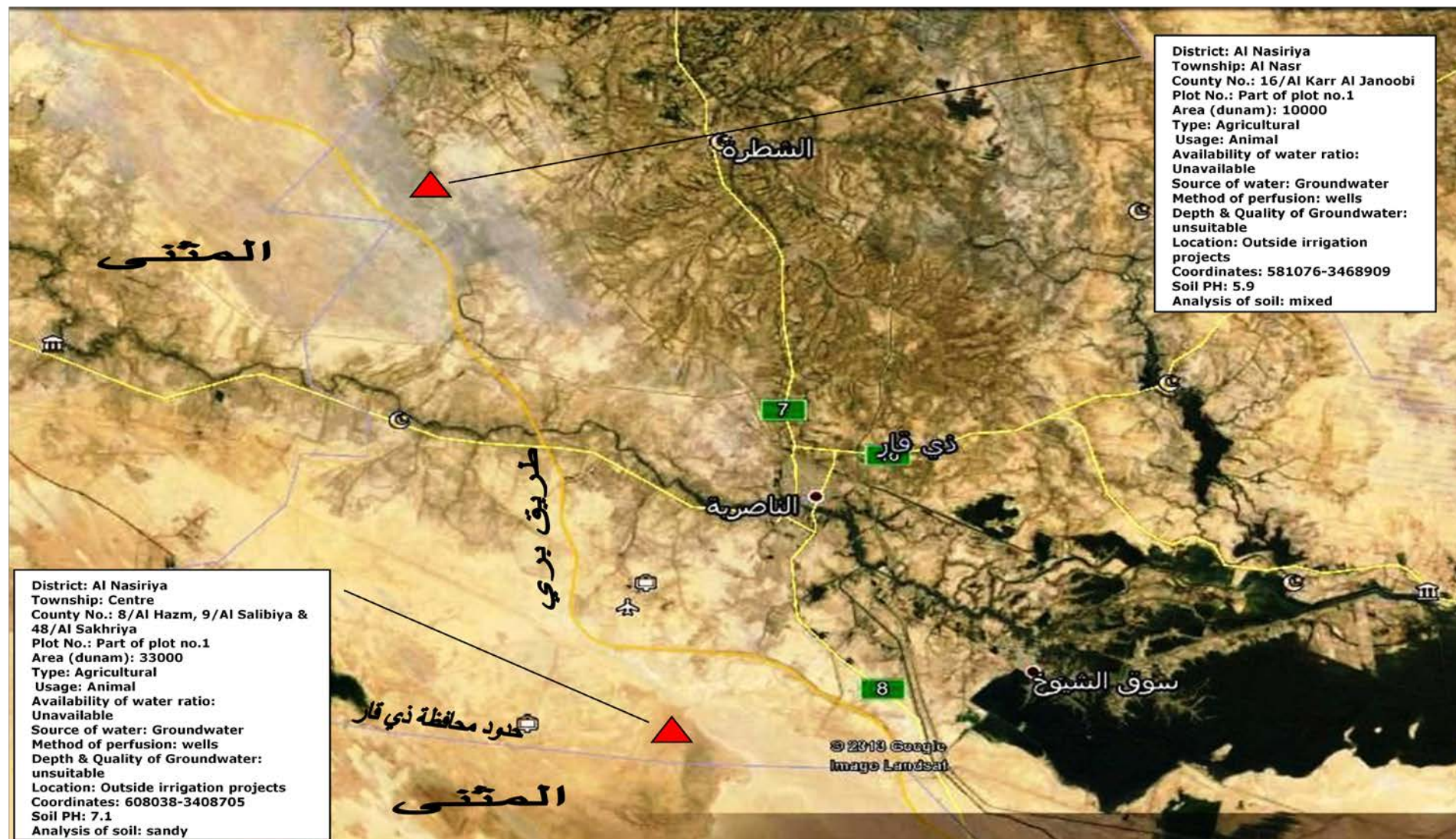


## Investment Opportunities in Thi Qar Province/ Al Shattrra District



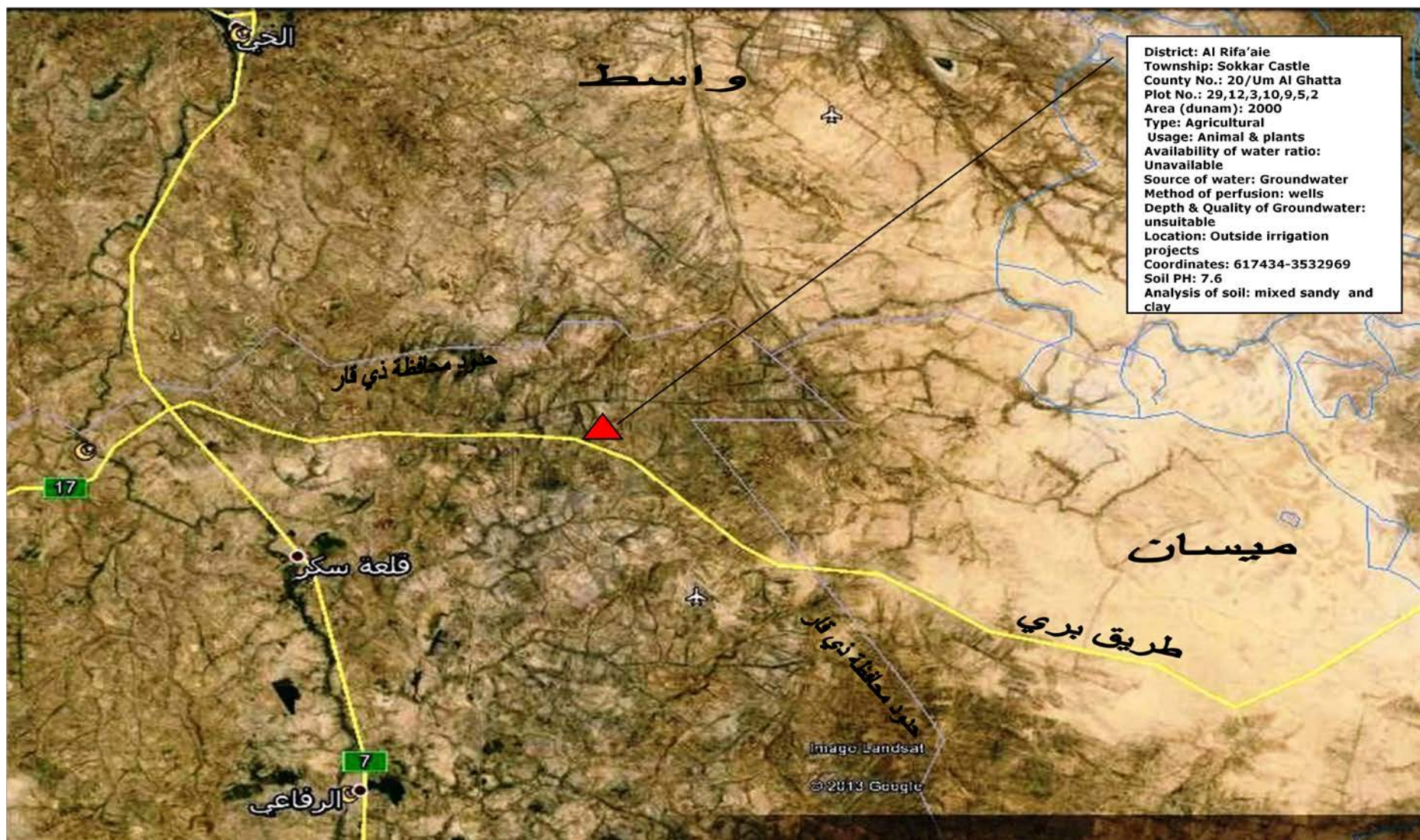


## Investment Opportunities in Thi Qar Province/ Al Nasiriya (Centre) District





## Investment Opportunities in Thi Qar Province/ Al Rifa'aei District



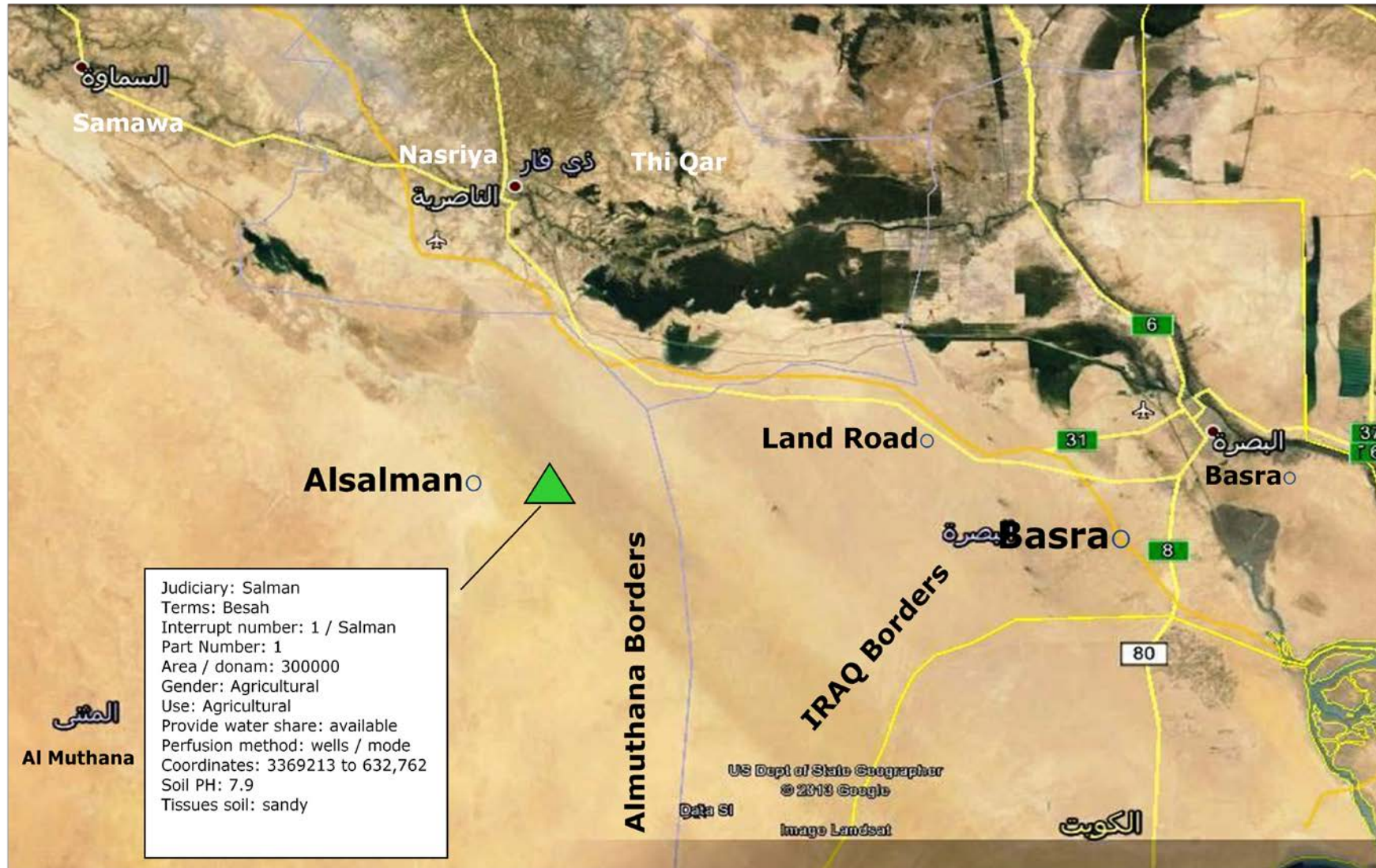
## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Muthanna Province for 2015 <sup>11</sup>

Seq.	District	township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / Dunam	Type	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Coordinates x y	Analysis of soil	
										PH	soil Tissues
1	Al Salman	Al Basea	1/Al Salman	1	300000	Agricultural	underground waters / suitable	wells	3369213/y 632762/x 3364181/y 657336/x 3339299/y 630858/x 3334313/y 655351/x	7.9	Sandy
<b>Total</b>					<b>300000 Dunam</b>						
<b>Number of opportunities</b>					<b>1</b>						

<sup>11</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Muthanna, No. 10858 in 13/8/2013



## Investment Opportunities in Muthana Province/Al-Salman District



## Predisposing land for agricultural investment in Maysan Province for 2015 <sup>12</sup>

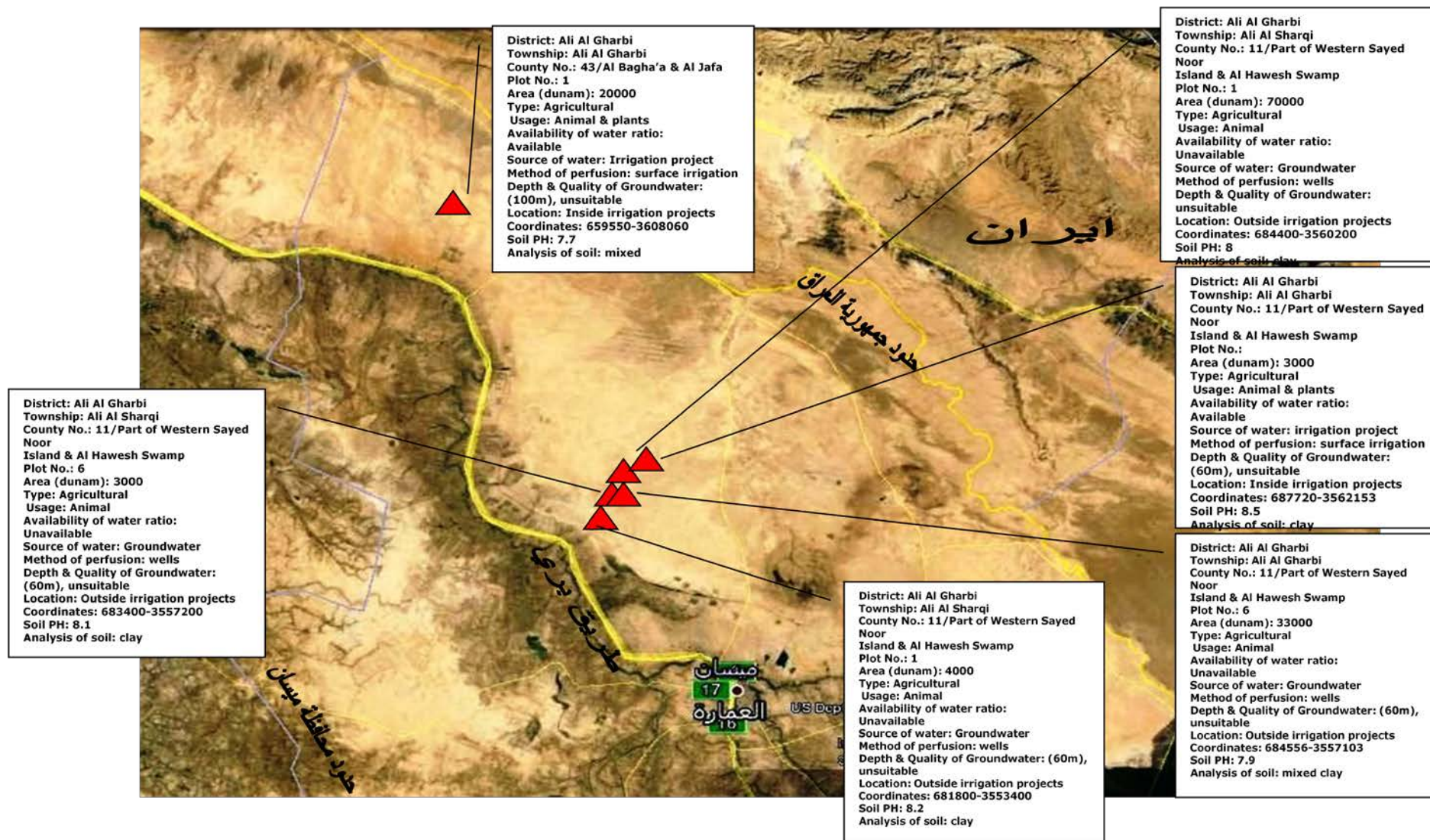
Seq.	District	township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / Dunam	Type	Source of water	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Depth of underground waters	Coordinate s x Y	Analysis of soil	
												PH	soil Tissues
1	Ali Algharbi	-	43/Albaka' & Aljafta	1	20000	governmental	irrigation waters/ unsuitable, rain	Available	surface irrigation	100 m	659550 3608060	7.7	Mixed
2	Ali Algharbi	Ali Alsharqi	11/Part of Western Sayed Noor Island & Al Hawesh Swamp	6	3000	governmental	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells	60 m	683400 3557200	8.1	Clay
3	Ali Algharbi	Ali Alsharqi	11/Part of Western Sayed Noor Island & Al Hawesh Swamp	1	4000	governmental	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells	60 m	681800 3553400	8.2	Clay
4	Ali Algharbi	Ali Alsharqi	11/Part of Western Sayed Noor Island & Al Hawesh Swamp	1	70000	governmental	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells	60 m	684400 3560200	8	Clay

<sup>12</sup> Book by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Maysan No. 12750 in 22/8/2013

5	Ali Algharbi	-	11/Part of Western Sayed Noor Island & Al Hawesh Swamp	-	3000	governmental	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells	60 m	687720 3562153	8.5	Clay
6	Ali Algharbi	-	11/Part of Western Sayed Noor Island & Al Hawesh Swamp	6	33000	governmental	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells	60 m	684556 3557103	7.9	Clay Mixed
7	Emmara Centre	Al msharah	13/ Al shabeba & Al mutasharat	1	10000	governmental	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells		724102 3534903	7.5	Clay Mixed
8	Emmara Centre	Al msharah	23/Alrasheda	1	20000	governmental	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells		739352 3530707	7.9	Clay Mixed
9	Emmara Centre	Al msharah	24/ Al Ghazila Swamp & Western Al Sanaf	1 & 2	10000	governmental	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells		732856 3526957	7.8	Clay Mixed
<b>Total</b>				70000 Dunam									
<b>Number of opportunities</b>				9									

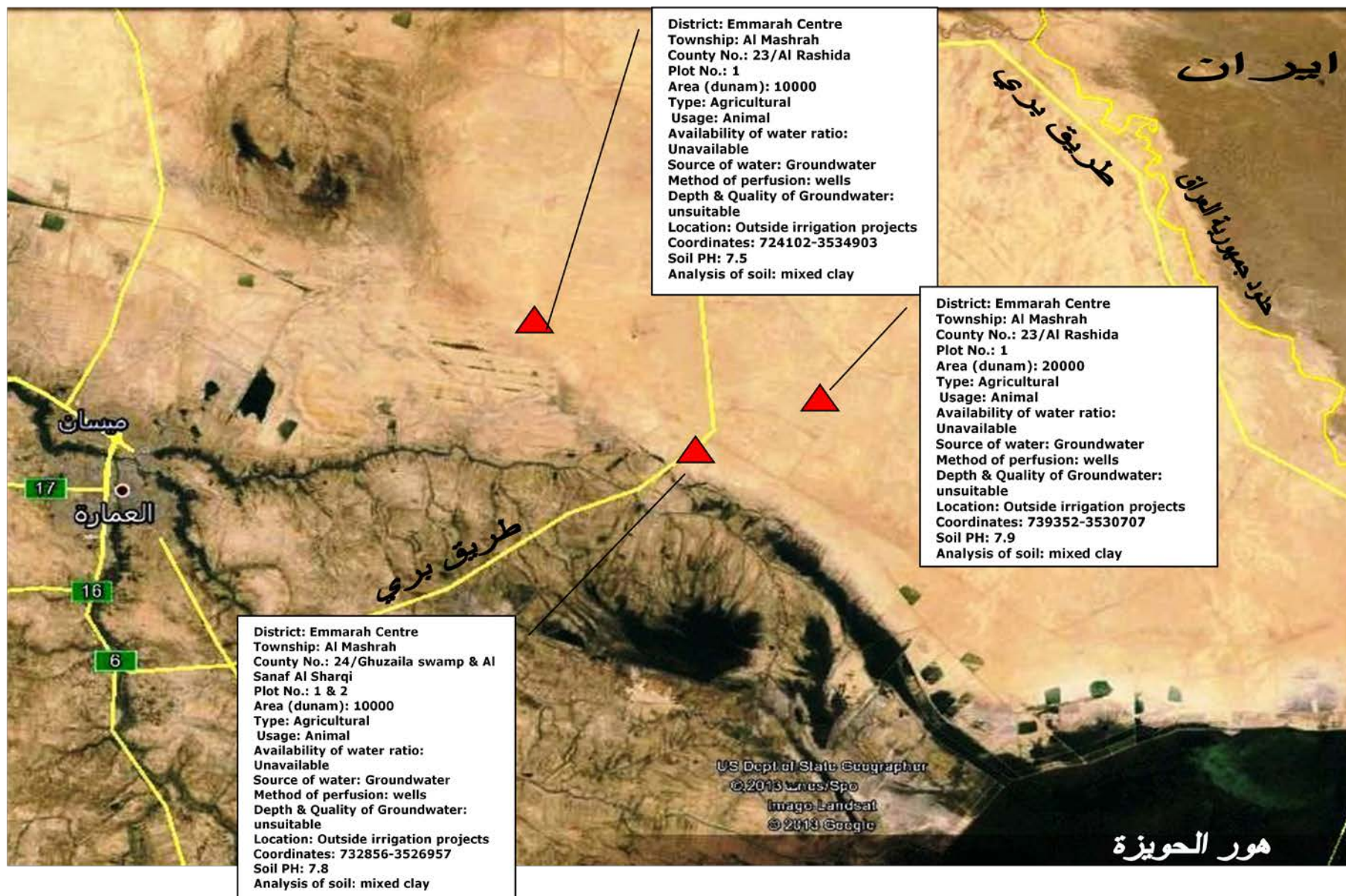


## Investment Opportunities in Maysan Province/ Ali Al-Gharbi District





## Investment Opportunities in Maysan Province/ Alemara Town Center



## Predisposing land for Agricultural Investment in Basrah Province for 2015 <sup>13</sup>

Seq	District	township	County No.	Plot No.	Area / Dunam	Type	source of water	Availability of water share	Method of perfusion	Depth of underground waters	Coordinate s x Y	Analysis of soil	
												PH	soil Tissues
1.	Al Zubair	-	25/south Badia	-	4422	Desert	underground waters / suitable	unavailable	wells	50 m	703708 3379751	-	Sandy
2.	Shat Al Arab	Nashwa	30 Ktaiban 26 Sabagh	1,1	10000	clay	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells		771432 3403304		clay
3.	Fao	Bihar	2/ kut khalifa	2/111	124	Implantable soil	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells		823269 3345942		clay
4.	Fao	Bihar	2/ kut khalifa	2/111	130	Implantable soil	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells		823735 3345244		clay
5.	Fao		1/ kut bander	2/14	107	Implantable soil	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells		8112318 3348468		clay

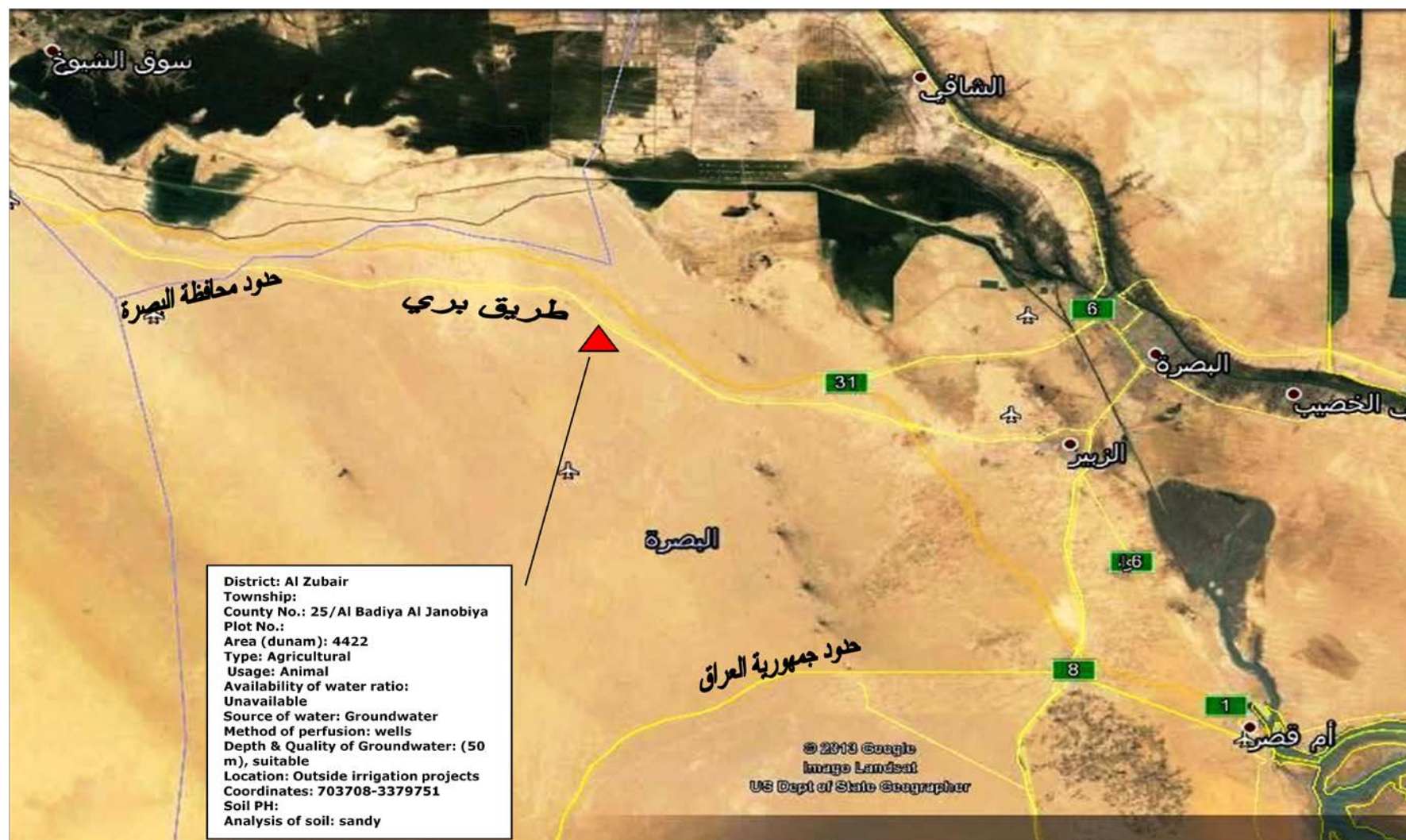
<sup>13</sup> letter by the Directorate of Agriculture in the province of Basra, No. 16454 in 28/12/2014

6.	Abo Al Khaseeb	Siba	19/Sabagh and Hor	2	5000	clay	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells		818321 3352000		Heavy clay
	Qurna	Qaim	59/hor Albo bekheet Shaghaniya	1	5000	clay	underground waters/ unsuitable	unavailable	wells		726872 3455466		Mixed clay
<b>Total</b>			<b>24783 Dunam</b>										
<b>Number of opportunities</b>			<b>7</b>										

- Available investment opportunities in Iraqi fish and sea hunting project to provide river fishes alternatives by using regional waters. Area of the project is 48 dunam in Al Mimara/ Fao/ Basra plot 10/116/district 5  
According to MoA / Planning and Follow up office/ letter no. 4376 dated in 9/2/2015

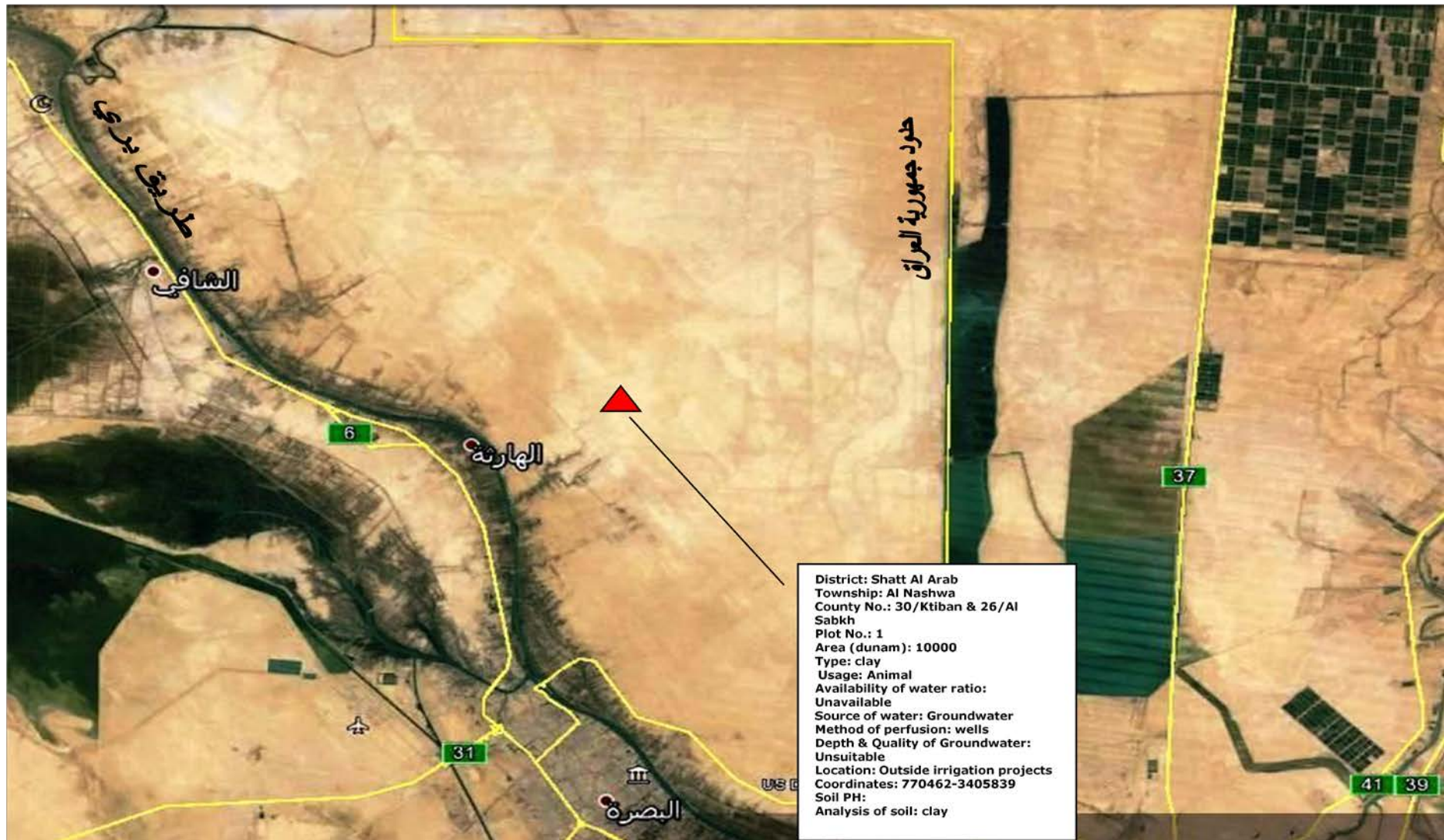


## Investment Opportunities in Basra Province/Al zubair District





## Investment Opportunities in Basra Province/Shatt Al Arab District





## Investment Opportunities in Basra Province/Al Fao District





## Investment Opportunities in Basra Province/Abo Al Khaseeb District





## Investment Opportunities in Basra Province/Al Qurna District

